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An Essay On The Appreciation Of Greek Coins

By HARRY J. STEIN
New York City

(Read at a recent meeting of the Bronx Coin Club.)

Following the defeat of the Persians, the Athenians set themselves to the task of restoring the splendor of their city. The temples, which were the habitations of the gods, had to be rebuilt to repay the debt of gratitude due them for ordaining the defeat of the enemy. So great was the victory that any stint in homage would be ingratitude. Pericles, the great Athenian leader, conceived the importance of constructing the new temples on a grand scale. They were to be noble architectural achievements worthy of the great gods to whom the Athenians owed the blessings of victory.

The eternal monument to this ambition is the Parthenon, or the temple of Athena Parthenos, which through the ages had been universally regarded as mankind's greatest artistic achievement. Although it was completed in B. C. 438, nearly 2,400 years ago, its noble lines and simple symmetrical beauty have never been surpassed. Under the patronage of the state, Athenians attained the loftiest heights in all developments of artistic endeavor. The philosophy of Socrates and Plato and the sculpture of Phidias, Praxiteles and others proclaim the enduring glory of Greece.

In that great age (it was called the Golden Age) the appreciation of art was more widespread among the citizens of Athens than it is today in any community or country. The populace seems to have been endowed with an instinctive appreciation of rhythmic form. Just as in music rhythm is the cadent grouping or flow of tones which move men emotionally, so in the visible arts as architecture, sculpture, and painting, rhythm is that flow of coordinated lines which generates in us the same emotions as are more commonly aroused by music. Rhythm is the fundamental upon which all the arts are based.

Picture yourself on a country road. There is a rambling farmhouse, each wing blending into the next, the whole forming a symmetrical, balanced, peaceful scene. Next to it, in the same surroundings, there is another house that has had a wing added that clashes with the design of the main

house. Without any conscious thought of rhythm, the first house attracts you and gives you a pleasing feeling. The second house, because it is incongruous, is repelling. It is rhythm that gave you the pleasant reaction to the first house, and the lack of it that repelled you in the second. It is the lines of rhythm along which your eyes are carried from one part of the scene to the others. The more orderly and graceful they are, the easier and more agreeable it is for your eyes to follow their flow. Every man, whether he realizes it or not, is subject to the stimulation of rhythm, though some men have keener sensibilities than others.

To the Greeks, the gods were eternal, and their power coextensive with the universe. They were conceived as being human in form, but without any of the defects of the human race. Since they were human in form, but with none of the defects of humans, they were held to be perfect. It followed logically. Because they were eternal, they were not subject to man's caprices and transitory expressions.

During the few preceding decades the Greeks had learned the laws of perspective and representation. They overcame the tradition of frontality, the method of representation by which objects viewed from the side had characteristics as though viewed from the front. They also learned surface anatomy and how to apply their knowledge to their work. Their sense of rhythm, symmetry and balance had become keenly sensitive. They were now ready to express in sculpture the perfections of physical form attributed to their gods. Their statues were not to be after any individualized human model, but were to be the embodiment of their conception of the ideal man and the ideal woman, physically perfect in every way. Whether the subject was in action or at rest, they were perfectly balanced and poised. In action, no matter what they were doing, there was no sign of mental or physical strain, for the gods were above the vagaries of passing human feelings and their attending bodily expressions. They were serene and passionless. (Immediately after reaching this zenith in sculpture, the Greeks extended their art to make statues of others than gods, but they were still guided by the same quest for physical perfection.)

Not to spend too much time an generalities, let us apply these observations to coins. A few illustrations, I believe, will show how this great art is reflected in the coinage of the era.

Reverse of Stater of Heraclea (Enlarged).
Specimen from British Museum Collection.

Here is a stater of Heraclea, a Greek city in southern Italy. The reverse of the coin shows Herakles contending with the Nemean lion. First let us isolate the lines of rhythm. The coin is round and the entire design is in conformity with the space it must fill. Everything on the coin is confined within the circle. Just start a line at the top, trace it around the legend on the right to the lion's tail, to the feet of Herakles, to the club, to the left-hand part of the legend, and back to the point of beginning. You have just described a circle. But that is not all. Follow the arch of the lion's back, project it beyond his body in the same arc, and you will complete a circle around the left hind leg. There are parallel rhythms—the line of Herakles' left foot runs parallel to the line of his right arm. There are also other rhythms which I leave you to isolate for yourselves. Each part of the coin is in perfect relation and proportion to each other. The lines of

rhythm conduct your eyes with ease from the general outline to the more specific parts of the picture to which the artist desired to call your attention. (This is one of the functions of lines of rhythm.) Note the ease with which your eyes are drawn to the lion's head, which is set between the parallel lines of the arm and leg, which act as tracks to conduct your focus from one point to another. I dare say that if either leg, for instance, was at a different angle it would not only throw the picture off balance, but the comprehension of the whole would require additional conscious effort, and hence would be less agreeable.

So much for rhythm. What about the story? Herakles was the superhuman hero to whom was attributed boundless strength. He is strangling a lion, yet he shows no sign of effort, strain or worry. There is not a suggestion that his muscles are being taxed. It would have been unthinkable for the Greeks to show this all-powerful hero in the slightest distress. Even in combat he is serene. The artist gives his conception greater emphasis, for the lion's face shows the pangs of his imminent doom under the vise-like grip of the limitless strength of Herakles.

Another illustration—the renowned dekadrachm of Syracuse by the artist Euainetos: Obverse, Persephone; reverse, a quadriga. Who was Persephone? What did she mean to the Syracusans? Before we can appraise the artist's work we must first find out what thoughts she conjured up in the minds of the Syracusans. They knew in their daily life what she meant because she was part of their religion. But their religion is dead to us, so we must first go to our books to find out. From our handbook on mythology we learn that Zeus, the father of the gods, advised Pluto, king of the underworld, who was in love with the beautiful Persephone, to abduct her to Hades and make her his wife and queen, as her mother Demeter would probably object to a marriage. Pluto seized her while she was gathering flowers with Artemis and Athena, and carried her off. The place where she was seized was believed by Sicilians to have been the meadows near Enna, and the spot where they descended to Hades, a well in Cyane, both towns being located very near Syracuse. Hence, the local interest in the goddess.

When Demeter learned her daughter had disappeared she searched all over the world for her. When she found where she was, her anger obliged Zeus to request Pluto to send her back. An arrangement was made that she spend half the year in Hades with Pluto and half with the gods above. Thus she became the symbol of vegetation which issues forth from the earth in spring and summer and is sealed below the earth in fall and winter. She is the goddess of nature having dominion over the life and death of all things.

Dekadrachm of Syracuse.
By Euainetos.

Now let us see what the artist did with her. First there is the consideration of the perfection of human form, in this instance the face. Note some of its rhythms. A straight line from the forelock drops vertically to the bridge of the nose, to the lips and then to the chin. The ear pendant and also the line of the back of the neck balance the vertical line of the profile. Each lock of hair is part of a beautiful rhythm having perfect relation to the whole. To test the balance, visualize the pendant removed, and I think you will feel that something is missing. The dolphins are so placed as to complete the remarkable proportion of the circular design on a circular coin. The symmetry is geometrically harmonious and consummately balanced. This sense of balance was probably instinctive with the Greeks of this age.

Persephone was the goddess of the seasons and vegetation. These attributes are symbolized by the ear of corn in her hair so luxuriant that that also may be regarded as having the same implication. She was young and beautiful, and hence she has an appearance of youthful feminine freshness, but as a queen she is somewhat regal and aloof. Since her dominion was in Hades, and having power over life and death, she shows no lightheartedness, but is as stern and austere as one would expect the queen of the underworld to be. Some critics have said she is too plump, but would you expect the symbol of fruitfulness to be lean? Her fleshiness is restrained and does not render her ungainly. It reveals that the Syracusans invoked her aid to send them abundant crops. All in all, Persephone on the coin is not a beauty of the Hollywood movie queen type, but that type of prettiness was not the artist's purpose. The emotional appeal is different. Our Persephone is just a forthright representation of the abstract qualities intended to be personified in the portrait. Because of the artist's success in attaining this purpose, critics have regarded the coin as a great work of art. Now, the plain modelling of a head can be done by any competent coin engraver, but to make cold metal impart to you a feeling for definite abstract qualities requires genius.

These coins were struck for the Assinarian games, held each year to celebrate the great victory of Syracuse over Athens. Victory is crowning the driver of the winning chariot who is pulling the horses to a halt. The armor, the prize of the victor, is in the exergue. The artist, like a photographer, has caught the horses rearing and sliding to check their momentum. They have just won a great race, and in the intensity of their action there is no sign of exertion or fatigue. Indeed, they have finished as fresh as when they started. That is in accordance with the artistic tradition of the era. Note how the entire scene is constructed in parallel rhythms.

The subject I have just broached to you is one upon which even a reticent man could write extensively without taxing himself. In these few moments I could only give you an inkling of what is involved. If there is just one man in this room who will leave tonight knowing just a little more of this important coinage than when he came in (and knowledge is appreciation), that alone will repay the effort to cram as much as possible into these few paragraphs, yet retain, I hope, some clarity.

Just a word of caution before closing—don't think that all Greek coins of this era are such great masterpieces. There are good, mediocre and bad artists in every era, and the Golden Age of which I speak had a goodly share of mediocre and bad ones. Each coin must stand on its own merits.

William Henry Harrison: —Old Tippecanoe

By F. C. C. BOYD
New York City

(A paper read before a recent meeting of the New York Numismatic Club.)

Just before the Revolution on February 9, 1773, William Henry Harrison was born at Berkely, Va., into a family where his father, Benjamin Harrison, and four other Benjamin Harrisons before him had served the State in prominence politically and gained enviable wealth and position. His early schooling was much as any lad in his circumstances until 1787, when he went to study medicine at Hampden-Sidney College, in Prince Edward County. His sympathies with the downtrodden were aroused by Abolitionists and Quakers, and his father was forced to change his school at various times. At the death of his father in 1791 William Henry was bequeathed 3000 acres, but left without funds to continue his schooling. In order to earn his living he consulted Governor Richard Henry Lee, who advised the army, and soon obtained a commission for him from President Washington. Friends and advisers were horrified at the departure of the youth reared to wealth and slaves for the lands where hostile Indians were making trouble for the Federal Government.

His early military career was brief and, after a runaway marriage, he followed a political career which led to the Governorship of Indiana for

eight years. In 1806 his commission was renewed by Thomas Jefferson and he followed his political career by his continued interest in Indian affairs, important to the growing State of Indiana, and gained a reputation of being friendly to the Indian, so that chiefs who did not want their peoples annihilated made treaties with the whites under his guidance.

Outstanding among the chiefs who would not let their people surrender and united other tribes to fight was the great Tecumseh. Councils between him and Harrison were of no avail; he refused to make peace, declaring that the white men had encroached too far into Indian land and must go back. Tecumseh withdrew and made preparations for what was to be finally known as the great battle of Tippecanoe in November of 1811. The Indians were routed and Harrison's glory seemed supreme, but he was to engage with Tecumseh in a future battle before the Indians' final defeat.

In 1814 he resigned from the army and returned to his family. He had made no money out of the wars and his salary as General was hardly sufficient for his family. Thus it was that he could not afford the usual brick mansion of one of his social position and background, but 16 miles from Cincinnati was an old cabin which he purchased. The logs he covered with clapboards and added two spacious wings to either side, making a house of 16 comfortable rooms, necessitated by his large family and other dependents. The original log cabin remained the large living room and soon the home became known as "the Log Cabin," and a famed rendezvous for "emigrants, tourists, travelers and gentlemen from the East," because of the innate kindness and hospitality of its owner. Although retired, he was called upon to negotiate a final peace treaty with the nine remaining hostile Indian tribes, and in August, 1815, the tomahawk was buried by these nine nations, along with that of the four who had been friendly for some time. That same year he went into Congress, and in July, 1828, he started his term as Minister to Colombia, returning from there in 1831 to follow entirely a political career. During one of his financial depressions, described as "being poor now, with numerous family, and neglected by the Federal Government because he has the independence to think for himself," he was appointed Clerk of the Cincinnati Court of Common Pleas, a humble office but carrying a good salary. Soon after this, although it was 22 months before the 1836 election, he was spoken of as being Presidential timber.

In those next months he campaigned with great success throughout the Middle West and South, and it was thought that he would be the successful candidate, but his almost indifference to the anti-Masons, who were powerful and rabid in their determination to stamp out Masonry, split the party and the election of 1836 went to the Democratic Martin Van Buren.

Almost immediately the new campaign was begun, this time to make the Whig party successful in 1840 and unite all Whigs under the Harrison banner. He was proclaimed the People's President, a common man who loved humanity, a brilliant general who would bring in the entire soldier vote, including the sons and grandsons of the men who had followed him into battle, despite the savage attacks by the opposition on his military career. Spring of 1839 began a frenzy of campaigning, and he was greeted by cannons, fireworks and whistles by land and by water wherever he traveled. Noting these triumphant receptions, Daniel Webster withdrew from the fray and threw his followers to Harrison, and Thaddeus Stevens likewise took up the banner of the General.

In reply to demands by party men, mostly anti-Masons, Harrison ignored the latter controversy and made out his platform for 1840, which read:

1. Confine his service to a single term.
2. Disclaim all right of control over the public treasury.
3. Eschew any attempt to influence the elections.
4. Exercise due regard for laws passed by representatives of the people and, within specified limitations, limit his exercise of the veto power.
5. Never suffer the influence of his office to be used for partisan purposes.
6. If requested, he would furnish to the Senate his reasons for removals from office.
7. Never suffer the Executive "to become the source of legislation" (expunging resolution).

To Thurlow Weed goes the credit for drawing popular opinion from President Van Buren. He also began the campaign that brought doubts to the Whigs who were sponsoring Clay in opposition to General Harrison. When

Daniel Webster withdrew from the race finally in December of 1839, Thurlow Weed decided it was time to throw in his own favorite, Winfield Scott, and go over entirely to General Harrison, the Hero of Tippecanoe. Weed then decided that Clay should have the Vice-Presidency, but was overruled by the popularity of John Tyler, of Virginia. Naming Harrison as the most likely candidate brought a mixed reception from the Whigs who controlled votes, some of whom had their own favorites, but all promised, despite their disappointment engendered by the abandonment of Clay, that they would work for Harrison and not split the party. Abraham Lincoln, of Illinois, a Harrison man from the start, announced that the "nomination was taking first rate among the grocery sort of Van Buren men." Horace Greeley came over whole-heartedly to Harrison's side and the General's own district rejoiced at his selection.

It was in this campaign that the log cabin motif was introduced. It "originated in the remark of a Clay partisan at Harrisburg, who said, "Give him a barrel of hard cider and a pension of two thousand a year. . . he will sit the remainder of his days in a log cabin. . . and study moral psychology." Although it began as a derisive attack, the West was proud of its log cabins and its hardships, and above all it wanted a man of the people, for the people, and not the man in office, Van Buren, who sought to keep the class-consciousness of England and only the upper classes on top. Even though it was pointed out continuously by the Democrats that Harrison was not a poor man, had never been a poor man, had been brought up to an easy life and with slaves of his own, had never lived in a real log cabin, that it was a fraud and falsehood being perpetrated on the people—they clung to their slogan. . . and their candidate.

Again his state of health was being used in a whispering campaign against him because he had a committee of three who took care of his correspondence (he averaged 24 letters a day) and newspaper statements. And when Dr. Daniel Drake, eminent Cincinnati physician, was questioned, he wrote for publication: "I have been surprised at the. . . vivacity and almost youthfulness of feelings. . . His intellect is unimpaired. Bodily vigor as good as that of most men of his age. Subject to no disease, but periodic headache. . ."

Campaign Medalets of a Hundred Years Ago.

These are typical of the numerous issues of the Harrison Campaign of 1840.

Log cabins and cider presses became the lively background of the campaign, and the people took him to their hearts, which touched the General who had sorrowed over the renewed attacks on his military career. At the height of the campaign on June 9 his son Benjamin, the trial and blacksheep of the family, died after a long illness, and soon after his wife, Anna, became seriously ill and General Harrison stayed home for a month to be with her. But Whig orators continued to stump the country and log cabin and cider

slogans raged more powerfully than ever. Log cabins with live coons on their roofs sprang up all over; staid farmers hung cider barrels round their necks; twin babies and animals were named Tip and Ty; sunbonnets were called log cabins, and china had log cabins glazed on it; and there were log cabin pins in brass and other metals, sometimes with the cabin under glass, and log cabin medals and buttons. Songs burst forth and Van Buren speakers were silenced by endless singing. It was a campaign of joyful slogans and song. At this time, too, "an illiterate return of a Whig victory bore the words 'Oll Korrect,' " and the campaigners took it up immediately, shortening the bad spelling to "O. K."

In July, after his wife's recovery, Harrison took up his own campaigning and again slanderous attacks on his health and military career were renewed with added venom. In the September election in Maine was forecast the way things would be in November, and although the race was close the Whigs carried the State and the party breathed easier. The forecast proved true and on November 2, 1840 General William Henry Harrison was made President of the United States by the people who believed in him. Mrs. Harrison's reception of the news of his election was almost prophetic. "I wish," she said, "that my husband's friends had left him where he is, happy and contented in retirement."

There followed in the months between the election and his taking oath of office the inevitable hounding by officeseekers and baiting by opposing Senators and Congressmen, demands by those who persisted in believing that he owed them favors. His inaugural address was long and involved, and contained a reference to the slavery question that he was not and never had been an Abolitionist, although he had been warned by his party not to mention this subject. Chief Justice Taney administered the oath of office that March 4th of 1841 and he attended the usual receptions in the afternoon and evening, although he shook hands with few persons. On March 27 he caught a bad cold after walking in the rain, and after being in bed a week seemed to feel much better. A relapse quickly followed, and on April 3 he was given up by his physicians, and on April 4 he died. The attending physician, Dr. N. W. Worthington, caught his last words: "Sir, I wish you to understand the true principles of the Government. I wish them carried out. I ask nothing more."

Much of the information contained in this paper was material from the biography written by Mr. Freeman Cleaves, and I would suggest to the members interested in William Henry Harrison as President that they read this biography.

Razor Money

By MABEL LORENZ IVES
Upper Montclair, N. J.

Prepared with aid from the Librarian of the American Numismatic Society, New York City, and from the Ethnology Department of the Smithsonian in Washington, D. C.

Razor money is one of the most curious forms that coinage takes. Today tribesmen in primitive parts of the world make their primitive money in a variety of odd and entertaining shapes—the trade dollar in its most elementary form. Pygmies in Dutch New Guinea chip and polish stone knife blades for coin. The Nagas of India have their spear money; the Shan States their canoe-shaped currency; hinterlands of Burma use snail shells of silver, and in West Africa, Angola has its copper-cross money, while men of the Gaboon region trade with packets of tiny iron razors bound up in reeds. But the Chinese, 2500 years ago or longer, not only developed their so-called razor currency but cast it with inscriptions on both sides. It seems to have been more than a token—definite coin of the realm.

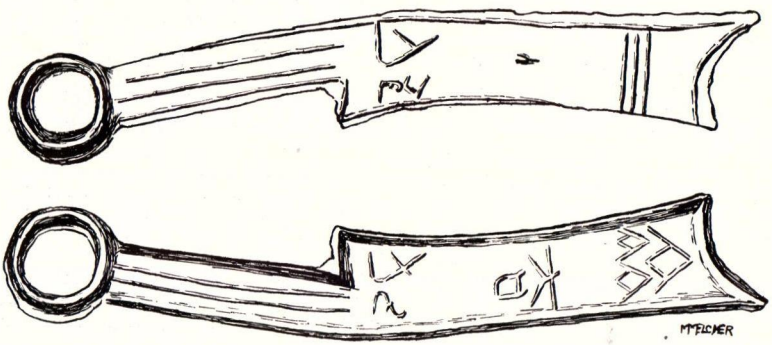
Primitive trading always begins with barter. You take your time to turn out a knife of iron and sharpen it to a keen cutting edge. Someone who

wants it for a razor will give you in return whatever you need, a nice fat pig, perhaps, or some hens. His old razor he may trade off to someone else for a hen or two less. We have barter today whenever a housewife trades in her eggs at the store for groceries and dry goods, or when a barrel of apples and a ham buy music lessons.

The next forward step is to make a fair copy of this razor in an easier metal to handle than wrought iron—cast it in bronze. And since this is purely for exchange and not for use, it will not need the sharpened cutting edge. It is now a symbol of the original razor that was valued for its keenness, and it is worth as much in trade as the original razor.

A further step from knife to official coinage comes when it is inscribed with its trade value and with the name of the man who authorized it—emperor, nobleman, governor or trade guild—and perhaps also with the place where it was minted.

The razor in our own collection shows on one side that it is from the Shantung region, the ancient Ts'i, and on the other side the three strokes for the number 3 and the globule for 10. It dates from as early as the Chou Dynasty, before the year 522 before Christ, and it is probably so well preserved because buried for safety centuries ago or laid to rest in some grave and not unearthed by the spade till yesterday. Though still shaped like the razor used for shaving the hair, it seems to have been an authorized medium of exchange inscribed with its value, once passed from hand to hand as current coin.



Chinese Razor Coin, Chou Dynasty: Before 522 B. C.

Bronze. No cutting edge after this became established token coinage. Lines on handle to give better grip to the original razor when shaving—a residual design.

One side shows trade value—three lines indicate 3, globule 10, and two characters near handle "exchange."

The other side shows provenance—character like three A's stands for the kingdom of Ts'i, the ancient Shantung (razor money seems to have originated there), the whole inscription indicating "currency of Ts'i." This side has high rather sharp ridge around edge of blade.

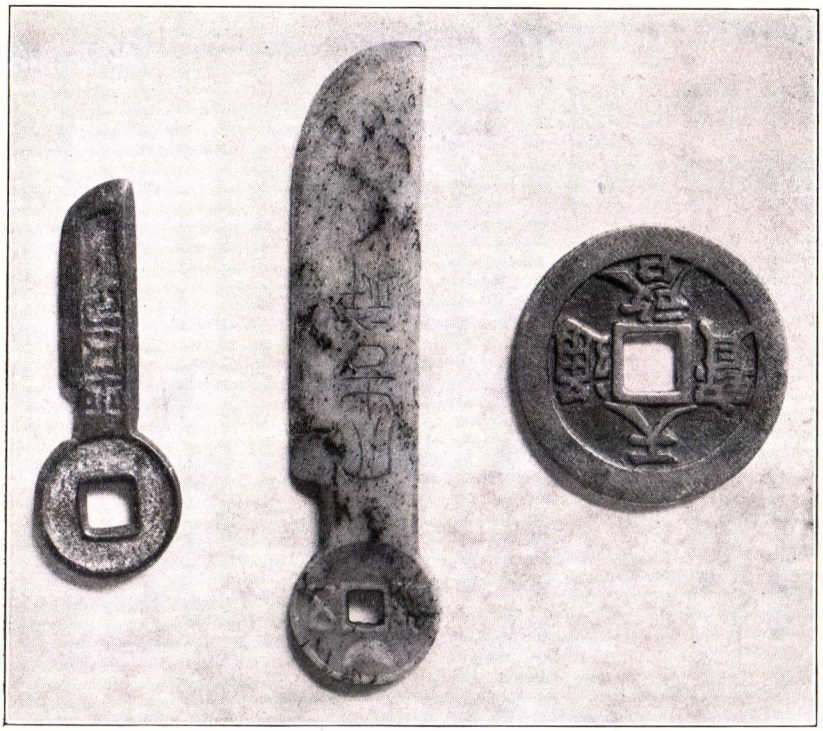
—From the Herbert E. Ives Collection.

Three coinage dates for China are fixed not by fact but by popular tradition. In the seventh century before Christ it was claimed that the first man to cast metallic money for the convenience of his people was the great emperor Yü twelve centuries earlier. In 1032 B. C. certain rules for currency were laid down by Tai Kung of Ts'i, a statesman sage, who decreed that metal coins should be exchanged by weight. A thin dime, he said in effect, should not have the purchasing power of a full-weight dime. On the eve of a campaign in the year 650 B. C. Duke Hwan of Ts'i, to put heart into his men, gave them permission to use their razors for barter, according to a writer five centuries later. They were even yet, he said, cast in the same mold, though through successive copyings by ignorant hands, the old-fashioned script on them had grown hard to follow.

Then Chinese history records that in 135 B. C. private persons were forbidden any longer to coin their own money. It was now the privilege of the state. The five-chu piece put out by the great Han emperor Wu Ti re-

mained the coin of China for eight centuries, until a usurper, Wang Mang, in the time of Christ, rallied the people to his side with promises of a return to the peace and plenty of the good old days, and for a while revived spade and razor money in modified form. The blade, for one thing, was now shorter, while the ring handle became a flattened circle showing the central square hole that became typical of Chinese coinage for centuries since.

Now a coin is usually defined as "a piece of metal stamped with some mark or inscription showing by whose authority its purity and weight are guaranteed." But when these later Chinese wanted a higher denomination of this razor money, they did not try to cast it in a more valuable metal, in silver or gold. What might coincide with our ten-dollar gold piece they



Three Stages of Evolution.

Razor money in bronze as our standard of value, razor money in jade for higher denominations, and the round square-holed "cash" from the handle for petty cash.

carved from jade, delicately inscribing its value on blade or handle. Since jade is more prized by the Chinese than precious metals, a jade flute might correspond to a gold flute studded with diamonds, and a jade razor coin, if the jade were of high quality, might even correspond to a fifty-dollar gold piece, though money values are always hard to work out.

Some hold that the Chinese "cash" with its square hole in the center evolved from the razor handle of Wang Mang's time; that he did away with the blade when he wanted "small change" and wanted it compact and convenient. If so, we have then three stages in evolution: Razor money in bronze as our standard of value, razor money in jade for higher denominations, and the round square-holed "cash" from the handle for petty cash.

But the whole history of Chinese coinage is yet to be worked out, in the light of recent and coming work by archaeologists—the age and value of spade money, razor money, lily-root money, bridge money, bell money and

the more modern "cash," as well as coin with such quaint names as ant noses, dove's eyes and unsinkable lads. It has been also suggested that these knife-like objects popularly called razor money may not be coins at all but rather ceremonial wands or emblems of office. It is a field that invites exploring. Yet the fact that so many of these blades still show numerical values and place names, while some are inscribed with the symbol for exchange and a few with the name of a merchant guild, points as forcefully in the opposite direction. If so, Chinese razor money, however hard to pocket, holds a unique place among the coinages of the world.

Coins Of More Than Usual Interest

By DAVID M. BULLOWA
New York City

A SERIES: IV—The Greek Phoenix

Count Johannes Antonio Capo D'Istria was elected by the Greek National Assembly in 1827 to be the first President of the Republic.

Following the Battle of Navarino, Capo D'Istria arrived in Greece in 1828, having been brought by a British battleship. The Greek Republic was one of the results of the disintegration of the Turkish Empire. Lord Byron had been an interested friend for the cause of the Greek people.

Capo D'Istria had an unusual career. He was born in Corfu in 1776 of a noble family. He rose in power, and was employed by the Russian court in the Ministry for Foreign Affairs, because of his intimate knowledge of Balkan problems. He was a friend of Czar Alexander I, and was present at the Congress of Vienna in 1815. Because of the conflict of Russian and British aims in Greece, the election of Capo D'Istria to the Governorship was really a victory for the Russian supporters, but the British cooperated none the less since their representative was also to remain in Greece.

In 1828 a number of interesting coins were struck. The coins were struck in Aegina, on an old coining press which had previously been used by the Knights of Malta.

Most unusual of the coins is the Phoenix, a silver coin showing upon the obverse the deathless bird, claimed to have the power to arise from its own ashes. It is shown arising, with a ray of light shining from the left, indicating the source of new national vitality for Greece. Above is a small cross. The inscription reads: "State of Greece—1821." The date refers to the earliest national reawakening in Greece in the nineteenth century, the beginning of the Greek War for Independence. The reverse shows the value, "1 Phoenix," within an oak and laurel wreath. The inscription reads: "Governor J. A. Capodistrias," with the date "1828" in the exergue. The edge is reeded.

Other denominations in this series include the copper 1, 5, 10 and 20 lepta coins. The phoenix was the equivalent of 100 lepta.

Capo D'Istria, despite his experience and his ability, was unable to keep the turbulent nation under his control. His manners of the Russian court, and his attempt to fully Westernize in a brief span a people that had been subject to Oriental influence for many years, met with much resistance

from local chiefs. In 1830 insurrection broke out, which could not be put down, despite the Russian assistance which Capo D'Istria requested.

A year later, following an interview with Petrobey, a chieftain of one of the mountain clans, who had been active in the early years of the War for Independence, and who fancied that Capo D'Istria had insulted him, was the immediate cause of his death. The word was passed, and Petrobey's sons assassinated Capo D'Istria at the door of a church, to avenge their father.

In the following year the Greek Assembly elected a Bavarian Prince to rule over them.

P. C. N. S. Anniversary

Greetings By FARRAN ZERBE

(Read at the Pacific Coast Numismatic Society's Twenty-Fifth Anniversary, June 29, 1940).

How time flies! I had no thought of the P. C. N. S. being twenty-five years old until some weeks ago the information came to me from Roy Hill with a super-urge to be present for the celebration, and a follow-up from Harvey Hansen.

The surprise to me brought uppermost a down deep sentiment to be with you, as there are many appreciated memories of friendships and favors. Most of the early prized friendships are no more for earthly greeting—Fred Huddart and Leland Steinman, your first president and secretary, who efficiently served to the end of their days; there was Charles B. Turrill, who came into the picture later and enthusiastically served to the last; Ernest Wernstrom, a newcomer, became an enthusiastic leader, particularly with his Juniors, and passed on in the midst of it; and there was Ellis Block, whose souvenir emporium in downtown Market Street was a welcoming get-together place for some of the coin bugs, and there were other fine sociable conferees who now are no more.

I am actuated to recite leads to our organization which I do not believe are of record. It is easier to do it with some personal references; it causes me to feel more as if I were present spouting to you. My first visit to San Francisco was during the early part of 1905. I was on my way for return to St. Louis, from where I had distributed the Louisiana Purchase Exposition gold dollars, 1904, to make ready to move my money exhibition to Portland, Oregon, having made arrangements on the trip to conduct the sale of the Lewis and Clark gold dollars during the Portland Exposition of 1905.

During my visit I endeavored to contact the few A. N. A. members in the Bay district. There were Greeny, Reimers, Twitchell, Dr. Bennett and others. Closing my work in Portland, I came to San Francisco in early April 1906.

I contacted the foreign money brokers on Montgomery Street, Neville on Market, and loafed in the coin shop of "Billy" Smith. J. C. Lighthouse, of Rochester, New York, who had a notable collection, had recently located in San Francisco. By Lighthouse's introduction I made a friend of Ernest Hacquette, a jolly Frenchman, who had a noted art buffet on Post street, as I remember. Lighthouse kept his collection in a trunk at Hacquette's place and referred to its importance by stating it weighed almost six hundred pounds, over which I always smiled. I had with me several "slugs" and other interesting gold coins which on Hacquette's request I loaned to him for exhibit purposes. I remember purchasing an uncirculated D. O. Mills & Company $5 National Gold Bank note from a broker, and several hundred Japanese tempos, all he had, from "Billy" Smith for a later pick-up.

Delighted with contacts and the generally friendly and progressive local spirit, I was giving serious consideration to remaining permanently until that great jolt of nature in the early morning of April 18, 1906. At 5.14

A. M. I was playing hide-and-seek with jittering walls and falling bric-a-brac in my apartment-house abode, corner of Jones and Ellis streets.

By 9 o'clock that morning, with my family folks and five pieces of heavy valuable baggage, mostly collection material, we were in a dray on our way from the center of the then burning city. Mounted soldiers from the Presidio passed us on the way. After a night in the open we got to Oakland. After entrance passes were obtained I returned to the city. I was fortunate to have escaped loss, though my domicile was ashes a few hours after I left it. I was the first squatter in the free space in the large cemetery plot from the mound of which, and under the old cross, I watched the city burn for two days and a night, getting safely to the welcoming haven—Oakland—on the night of the second day.

I participated in the doings of the hectic days that followed the great fire. There were many amusing sights. Anything with wheels was a vehicle. Poster beds balanced on bicycles, sewing machines, baby carriages and extension tables with roller skates fastened on top and turned upside down, were some of the odd ones. Particularly amusing to me was a woman carrying a large parrot cage. She was trying to "save her parrot." She did not know it, but the bottom had fallen out of the cage and the bird was gone.

It was one time when money was of little use. There was nothing for sale. But there were big hearts to help their neighbor with anything they had.

Ambitious to write a book on the disaster, I threw myself into the midst of doings during the about ten days that followed that I remained, and aimed to acquire essential material for the publication, among which was every relative photograph and publication that I could obtain. The book was never published. Pirates who never saw San Francisco filled the market with publications to satisfy curiosity, of another "nine days wonder." I still have the unpublished story and the material to go with it, including probably the greatest collection of photographs privately owned.

The wonders of fate! I saw boys sifting coins from all that remained of Hacquette's place. I had picked up the gold coins loaned to him the day before. Lighthouse credited me with saving his collection. Only a few days before he had moved it to his residence in the suburbs to show and discuss it with me. Months later, when I had a chance to look at it carefully, I discovered my Gold Bank note was No. 1—a gem to this day, that reposes in the Chase National Bank's collection of Moneys of the World. Neither the seller nor I recognized this special feature at the time of the purchase. Some years later there appeared in one of T. L. Elder's sales in New York a lot catalogued as "A cluster of Japanese tempos taken from the ruins of the San Francisco fire. All that was left of the stock of 'Billy' Smith. Would make a nice paper weight." Knowing that it was the unpicked-up purchase of mine, sentiment caused me to obtain the lot. It is now a desk show piece.

I experienced how disaster may govern appreciation. I was glad to give a man carrying a typewriter and a heavy tool kit a place on my overcrowded chartered wagon that under the circumstances he could not have purchased for any money. He was on his way to restore telegraph service, something all wanted—a message to their friends East. Service was the best kind of money. I aided foreigners at transportation ticket offices to have their hoarded foreign money, mostly gold, brought from the home country, to be accepted for tickets. I bought $1 and $3 and other uncommon gold pieces at face value from Oakland pawnbrokers; they could lend common money, not then available, to greater advantage than the premium on the coins.

On several days I pitched bricks and debris under soldier direction to help clear Market Street, earning my way from the Ferry to the postoffice, where Basil Brandon, one of our originals, was on the postoffice force and greatly favored me in locating my mail.

About May 1, 1906, I left San Francisco, wrecked and in ashes, to return about nine years later to find the city rebuilt and ready to entertain the world with, to me, the most enchanting and satisfying exposition there ever has been. But most of the flavor of the old city was gone. The pioneer spirit, historic spots and quaintness of rendezvous had changed.

My return to San Francisco late in 1914 was for association with the Panama-Pacific International Exposition. I had fathered the bill for the

Exposition's commemorative coins and paved the way for its ride through Congress, then came out to get the job to sell them.

My association with the Exposition followed and was continued to 1918, my department being about the last to close. I handled about a quarter of a million dollars in the operation and at the wind-up the Exposition owed me one cent. Their check for the amount with several signatures and "red tape" is a prized possession, but more so the approving letters from Charles C. Moore and R. B. Hale and other executives.

Disposition of the Panama-Pacific International Exposition coins, as was true with the Louisiana Purchase Exposition and Lewis and Clark gold dollars, was at a uniform price, and I saw the remainder melted. In the years since it has been a satisfaction to see the premium value of all advance. The complete sets of the P. P. I. E. coins were sold for $200. They have an auction record of $650, and the half dollars that were sold at $1 each, or six for $5, made their sale high spot at $20.

I recall one of the many amusing incidents during the Exposition. A caller at my exhibit booth handed me a scarce gold coin and asked its value. I replied about $100. "What! I see in the paper a coin like it sold last week at auction for $125." I said yes, but the owner had to pay 20 per cent or 25 per cent for selling it. "What you mean, one only has to sell his coins four or five times and get nothing?"

The former Zerbe collection that was sold to and is now on public exhibition at the Chase National Bank, New York, had improvement, exhibit dressing, and cataloging in San Francisco. I have recently retired after being curator of the collection since 1928.

The American Numismatic Association had been successfully urged to hold its 1915 convention in San Francisco. A local numismatic organization was essential for the success of the convention, and ambition was directed to that end. Feeling the pulse of local collectors was not encouraging. "It has been tried; it can't be done." "All right, will you attend a little get-together for a chat and not be a knocker in advance?" I had promises from all. The meeting was delayed to June for the return of the enthusiastic young collector, I. Leland Steinman, who was on a European trip. There was united interest at the meeting, organization and election of a fine board of officers was effected. Time has proven that the name Pacific Coast Numismatic Society was too embracive. There was no thought in 1915 that advancing numismatics would lead to such a great number of local friendly get-together organizations. Ours was the first in the West. There is satisfaction that it has proved an example for others. Within the eight Pacific Coast and adjacent States named on our seal there are now nine clubs, five of which are in California. The central device of the seal, a mining scene from an old print, was Steinman's idea. The A. N. A. convention a few months later was successfully conducted. Time and expense caused attendance from the East to be considerably less than was expected, but all had a good time, the sightseeing being largely by favor of our president, Fred T. Huddart. Steinman, then secretary, took charge of mint features, and Zerbe led in arranging for business meetings and other features on the Exposition grounds.

The P. C. N. S. should be proud of the progress that it has made. Some of its introductions and good influence have been helpful to similar organizations across the country. Your frequent doings are of record in The Numismatist. Within my participation there were many featured meetings during and following World War days and extraordinary wall exhibits of associated paper money. Government bond sales were aided by members as speakers and salesmen. I believe I sold the last World War bond sold on the continent. It was a Saturday night; midnight, the deadline for bond sale; the platform at the foot of Powell Street had various urgent appealers for bond bids, there being various awards, some of which were specimens donated by our members. Buying power of the crowd was believed exhausted when in the last few minutes I mounted the platform offering a bond of the Revolutionary War as a prize. Bids for amounts of bonds were spirited and at the stroke of 12, a $1,150 bid was the winner. In public bond talks I endeavored to counteract a question among some as to the safety of Government bonds by holding up a $50 Seven-Thirty of the Civil War. "Are Government bonds good? Look at this! A $50 bond away back from the Civil

War. Is it good? I will give $250 for all offered." I was safe in the offer. Only five are known, all selfishly held in collections.

I resumed by traveling exhibit work in the early 1920's, moving eastward. My several returns to the Golden Gate section since have met gracious hearty welcomes and greatly appreciated entertainment, all of which have a cherished place in memory, as well as the friendly correspondence and wholesome references and favors that have been mine from several of you over the years since.

Again, I am sincerely sorry not to be with you.

May the society have a perpetual life of success and enjoyment!

Civil War Tokens And Cards

By JOSEPH BARNET
Brooklyn, N. Y.

(Read at a recent meeting of the Brooklyn (N. Y.) Coin Club.)

These interesting and historical pieces bear the dates of 1861, 1862, 1863, and 1864. They were used extensively and passed current, as minor coins were very scarce during the Civil War period. Early in the year of 1862 all metallic currency was withdrawn from circulation. Citizens anticipating the possible increase in the value of metals commenced hoarding gold, silver, and even copper, to such an extent that in a short time there were no coins in circulation. Tradesmen were thus forced to issue a medium that would take the place of small coins, and the first of these issued made their appearance in Cincinnati, Ohio, late in the year of 1862. In the spring of 1863 New York followed.

The first pieces to be made in New York were for Gustavus Lindenmueller, who evidently had a saloon, as a beer mug is shown on the obverse. This piece was designed by L. Roloff. These were struck in different metals on a hand screw press at 115 Wooster St., New York City. The issue of similar pieces became general throughout the Eastern and Middle Western States, and was a medium for change by a great many merchants in nearly every line of business. They filled the wants of tradespeople and were accepted as a means of exchange for the value, which usually was one cent, and were undoubtedly a great convenience.

There are about 9000 varieties known, of which 2390 are unpublished (556 tokens and 1834 cards). They were struck in copper, brass, nickel, copper-nickel (some over Eagle and Indian Head copper-nickel cents), white metal, lead, zinc, tin, german silver and silver. Some were struck on double metal and show copper on one side and brass on the other. The die-sinkers who struck the largest quantities were W. H. Bridgens, A. J. Hening, N. Y.; Childs, Chicago; A. J. Gleason, Hudson, Michigan; J. A. Hughes, H. Johnston, W. Johnston, W. K. Lanphear, James Murdock, Jr., and John Stanton, Cincinnati, Ohio.

In 1864 Congress passed an act forbidding private individuals to issue any form of money. The designs on the cards show, bulls, cows, dogs, roosters, elks, lions, serpents, sewing machines, stoves, locks, presses, anvils, guns, teapots, square and compass, beer mugs, beer kegs, saddles, coffins, tombstones, monuments, barrels, false teeth, scales, books, watches, spectacles, eyeglasses, boots, stocking, coats, suits, hats, trees, beehives, mortar and pestle, flags, cannons, billiard balls and cues, vegetables, and quite a few other designs. Patriotic sayings on the tokens are: "The Union Must and Shall Be Preserved," "The Union Forever," "Union and Liberty," "Our Union," "Lincoln and Union," "God Protect the Union," "Our Country," "One Country," "One Country North East South and West," "One Flag," "One Country No North No South," "Freedom," "Liberty For All," "Liberty and Law," "Proclaim Liberty Throughout the Land," "Now and Forever," "Peace Forever," "Constitution Forever," "Stand by the Flag," "United We Stand Divided We Fall," "If Anybody Attempts to Tear It Down Shoot

Him On the Spot," "Concession Before Secession," "Millions for Contractors," "Millions For Defense, Not One Cent for Tribute," "Not One Cent for The Widows," "No Compromise With Traitors," "Horrors of War, Blessings of Peace," "Live and Let Live," "Money Makes the Mare Go," "Value Me as You Please," "A Penny Saved Is a Penny Earned," "Bully For You." There are 114 varieties of Washington tokens and cards (528 in various metals), 107 copper, 54 brass, 45 nickel, 32 copper-nickel, 54 white metal, 33 silver, 2 lead. There are 47 varieties with the Bust of Lincoln (153 in various metals), 42 copper, 24 brass, 19 nickel, 15 copper-nickel, 20 white metal, 16 silver, 2 lead, 2 german silver, 2 gold plated, 1 silver plated, and one nickel plated. It may be interesting to know that there were 1439 varieties in New York State, of which there are 1100 varieties of New York City. Ohio leads with 2794, of which 1705 are from Cincinnati.

Monitor Tokens.

These interesting and historical patriotic tokens were issued during the Civil War, and are dated 1863 and 1864. They are the only tokens that show a design of the navy. There are 25 varieties, of which 8 are unpublished; 13 copper, 3 brass, 3 copper nickel, 4 white metal, 1 german silver, 1 nickel plated. Four of the issues of 1863 show Obv.: Gun boat in center, "Our Little" above, "Monitor" below, designer's initials, C. D. H., above date to left. Rev. of one, "The Constitution Must and Shall Be Preserved." The reverse of three show, "1863" in wreath, anchor above, crossed cannons below. The others show, Obv. gun boat in center; above, 13 stars in two rows, seven in upper, and six in lower row. Below, 1863, Rev. of one. "Our Navy" in wreath. Rev. of three, shield in center, "Union Forever" above, 1863 below, a star on each side of date. Issues of 1864: Obv., gun boat in center; above, twelve stars in two rows, seven in upper, and five in lower row. 1864, below, gun boat. Reverses: "Our Navy" in a closed wreath, star above and diamond-shape ornament below. Also "Our Navy" in an open wreath.

What Coins Should I Collect

By EARL COLE
Des Moines, Iowa

(Read at a recent meeting of the Des Moines Coin Club.)

Every serious collector at some time in his collecting career will stop and ask himself, "What coins should I collect?" Some ask themselves this question early in their collecting career, while others wait until they have many dollars tied up in coins in which they might at some time later lose interest.

When I first started collecting I knew very little about coins, and consequently I acquired many kinds, practically all of which were very common and would be considered worthless to the average collector today. Little by little, not realizing what I was doing, I improved the quality of my coins and narrowed my scope to United States coins only.

Today, if I were starting anew, I would follow a much different procedure. Instead of trying to build up a large collection of both foreign and United States coins I would commence by building up a type collection of United States coins. After completing a type collection one can continue collecting types of other countries or certain coins having great historical value. If one does not wish to collect foreign coins, he can start runs in the various denominations of United States coins.

Undoubtedly the most interesting series to complete are the large and small cents, as only one date is missing, the 1815, in which year none were coined. Although there are three really rare dates from the first minted to 1857, namely, 1793, 1799, 1804, these, however, might be purchased within the means of the average collector if not too much consideration is given

to condition. With these exceptions, it is a good rule to have specimens at least very good, and in the case of the later dates to 1857 in fine to uncirculated condition.

In the small cent series the aim should be to acquire only proof or uncirculated specimens, with the possible exception of the 1856 flying eagle cent, which might be picked up in good to fine condition at a reasonably low figure.

If one would realize at the start what importance condition really is, much expense later could be saved, as prices of uncirculated and proof cents have advanced greatly in the last few years and I believe will continue to become more and more valuable, while poor specimens will never be worth more than what was paid for them.

Although it is entirely a matter of personal taste, I would suggest collecting only types of half cents, for two reasons: 1. There are many lapses in dates. 2. There are quite a number of very rare dates, which are really not within the reach of the average collector.

The two-cent series may also be completed in uncirculated condition without great expense, as only the last date, 1873, is at all rare. This series is short—from 1864 to 1873.

The three-cent series in nickel is easy to obtain, with the possible exception of 1877 and 1878. The silver series has only one really rare date, which is 1864, and even this may be picked up at a reasonable figure.

The five-cent nickel series has only one rare date—the 1877—while the half dimes would probably best be represented by types.

The balance of the series, namely dimes, twenty-cents, quarter dollars, half dollars, dollars, and the gold series had probably best be represented by types.

The first type quarter is quite rare in the better conditions, but all other types may be obtained at very nominal figures.

The second type half dollar is really very rare and must necessarily be forgotten by most of us. All other types are easy to obtain cheaply in very fine to uncirculated condition.

In the dollar series, the only really unattainable type is the fourth, known as the Gobrecht Dollar, which generally brings a fancy price.

Perhaps I have not made myself clear as regards collecting types. For example, take the quarter-dollar series. The first type is 1796 only, and therefore there is no choice. The second type, however, runs from 1804 to 1807. The former catalogues much higher than the rest of the dates, therefore, pick your type specimens from among the cheaper dates. This applies to all other series as well.

My advice would be, first and always pay more attention to quality than quantity. It is best to acquire one fine, uncirculated or proof coin than ten poor ones. The former will always be a joy to display and the latter will need many apologies and will never advance in value.

Another thing I believe is of great importance is the proper recording of material as it is received. The very first thing I do after purchasing a new coin is to clean it if necessary and then fully describe the coin on a card index file. On this card I record the condition of the coin, purchase price, from whom purchased and when, and any other remarks of interest about this particular coin.

In the case of foreign coins especially, one can enter under "remarks" from time to time references found in numismatic literature applying to a certain coin, giving the title of the reference, page, etc.

You may be interested to know that very ancient coins of China, Rome and Greece are well within your reach. You can acquire fine specimens of Chinese knife, hoe, and cloth money, or biblical coins for a song.

It is interesting to try and collect, in so far as possible, a representative coin during each century, both B. C. and A. D. There is, of course, a period during the Middle Ages when this would be hard to do, as probably no coins were issued during that time, with the possible exception of China. Very interesting foreign and ancient coins may be obtained, such as a tiny copper nugget weighing a fraction of an ounce, a coin of India dated around 1700, compared with the Swedish plate money—large half daler plate money of Sweden dated in the early sixteenth century and weighing nearly two pounds.

Coin collecting is educational, and to become a numismatist one must study. I would therefore suggest purchasing books from time to time. If

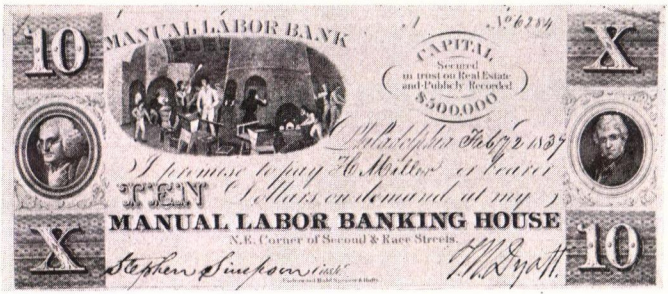
you have a general collection, books on history and geography as well as numismatics will no doubt be of interest.

Here's hoping for your continued and increasing interest in numismatics. Remember, keep uppermost in your mind, "Quality before Quantity."

Manual Labor Bank, Philadelphia, Pa.

(Read at a recent meeting of the Philadelphia Coin Club.)

Established about 1836 by Dr. Thomas W. Dyott, the Manual Labor Bank of Philadelphia, Pa., was one of the kind of banks that flourished in the early history of banking in the United States. A strictly private affair, it issued notes similar to the regular currency issued by chartered banks, finely engraved and printed on the usual bank-note paper.



Dr. Dyott conducted a glass works at Gunners Run, and an apothecary shop, selling his medicines, which were of the general cure-all kinds. He issued notes from 5c. denomination to $100, redeemable at his bank in current bank notes. Most of the notes had portraits of Franklin on one end and Dr. Dyott on the other end, with a vignette of his glass works. His bank was as good as the majority of banks, but as he was doing a banking business without a charter he was prosecuted and sentenced to three years in prison for fraudulently issuing currency. The panic of 1837 caused his creditors to demand payment on account of being involved with a large amount of real estate, which was foreclosed at a sacrifice—which in addition to being opposed by other business interests, caused his failure. A $10 note of Dr. Dyott's Bank is exhibited.

D. C. WISMER.

LATVIA ISSUES TREASURY NOTES.

The Latvian Government has withdrawn all metal coins (silver and otherwise) from circulation, according to information recently received from Riga. The silver values were 1, 2 and 5 lats, and there were also coins of 1, 2, 5, 10, 20 and 50 santims. (100 santims equal 1 lat.) It is stated that the total metallic currency in circulation is about 35 million lats, of which about half is in silver 5-lat coins. The Latvian coinage in metal was restricted to 30 lats per capita silver, and 10 lats per capita in other metals.

INFORMATION, PLEASE!

In 1821 a silver real was issued for the Dutch possession of Curacao, which bore a caduceus and stalk of cane on the obverse and the value within a wreath on the reverse. In 1822 a silver stuiver was issued for the same territory. It is suggested that these coins were both executed in the United States, but a diligent search through the usual sources of information fails to state the origin of the pieces. Does anyone know the answer?

Plugging Gold Coins In The Eighteenth Century

By HARROLD E. GILLINGHAM.

The holeing of coins has been carried on for centuries for various purposes, generally to insert a ring that the coin may be attached to a bracelet or neck piece; but the filling of the holes with similar metal is rather uncommon, save for merchants or others to pass them off on some unsuspecting customer.

In going through the day-book of Joseph Richardson, a Philadelphia gold and silversmith, it was interesting to see he apparently was several times called upon to obliterate the scarifying hole bored into gold coins. This entry appears in the day-book: September 17, 1745, "William Peeters is Dr. to pluging a 4 Pistole Piece," for which William was charged seven shillings. Again on 4th Mo. 27, 1747, Richardson made this entry: "Abraham Taylor is Dr. to Pluging 3 Double Loones 2sh.6d. to 2 dwt. 4 gr. of gold added to them 13sh.6d." Making the total cost of filling the holes in the three pieces sixteen shillings. On September 5th of the same year Reese Meredith, a local merchant, was charged "To Pluging Double Loones £1.13," and "to Pluging do. and Gold £1.2.9."

When one considers the size of these pistoles and doubloons and intricate relief work thereon, one wonders how even such an expert craftsman as Joseph Richardson could have filled in the holes and re-engraved the inscriptions so they would not be noticed in the casual handling thereof.

It must also be remembered that in those days every merchant had his coin scales to weigh the gold and silver passing through his hands; and Richardson's spelling must be overlooked.

Another interesting item in this day-book is a charge of ten shillings to Israel Pemberton, Jr., for making "a fountain Pen Case," the silver having been supplied for this piece weighing nineteen pennyweight. Do not be surprised that Pemberton wanted a silver case for his fountain pen. Such implements of writing had been in somewhat limited use for over a century, even though the quill pen was the usual form of writing implement to the majority.

CHINA'S NEW CURRENCY RECEIVED.

The Central Bank of China has recently issued a new series of notes of the 1-yuan (national currency) denomination. These notes, dated 1936, are issued in the Shanghai area and were printed by Waterlow & Sons, England. The obverse, printed in orange and black, shows a facing bust of Dr. Sun Yat Sen. At the extreme right is a watermarked profile bust of Dr. Sen also. The reverse shows a native temple. The notes are very attractive. The new issue is one-half inch shorter than the old issue, measuring now 5¾ inches by 3 inches.

The older notes, dated 1928, were printed by the American Bank Note Co. and are payable in dollars (National currency). The reverse of these notes shows a portrait of Dr. Sen, but has no watermark. The obverse, printed in green, has the value, with an ornamental scroll-work design. The same signatures appear upon the two issues.

HONDURAS MONEY RARE.

It is reported that there is a shortage of foreign exchange in Honduras as well as a shortage of currency in circulation. The currency of Honduras is reckoned in "lempiras," a unit established in 1926 to replace the peso, and stabilized at 50 cents gold, U. S.

ECUADOR CURRENCY DROPS IN VALUE.

Many commercial factors, in addition to a shortage of crops, have affected the value of the sucre in the exchange market. For some time the sucre has been valued at about 8½ cents. It has recently dropped to about 5½ cents.

A Ten-Dollar-Value Book For One Dollar.

Would you like to get a $10-value book for $1? Of course you would. That is what is being offered subscribers to The Numismatist and members of the A. N. A. in the Fifty-Year Index.

The Index to now in process of printing and delivery will be made shortly.

Until the time of going to press the price of the Index was held at 50 cents to give every reader an opportunity to place his order. On July 20 the price was increased to $1. Orders will continue to be received at $1 at the office of The Numismatist.

Below we give a section of one of the pages, with a brief explanation of the method of finding a desired article.

Aeroplane Flight, Medal Commemorating First Transatlantic. **33,** 151.

Aes-Signatum. Prehistoric Money of Rome. **28,** 379.

Afghanistan. Coinage. **32,** 382.—Currency. **33,** 499; **42,** 509, 583.—New Issues. **45,** 384, 455.

Africa. Coinage in Algeria. **38,** 455.—Gold Currency. **7,** 122.—Currency of Uncivilized Africa. (David Harlow). **16,** 133.—Modern Copper and Bronze Coins. (Howard H. Kurth). **51,** 97, 297.—Stone Money. (Howland Wood). **24,** 50.—Ancient coins of Tripoli. (Howland Wood). **24,** 389.—Unusual Specimens. **15,** 289.—See also **Belgian Congo, British East Africa, Egypt, South Africa, etc.**

Afzelius, Ivar. Plaque. **33,** 284.

Agassiz, Alexander. Obituary. **23,** 248.

AGURS, GEORGE M. The Five Franc Piece of Napoleon. **29,** 320.

Agurs, George M. Obituary. **50,** 237.

A. H. to A. D. Conversion Table. **24,** 202; **37,** 464; **38,** 98.

AHLSTROM, H. The Baltic Exhibition Medal. (Sweden). **27,** 462.

AKTOVITZ, HENRY. Wants Commemorative Coins Continued. **50,** 17.

Alaska. A Few Cards from Widely Distant Points. (B. P. Wright). **18,** 74.—Coins of the Kwakiutl Indians. (H. D. Gibbs). **46,** 234.—Mantanuska Valley Colony and its Coins. (Frank M. Schmidt). **50,** 1010.—Official Medal of the A. Y. P. E. (Alaska-Yukon-Pacific-Exposition). **22,** 307.—Money in Alaska. **23,** 55.—Money of the Indians. (H. D. Gibbs). **48,** 75.—Seal Skin Note. **51,** 25, 207.

Albania. New Classy Gold Coin. **40,** 346, 519.—Coinage of Republic. **27,** 223.—Has No Coinage System. (In 1925). **38,** 231.—New Issues. **40,** 691; **51,** 495, 754.—Type Varieties. **40,** 628.

If you know the author of an article you want to find, you will be able to locate his surname in the alphabetical arrangement. If you know only the subject of an article, either numismatic or geographic, you may locate it in the same way. It will be followed by the Volume number (in black-face type) and the page number of the Volume. Two very comprehensive full-page tables will be found on the last pages of the book which will tell you the year, month and page in which the articles appear. For instance, if you want to locate the article on "Coinage in Algeria," locate "Africa" in the alphabetical arrangement, and you find it indexed as **38,** 455. By referring to the table just mentioned you see that Volume 38 is 1925, and that page 455 was in the September issue. It's all as simple as that.

THE NUMISMATIST

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Editorial Comment—Numismatic News

BE AMONG THOSE PRESENT AT THE DETROIT CONVENTION.

The last week in August will bring together numismatists from all sections of the collecting nation to Detroit. There these collectors will convene for the annual convention of the American Numismatic Association. A great deal has happened in the past eleven months since the convention was held in New York. New problems have arisen which must be solved. New methods of securing collectors must be essayed so that the ranks of the Association may not become thinned.

The convention will have meaning if the members present who participate in the sessions will always remember that conventions are held to accomplish concrete objectives which cannot be as adroitly managed by letter communication. In the short space of four days, with perhaps a total of less than 20 hours devoted to business sessions, the management of a huge organization must be planned so that it can proceed in a better fashion on its way for the next twelve months. (In this time must also be included the reading of reports by the Association's officers, the election of new officers and the reading of a few numismatic papers.)

What is the task, then, before the membership of the Association when

it meets in Detroit? What can be accomplished in addition to the usual routine?

First—It can make provision for the training of young numismatists throughout the nation—disbursement of elementary, unbiased and accurate information and literature. A committee, on the order of National Coin Week, which will function not for one week annually, but for 52 weeks annually, in a persistent drive to augment the organized collectors of the nation.

Second—It can make provision for a junior classification of membership within the ranks of the Association, for young persons between the ages of 12 and 21. Such persons to receive The Numismatist and be entitled to all privileges of the Association, with the exception of voting.

Third—It may attempt to stimulate publicity in behalf of numismatics by making provision for the publication of brief articles on popular topics associated with coins and paper money, which may be used in schools, and on the radio.

There are a great many other practical problems which the convention may consider. Give this matter some thought, whether you plan to attend the convention or not. You may be able to help the convention greatly by letting the members of the Association know what you believe the Association should particularly direct its attention to in 1940-41.

In any case, we hope to see you in Detroit, where every effort is being made to entertain you in the right manner.

Conventions in the past have had their ups and downs. Detroit 1940, is going to be one of the "up" years. Be there, help the Association, and see all your old friends, too.

ALL COPY FOR SEPTEMBER ISSUE SHOULD BE SENT EARLY.

In order that the editor may attend the Convention of the A. N. A. in Detroit, August 24 to 29, it will be necessary to arrange for the printing of the September issue a few days earlier than usual. All forms will close August 12, and the cooperation of our advertisers and correspondents is requested. The convention proceedings will be published in the October issue.

VATICAN CITY NEW TEN-LIRE COIN.

We illustrate the new 10 lire, 1939, Pope Pius XII, first issue of the present Pope. Other denominations in the set in nickel and bronze are

similar to the Pope Pius XI issues. For complete description see the July issue of The Numismatist. (Specimen for illustration furnished through courtesy of the New Netherlands Coin Company, New York City.)

FINLAND ISSUES NEW NOTES.

A new 20-markkaa note, dated 1939, has recently been received. The note is lithographed in a violet shade and is similar to previous issues, except for the date in the border, which has been 1922 heretofore. The obverse shows a sturdy tree in the center, and the reverse shows the shield of Finland, with the lion in the center.

Rumanian Jubilee Gold Coins

A set of three gold Rumanian jubilee coins, which were issued in a limited number in 1939 and which are believed to be the only regular issue of gold coins minted by any nation during that year, has just been received in New York and is on display in the Chase National Bank Collection of Moneys of the World at 46 Cedar Street. The set is the first of its kind to reach America. (Specimens for illustration through the courtesy of Chase National Bank.)

The new pieces were the first gold coins to be authorized in Rumania under King Carol II, and they are currently of particular interest because of developments in the European news affecting Rumania. The Province of Bessarabia, now no longer a part of King Carol's country since its reacquisition by Soviet Russia, is represented on the coins by its own quarter section in the national coat of arms which appears on the reverses of each piece.

Of the new coins, two are in denominations of 20 lei and 100 lei, and the third, a larger ornamental jubilee coin equivalent to approximately 130 lei, is known as the "galbeni" or "galbenul mare." While there are but three denominations, each coin was struck with two different reverses.

The coins were reported at the time of their authorization and issuance to be pieces commemorative of the one hundredth anniversary of the birth of King Carol I, who was born on April 20, 1839, proclaimed King of Rumania in 1881, and who ruled until his death in October, 1914. They contain no reference, however, to King Carol I, each coin having a likeness of King Carol II on its obverse face—his profile in the case of the two smaller coins, and his effigy on horseback in the case of the "galbeni." All three are dated 1939, the year of their coining. A description of the coins is as follows:

The Jubilee Coin of 20 Lei.

The obverse shows the effigy of His Majesty King Carol II, in profile, looking to the right, with quite distinctly designed hair. The name of the sculptor, E. W. Becker, is in very small letters under the effigy, while the words "Carol II Regele Romanilor" appear in relief around the effigy. The weight of the coin is 6.5 grams and is 21 mm. in diameter.

The reverse side of the coin shows:

Gold 20 Lei, With Two Reverses.

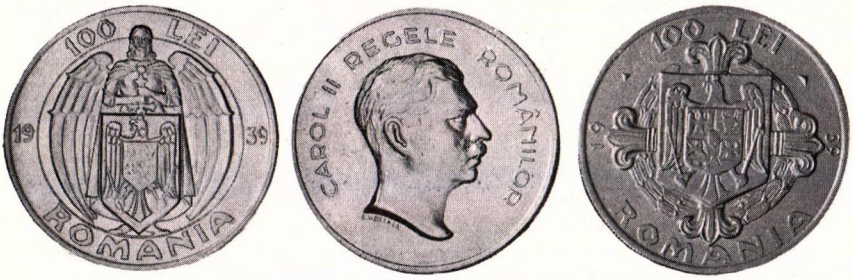
(a) The eagle with spread wings holding the Cross in its beak and the heraldic blazon with the coat of arms of the provinces and the small shield of the reigning house in its claws. Below, on the arc of the circle, there is the word "Romania," while above, to the left and to the right of the head of the eagle there are the words "20 Lei." To the left of the coin are the figures "19" and to the right "39," forming the year of the coining—"1939." (b) The shield with the blazon of the country and the heraldic eagle having above them the Royal crown. Below is the word "Romania" and above "20 Lei." To the left of the shield is a laurel branch and to the right an oak branch, surrounded by a ribbon which passes above the Royal crown and on which there is the motto "Nihil Sine Deo." To the left and to the right of the coin the figures "19" and "39" form the year of the coining, 1939.

The Jubilee Coin of 100 Lei.

The obverse shows the same effigy of His Majesty King Carol II as on the coin of 20 lei and has the same inscriptions.

The reverse of the coin represents: (a) The archangel, with wings, holding in his hand the sword and protecting the shield with the blazon of the

country and the heraldic eagle. Above, on the arc of the circle, "100 Lei," and below, on the arc of the circle, "Romania." Below and to the right of the coin are the figures "19" and "39" forming the year of the coining—"1939." (b) The shield with the blazon of the country and the heraldic eagle surrounded by a wreath of laurel leaves. All, placed on a cross, con-



Gold 100 Lei, With Two Reverses.

ventionalized after the Byzantine cross, of which only the ends are visible. Above, on the arc of the circle, "100 Lei," and below, also on the arc of the circle, "Romania." To the left and to the right of the coin are the figures "19" and "39," placed on the arc of the circle and forming the year of the coining—"1939." The weight of the coin is 32.5 grams and is 35 mm. in diameter.

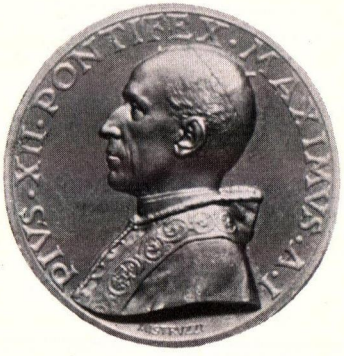
Gold Galbeni (Ornamental Jubilee Coin) With Two Reverses.

The obverse shows the effigy, on horseback, of His Majesty King Carol II, wearing the coat of the order of Michael the Brave, with the profile looking to the left. Under the right front leg of the horse there is in very small letters the name of the sculptor, E. W. Becker. Above, on the arc of the circle and in back of the effigy, "Carolus II."

The reverse of the coin represents: (a) A mower in a wheat field, to the right, ears falling on the scythe. To the left, on the arc of the circle, "Romania," and to the right, above the wheat field, before the farmer, the shield with the blazon of the country, topped by the Royal Crown. Below is the year of the coining—"1939." (b) In the middle of the coin, diametrically, there is a frieze, on which is "Romania." Below the frieze, the shield with the blazon of the country and above the wolf of Rome with the two children, symbolizing the origin of the Roumanian people. All surrounded by a wreath of laurel to the left and of oak to the right. The wreaths are crossed by the central frieze and bound by a ribbon under the shield. At the top and above the point where the laurel and oak wreaths touch there is the year of the coining—"1939." The weight of the coin is 42 grams and is 41 mm. in diameter. V. L. B.

VATICAN CITY ANNIVERSARY MEDAL.

The Vatican City medal, 1939, issued in bronze and silver, for the first anniversary of the Pontificate of Pope Pius XII, is illustrated here. For full



description see July, 1940, issue of The Numismatist. (Specimen for illustration furnished through courtesy of New Netherlands Coin Company, New York City.)

COINAGE FOR JUNE, 1940.

Following is the amount of coinage (in dollars and cents) executed at the mints of the United States during June, 1940, as reported by the Bureau of the Mint, Washington, D. C.:

	Philadelphia.	San Francisco.	Denver
Half dollars	$401.50	.....	.....
Quarter dollars	545,200.75	.....	.....
Dimes	710,080.30	.....	.....
Five cents	559,590.00	.....	$104,400.00
One cent	129,168.00	.....	10,000.00

Coinage executed for foreign governments:

At San Francisco Mint: Indo-China, nickel 10/100 piastre, 7,690,000 pieces.

NORWEGIAN MARKS.

According to reports recently received in this country, the reichsmark is legal tender in southern Norway. The reichsmark is now valued at one and two-thirds kroner.

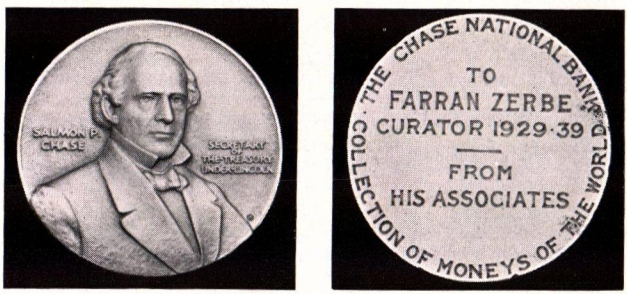
ALBANIA'S NEW COINS.

New acmonital and bronze issues for Albania with portrait of King-Emperor Victor Emanuel III. Two lek and 0.20 lek, acmonital; 0.10 and 0.05

lek, bronze. Dated 1939 and 1940. For full description of the series see July, 1940, issue of The Numismatist. (Specimen for illustration furnished through courtesy of New Netherlands Coin Company, New York City.)

MR. ZERBE PRESENTED MEDAL.

Farran Zerbe, well-known numismatist and former curator of the Chase National Bank Collection of Moneys of the World, has been honored by his associates in the bank with a special medal.



Presentation was made recently by Mr. Frederick W. Gehle, Second Vice-President, at a reception in the bank's money museum. The medal, struck in silver, bears on the obverse a portrait of the man for whom the bank was named, Salmon P. Chase, Secretary of the Treasury under Lincoln. On the reverse is engraved around the upper edge, "The Chase National Bank," around the lower edge "Collection of Moneys of the World," and in the center, "To Farran Zerbe, Curator 1929-39—From His Associates." Also a card was enclosed in the case with the medal which read as follows: "Presented to Mr. Farran Zerbe founder of the Collection of Moneys of the World now owned by the Chase National Bank with the esteem and admiration of his associates."

Mr. Zerbe spent more than fifty years in gathering into this great collection over fifty thousand specimens of the moneys of all peoples and of all ages. The Chase purchased this collection from Mr. Zerbe in 1928 to place on exhibit at its head office for the educational advantage of the public. Mr. Zerbe became curator of the Chase Money Exhibit and remained in that capacity until his retirement in August of last year.

BOOK REVIEW.

Mexican Decorations of Honour, by Harrold E. Gillingham. American Numismatic Society, Numismatic Notes and Monographs No. 89, New York, 1940. 53 pp., 18 plates.

The American Numismatic Society has continued its pioneering work in the publication of monographs covering Orders and Decorations of various nations with the present work by Mr. Gillingham, a well-known authority in the field. The acute need for material of this type, accessible to numismatists equipped only with a knowledge of English, is borne out by the fact that not one of the references in the bibliography appended to this work is in English.

The numismatic history of Mexico is turbulent, which tends to heighten the interest in the series. All too few American collectors concern themselves with this type of collecting. The difficulties in preparing a work of this kind are obvious, and the conflict of authorities on certain points indicates that greater interest, had it been taken consistently during the past century, might have made available to present-day students of the Decorations a wealth of material now unavailable.

In view of such handicaps, Mr. Gillingham has done notably. To collectors of the coinage, many historical details of interest are reflected by the Decorations. Considering the tremendous interest in the related American medals, coins and currency associated with Texas, and Mexico, the volume should be well received. It is hoped that this excellent work will prove a stimulus to the publication of monographs on United States Medals and Decorations.

Mr. Gillingham's work is arranged chronologically, with an index for quick reference. The plates illustrate the major types.

SECOND ANNUAL OUTING OF NUMISMATIC CLUBS

The second annual outing of the Northeastern Ohio and Western Pennsylvania Coin Clubs Association was held at Geauga Lake Park, Aurora, Ohio, Sunday, June 23. The association is made up of coin clubs from Pittsburgh, Canton, New Castle, Warren, Youngstown, Akron, and Cleveland (Western Reserve Numismatic Club). The outing was in charge of Mr. C. Zimmer of Youngstown. One hundred thirty-five persons registered with the secretary.

The business portion of the outing was taken up by an election of officers for the next year. The following were elected: Sam Kabealo, Youngstown, president; C. Zimmer, Youngstown, vice-president; A. F. Smith, Youngstown, secretary.

The purpose of this organization is to aid the small clubs in the district and to foster numismatic fraternalism. It was decided that the next meeting, an indoor affair, should be held in Canton. The date will be decided later.

There was a large sports program, in which everyone was invited to participate. Mr. Pagac, of Youngstown, handled all athletic events.

The meeting adjourned at 2.00 P. M. After that everybody was on his own. Some wandered around the park, some talked numismatics, and everybody had a fine time.

GERMAN CURRENCY IN INVADED COUNTRIES.

The German invading forces use Reich Credit Office notes for the payment of supplies and services. This type of currency was used in Poland, Denmark and Norway, and is now being injected into the French, Belgian, Dutch and Luxemburg monetary systems. The Administrative Council, which supervises the Central Administration of the Reich Credit Offices, has a board of directors, consisting of at least two persons. The notes issued by it are 50, 20, 5, 2 and 1 reichsmark, and 50 pfennig. Also 5 and 10 pfennig coins. In the invaded countries the values have been fixed at 1 Dutch guilder equals 1.50 reichsmark. A Belgian or a Luxembourg franc equals 0.10 reichsmark. A French franc equals 0.05 reichsmark. These rates correspond approximately to the pre-war official rates.

GREENWICH (CONN.) HAS OFFICIAL COPPER TOKEN.

Through the courtesy of William S. Dewey, retiring Librarian and Curator of the A. N. A., we are able to illustrate the copper token issued for the tercentenary of the town of Greenwich, Conn., celebrated June, 1940.

The obverse shows settlers landing in a boat, welcomed by Indians. The inscription which surrounds the circumference reads: . TERCENTENARY . OF . THE . TOWN . OF . GREENWICH . CONNECTICUT. In the exergue are the dates, 1640-1940.

The reverse inscription, in eight lines, reads: AUTHORIZED BY THE CONGRESS OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA MAY 13 1940.

The token is 31mm. in diameter and has a plain edge.

It is hoped that this token will not suffer the fate of the Norse-American medals and be confused with half dollars because of the official authorization appearing upon the reverse. The danger is not great with the copper issue, but there are also silver strikings, we have been advised.

MEDAL TO COMMEMORATE STARTING OF GRAND COULEE DAM.

The accompanying illustration shows a medal struck in 1934 by Fred N. Ludwig for the starting of the Grand Coulee Dam. It is said that 5000 were

originally issued, a few of which were gold-plated. They are struck in goldine metal. (Specimen for illustration from Raymond R. Soash, of Spokane, Wash.

CECIL RHODES WATERMARK IN RHODESIAN CURRENCY.

Some months ago mention was made in The Numismatist about the forthcoming issue of notes for Southern Rhodesia and the retirement of the Barclay's Bank and Standard Bank's note issues.

The new Southern Rhodesia note of 1 pound value shows a portrait of King George VI at the right. At the left is a watermark oval frame with Sir Cecil Rhodes' facing portrait. The notes are dated December, 1939, and are payable at Salisbury. The notes are legal tender for the payment of any amount. The reverse of the note shows the remains of an ancient fortress. The notes are printed in green, by Bradbury, Wilkinson & Co., of England. They measure 6 inches by 3¼ inches.

American Numismatic Association

Organized 1891, Incorporated under the Laws of the United States May 9, 1912.

The annual dues and subscription to The Numismatist are $3 a year, payable to the General Secretary January 1 in advance. For particulars address the General Secretary. The $3 paid annually by A. N. A. members covers both dues and subscription to The Numismatist.

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RHODE ISLAND—VICTOR H. FRASER, High Street Bank and Trust Company, Providence, R. I.
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SOUTH DAKOTA—ALBERT N. HANTEN, White Lake, S. Dak.
TENNESSEE—A. W. BRADLEY, P. O. Box 1484, Memphis, Tenn.
TEXAS—H. D. LAWRENCE, Dallas, Texas.
UTAH—NORMAN SHULTZ, Box 746, Salt Lake City, Utah.
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WASHINGTON (Western)—PAUL M. FOUTS, 403 Crary Bldg., Seattle, Wash.
WISCONSIN—LILLARD W. CULVER, 2863 N. 40th St., Milwaukee, Wis.

Report of The General Secretary

New Members to Be Admitted August 1st, 1940.

8162 Walter F. Heine, Lowry Field, Denver, Col.
8163 G. P. Russell, 324 Chesnut St., Haddonfield, N. J.
8164 Dr. W. R. Lamb, 616 Garfield Ave., Palmyra, N. J.
8165 Harry A. Nuse, 82 Oakview Terrace, Short Hills, N. J.
8166 Henry E. Branch, 523 34th St., Woodcliff, N. J.
8167 Arch J. Bergoffen, 2004 E. Fourth St., Brooklyn, N. Y.
8168 A. M. Spalding, 435 Esplanade, Pelham Manor, N. Y.
8169 E. D. Empel, 320 Jefferson, Burlington, Iowa.
8170 Helena B. Eddy, 3911 Troost, Kansas City, Mo.
8171 Louis Eliasberg, 1501 Munsey Bldg., Baltimore, Md.
8172 Joe A. Wiseman, Republic, Wash.
8173 Wilse R. Fanning, 5415 Ninth Ave., Los Angeles, Cal.
8174 Mrs. J. B. Speed, 223 W. Shipp St., Louisville, Ky.
8175 R. O. Deming, Jr., Oswego, Kan.
8176 R. A. McCowen, 1849 Roberts, Beaumont, Texas.
8177 Robert L. Raymond, Box 783, Longview, Texas.
8178 Robert H. Dodd, 309 West Jersey St., Elizabeth, N. J.
8179 Mrs. W. H. Wilkinson, 3100 Michigan Ave., Kansas City, Mo.
8180 J. W. Jontz, 315 Logan S. E., Grand Rapids, Mich.
8181 Lawrence A. Gerhard, 216 Franklin Lane, Ventura, Cal.
8182 J. F. A. Langlais, 136 E. Walnut St., Lancaster, Pa.
8183 Albert C. Zakor, 257 Isabel St., Los Angeles, Cal.
8184 Albert J. Hermann, 736 Ann St., Newport, Ky.
8185 Raymond R. Soash, 824½ W. Second Ave., Spokane, Wash.
8186 Dr. J. V. Cowles, 309 East Tenth St., Kansas City, Mo.
8187 David J. DeYarmon, 318 N. Miami Ave., Miami, Fla.
8188 Henry W. Mahr, 2606 Cecil Ave., Baltimore, Md.
8189 Theo. Masner, 500 W. Dominick St., Rome, N. Y.
8190 G. W. Elton, Pounder Apts., Longview, Wash.
8191 Capt. R. F. Carter, 2620 Grays Ferry Rd., (Schuylkill Arsenal), Philadelphia, Pa.
8192 Roy S. Nordman, 211 Central Park West, New York City, N. Y.
8193 William J. Williams, Box 185, Boulder City, Nev.

8194 Howard N. Cash, Box 865, Santa Maria, Cal.
8195 Luther Storme, 408 Honolulu St., Lindsay, Cal.
8196 L. B. Knighton, 619 Overbrook Road, Richmond, Va.
8197 H. Edwin Weaver, 925 Market St., Wilmington, Del.
8198 E. C. Russell, Mansfield, Pa.
8199 Lulu B. Olson, R. N., care Hospital, Osceola, Neb.
8200 George Speidel, 10 Reading Ave., West Reading, Pa.
8201 Fred E. Roganson, 120 Milford Ave., Newark, N. J.
8202 Kurt Prober, Caixa Postal 2113, Rio de Janeiro, Brazil, S. A.

Applications for Membership.

The following applications have been received during June, 1940. If no objections are filed prior to September 1, 1940, the applicants will become members on that date, and their names will appear published in the September issue of The Numismatist.

Ralph R. Haile, 8203, P. O. Box 79, Soquel, Cal. U. S. General. Albert H. Maxwell, Wm. J. Finta.
Martin R. Zavis, 8204, 1442 N. 49 St., Milwaukee, Wis. Small Cents and Commemoratives. J. R. Stewart, Frank J. Pallouk.
Joseph Blazick, 8205, 4231 E. Thompson St., Bridesburg, Philadelphia, Pa. U. S. Coins and Stamps. Geo. J. Patterson, M. Vernon Sheldon.
Joseph Lunz, 8206, 45-31 166 St., Flushing, L. I., N. Y. U. S. General. Joseph Barnet, M. Vernon Sheldon.
C. W. Soults, 8207, 1233 Fourth St., Des Moines, Iowa. U. S. Coins. Walter P. Bohler, Lewis P. Ferguson.
J. Reed Capps, 8208, 5601 Kingman Blvd., Des Moines, Iowa. General. Walter P. Bohler, Lewis K. Ferguson.
Leon H. Smith, 8209, Y. M. C. A., Des Moines, Iowa. General. Walter P. Bohler, Hellene Alexander.
Arthur Benfield, 8210, 2430 J St., San Diego, Cal. General. Thomas W. Voetter, R. A. McCracken.
Leonel C. Panosh, 8211, P. O. Box 1773, San Diego, Cal. General. Thomas W. Voetter, P. A. Nauman.
DeWitt Frankel, 8212, 1476 Broadway, New York, N. Y. Civil War Tokens, Encased Postage and Fractional Currency. David M. Bullowa, Charles M. Wormser.
H. C. Reinert, 8213, 1001 N. Main St., Rockford, Ill. U. S. Coins. M. Vernon Sheldon, Frank C. Ross.
Carl Rufleth, 8214, 142 Reservoir Ave., Meriden, Conn. General U. S. Coins. Wm. C. Hofmann, Henry J. Dorher.
Edward A. Higney, 8215, Indian Neck, Branford, Conn. U. S. Minor Coins. Wm. C. Hofmann, Walter Johnsen.
Vernon D. Lesh, 8216, 3654 East Colorado, Pasadena, Cal. U. S. Coins. T. V. Morrie, E. P. Boele, R. A. Wilson.
Mrs. Frances Atkins, 8217, Box 203, Jasper, Ala. Coins. J. H. Morris, Jr., M. Vernon Sheldon.
Clarence Heppner, 8218, Route 3, Walla Walla, Wash. U. S. Coins. Lewis M. Reagan, M. Vernon Sheldon.
John H. Miller, M. D., 8219, Laconia Clinic, Laconia, N. H. Medical Numismatics. Lewis M. Reagan, M. Vernon Sheldon.
Rudolph Leibowitz, 8220, 723 Commercial, Atchison, Kan. General. Lewis M. Reagan, W. J. Hooper.
Robert Friedberg, 8221, 296 Eckford St., Brooklyn, N. Y. Foreign Coins. Morton Stack, Wayte Raymond.
J. S. Gensheimer, 8222, 33 Beechwood Place, Hillside, N. J. U. S. Coins. Joseph B. Stack, Morton Stack.
G. A. Johnson, 8223, 4624-a Arsenal St., St. Louis, Mo. U. S. Coins. John H. Snow, Arthur B. Kelley.
John W. E. Chambers, Sr., 8224, 2118 Park Ave., Anderson, Ind. General. R. A. Wilson, Arthur Rutz.
J. J. O'Brien, 8225, Box 261, Lindsay, Cal. General. M. Vernon Sheldon, George B. Lewis.
L. W. Hassel, 8226, 10 South St., Fort Atkinson, Wis. U. S. Coins. M. Vernon Sheldon, Lewis M. Reagan.
Barney E. Mead, 8227, 390 Frankel Blvd., Merrick, Long Island, N. Y. U. S. Coins. M. Vernon Sheldon, Truby B. Cornish.
Ventura Coin Club, 8228, Bank of America Bldg., Rm. 210, Ventura, Cal., L. A. Gerhard, Secretary. U. S. and Foreign Coins. Robert G. Efker, M. Vernon Sheldon.
Fairfield Coin Club, 8229, Keith A. Prizer, Secretary, 51 Forest Dr., Fairfield, Iowa. General. Walter P. Bohler, M. Vernon Sheldon.
Paul Greenblatt, 8230, 1120 E. Colfax Ave., Denver, Col. General. Wm. A. Dickson, Philip W. Whittley.
R. O. Eckart, 8231, 464 Grolee St., Opelousas, La. General. Maudie Elliatt, Richard Meales.
Harry W. Bason, 8232, 252 E. 9th St., Brooklyn, N. Y. General. Dennis W. Sibert, Jacob Pelcyger.

Reinstated.

6886 Daniel Baker, Plaza Hotel, Clark and North Ave., Chicago, Ill.

Resignation.

7039 Lloyd W. Coleman, Madison, Wis.

Death.

958 Harry T. Wilson, Chicago, Ill.

Changes of Address.

John S. Davenport, L. N. 44, from 1600 Melrose Place, Knoxville, Tenn., to 24 Argyle Park, Buffalo, N. Y.

W. F. Groeling, 6118, from 706 Euclid Ave., Syracuse, N. Y., to 318 Euclid Ave., Syracuse, N. Y.

Rochester Numismatic Association, Br. No. 2, from Thomas Klein, Sec'y., to John W. Miller, Sec'y., 22 Colebourne Rd., Rochester, N. Y.

Prof. Laylin K. James, 5395, from 319 Hutchins Hall, Ann Arbor, Mich., to Cravath, de Gersdorff, Swain & Wood, 15 Broad St., New York, N. Y.

Oliver M. Arnold, 8003, from 909 N. Rollins, Macon, Mo., to 407 Rutherford, Macon, Mo.

R. A. Neiss, 5767, from 4424 Aldrich Ave. N., Minneapolis, Minn., to 5145 13th Ave. S., Minneapolis, Minn.

Carl J. Fleer, 4984, from 6425 Newgard Ave., Chicago, Ill., to care Leader, Inc., Minneapolis, Minn.

C. E. Higgy, 5035, from 73 E. Frambes Ave., Columbus, Ohio, to P. O. Box 395, Bellaire, Mich.

Wallace T. Miller, 4096, from 621 36th St., Des Moines, Iowa, to 818 29th, Des Moines, Iowa.

Rudolf Thomas, 1895, from 163 N. Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill., to 1418 Mohawk St., Chicago, Ill.

S. L. McGranaghan, 7773, from 46 N. W. Fifth St., Miami, Fla., to Box 568, Miami, Fla.

Rev. Ferrell Fox, 6328, from 801 B Street, Lawton, Okla., to P. O. Box 504, Manitou Springs, Col.

J. F. Wacek, 2871, from 223 Atlantic Ave., Long Beach, Cal., to 1109 American Ave., Long Beach, Cal.

Dan F. Townsend, 7440, from 908 N. 16th St., Fort Dodge, Iowa, to General Del., Compton, Cal.

Capt. Paul T. Adams, 5113, from 1043 Winsor Ave., Oakland, Cal., to 806 Carlston Ave., Oakland, Cal.

Maxime Van Cleef, 7799, from P. O. Box 1244, Palm Springs, Cal., to Ravenswood Apts., 570 N. Rossmore Ave., Los Angeles, Cal.

Walter A. Krenz, 5606, from 956 Second Place, North Bergen, N. J., to 7410 Second Place, North Bergen, N. J.

Paul R. Rash, 7638, from 2645 Beaver Ave., Des Moines, Iowa, to 1930 23rd St., Des Moines, Iowa.

George A. Gillette, 1914, from 1016 Wilder Bldg., Rochester, N. Y., to 80 Kenwood Ave., Rochester, N. Y.

Luther H. Whitt, 6197, from 271 Lexington Ave., Dayton, Ohio, to 1249 N. B. Bldg., Dayton, Ohio.

James W. De Graff, 5209, from Mountain Lake Club, Lake Wales, Fla., to Cheeridune, East Hampton, L. I., N. Y.

Melvin F. Brooks, from 137 B St., Vallejo, Cal., to Bank of America, N. T. & S. A., Jackson, Cal.

Thomas E. Donnelly, 5573, from 36 North Dearborn, Chicago, Ill., to 35 North Dearborn, Chicago, Ill.

A. F. McCrory, 4256, from 2206 North Fourth St., Columbus, Ohio, to 2390 Kensington Rd., Columbus, Ohio.

Robert F. Carpenter, Jr., 7438, from 2500 Norfolk Rd., Cleveland Heights, Ohio, to 2105 Stillman Rd., Cleveland Heights, Ohio.

Donnel Gleed, 8041, from Box 649, Yuma, Ariz., to 22 South Main St., Helena, Mont.

Norman T. Tapley, 4571, from 666 Carlyle Pl., Union, N. J., to 802 South Ave., Westfield, N. J.

Duncan Thomas, 7012, from Malecon, 407, Altos, Habana, Cuba, to Calle 29, No. 157 Vedado, Habana, Cuba.

Arch J. Bergoffen, 8167, from 806 Ave. N., Brooklyn, N. Y., to 2004 East Fourth St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Nandor Schwartz, 6078, from 1105 Prospect Ave., El Paso, Texas, to Nandor Schwartz, care Popular Dry Goods Store, El Paso, Texas.

Harry Collura, 4694, from 1527 N. Jefferson St., Milwaukee, Wis., to 2126 N. Oakland Ave., Milwaukee, Wis.

J. R. McBrien, 6742, from 25 Howard Place, Rye, N. Y., to 119 Petersville Rd., New Rochelle, N. Y.

Robert H. Lloyd, 3024, from 217 Schenck St., N. Tonawanda, N. Y., to 55 Falconer St., N. Tonawanda, N. Y.

Don Rodrick R. Loeffler, 5478, from 2725 Budan Ave., Los Angeles, Cal., to 3325 Fithian, Los Angeles, Cal.

T. A. Frandi, 4255, from 2417 Marathon St., Los Angeles, Cal., to 352 N. Reno, Los Angeles, Cal.

Lt. Col. A. B. McKie, 6664, from Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C,. to Letterman General Hospital, San Francisco, Cal.

Gus Johanson, 4948, from 131 St. Mark's Place, Brooklyn, N. Y., to C. C. Nelson, 71 Fifth, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Wilfred Rowe, 4863, from 619 Maplehurst Ave., Ferndale, Mich., to 3154 Second Blvd., Detroit, Mich.

Edward L. Clark, 6591, from 206 Queen St., Bristol, Conn., to Porters Point, Winooskie, Vt.

Norman H. Brock, 4789, from 108 Broadway, San Antonio, Texas, to 1814 W. Kings Highway, San Antonio, Texas.

Frank E. Pfisterer, 7185, from 709 Chronicle Bldg., Houston, Texas, to Box 4224, Houston, Texas.
Kenneth L. McIntosh, 7226, from Gen. Del., McKeesport, Pa., to 309 Ruben Apts., McKeesport, Pa.
Alfred Durand Norris, 4279, from Hilldale Road, Villanova, Pa., to Union League, Broad & Sansom Sts., Philadelphia, Pa.
Harold F. Landes, 4187, from 722 South Crawford St., Ludlow Falls, Ohio, to R. R. 1, Ludlow Falls, Ohio.
Frank W. Hammett, 7242, from 1467 East Market St., Ohio, to 878 Saxon Ave., Akron, Ohio.
D. A. Packard, 7251, from 43 W. Hadley Road, Dayton, Ohio, to 39 Hadley Road, Dayton, Ohio.
Theodore H. Meier, 5480, from 482 Kensington Ave., Buffalo, N. Y., to 2497 Woodlawn Ave., Niagara Falls, N. Y.
Ragnar L. Cederlund, 3164, from 546 Provident Ave., Winnetka, Ill., to 3164 Orchard St., Chicago, Ill.

M. VERNON SHELDON, General Secretary.

FROM PRESIDENT HOFFECKER.

In reply to the many inquiries received in reference to the article that appeared in the coin column of the New York Sun, which stated that "Stack's have been appointed Directors of the A. N. A. Convention to be held in August," in fairness to myself and dealer members of the A. N. A., I wish to say that there is no foundation for this statement and that I have made no such appointment. Their status at the convention is the same as any other member.

(Signed) L. W. HOFFECKER,
President A. N. A.

July 11, 1940.

NOTICE TO DISTRICT SECRETARIES.

L. W. Hoffecker, President of the A. N. A., requests us to notify all District Secretaries that a report of their activities will be expected for the Detroit Convention of the A. N. A., for the entire year or for the period following their appointment. He requests that these reports be addressed to him, P. O. Box 75, El Paso, Texas, and that they be sent promptly.

MRS. GEORGE H. BLAKE DIES.

Mrs. Florence Blake died on July 9th, 1940. For over 75 years she had made her home in Jersey City, taking an active part in the affairs of the Old Ladies' Home, and in the Bergen Reformed Church. She was 82 years old.

Funeral services were held on July 11 in Jersey City and were attended by many members of the numismatic clubs in the area, many of whom were also represented with floral pieces. Surviving are her husband, George H. Blake; a son, Herbert P., and a daughter Marion Blake Anderson. Mr. Blake has been the American Numismatic Association's faithful Treasurer for a great many years. Mrs. Blake accompanied her husband to some of the A. N. A. Conventions several years ago and will be remembered and missed by her many friends. The members of the Association extend to Mr. Blake and his family their deepest sympathy in his sad loss.

CROWN JEWELS OF IRAN FOR SALE.

A notice from Tehran, Iran, reveals that the crown jewels are for sale. The numismatic connection of the jewels is as follows: The Government has recently decided to increase its note circulation, as it has noted that the usual proportion between note circulation and national budget varies between 75 and 160 per cent. The present silver and gold reserve of the National Bank is insufficient to provide the required 60 per cent. coverage for the note circulation. In order to meet the prospective shortage, the crown jewels will be added to the fixed bank note reserve in place of metal. If the crown jewels can be sold, the proceeds will be used to purchase gold ingots.

AMERICAN NUMISMATIC ASSOCIATION.

Nominations Report.

(Received prior to July 16, 1940).

Office.	Nominee and Address.	Status.
President	Martin F. Kortjohn, New York City, N. Y.	Declined
President	L. W. Hoffecker, El Paso, Texas	Accepted
President	J. Henri Ripstra, Chicago, Ill.	Open
President	Shepard Pond, Boston, Mass.	Declined
President	Harley Freeman, Cleveland, Ohio	Declined
President	Arthur B. Kelley, St. Louis, Mo.	Declined
President	Oce Curtis, Minneapolis, Minn.	Open
President	Max M. Schwartz, New York City, N. Y.	Declined
President	Horace M. Grant, Providence, R. I.	Declined
President	David M. Bullowa, New York City, N. Y.	Declined
First Vice-President	William G. Rayson, Chicago, Ill.	Declined
First Vice-President	Frank C. Ross, Kansas City, Missouri	Declined
First Vice-President	Harvey L. Hansen, San Jose, Calif.	Accepted
First Vice-President	Thomas Melish, Cincinnati, Ohio	Accepted
Second Vice-President	J. Douglas Ferguson, Rock Island, Quebec, Canada	Accepted
General Secretary	M. Vernon Sheldon, Chicago, Ill.	Accepted
General Secretary	T. R. Hammer, Burlington, Iowa	Declined
General Secretary	David M. Bullowa, New York City, N. Y.	Declined
General Secretary	John W. Gregor, Cleveland, Ohio	Open
Treasurer	George H. Blake, Jersey City, N. J.	Accepted
Treasurer	V. Leon Belt, Waterloo, Iowa	Declined
Librarian and Curator	T. R. Hammer, Burlington, Iowa	Accepted
Librarian and Curator	Max M. Schwartz, New York City, N. Y.	Accepted
Librarian and Curator	Otto Kersteiner, Hamilton, Ohio	Declined

For Members of the Board of Governors.

George Bauer, Rochester, New York	Accepted
V. Leon Belt, Waterloo, Iowa	Accepted
Harry X. Boosel, Chicago, Ill.	Declined
Harold L. Bowen, Detroit, Mich.	Accepted
William Brimelow, Elkhart, Ind.	Accepted
Vernon L. Brown, New York City, N. Y.	Open
Victor Chambers, Columbus, Ohio	Accepted
T. James Clarke, Jamestown, N. Y.	Declined
William S. Dewey, Mount Vernon, N. Y.	Declined
H. L. Freeman, Cleveland, Ohio	Declined
John W. Gregor, Cleveland, Ohio	Open
A. A. Grinnell, Detroit, Mich.	Declined
John M. Henderson, Columbus, Ohio	Declined
Arthur B. Kelley, St. Louis, Missouri	Accepted
M. F. Kortjohn, New York City, N. Y.	Accepted
George Needels, Detroit, Mich.	Accepted
Walter P. Nichols, Melrose, Mass.	Accepted
Shepard Pond, Boston, Mass.	Declined
Lewis M. Reagan, Brooklyn, N. Y.	Declined
J. Henri Ripstra, Chicago, Ill.	Accepted
Oscar G. Schilke, Waterbury, Conn.	Open
Nelson T. Thorson, Omaha, Neb.	Accepted
Herbert W. Walker, Warren, Ohio	Accepted

M. VERNON SHELDON, Gen. Sec'y.

The Afghan National Bank requires all transactions to be handled in terms of Afghanis, of which 4 equal 1 Indian rupee.

EXPECTED NEW COINS FROM THE SOUTHERN REPUBLICS.

New Copper-Nickel Brazilian Coins—A new series of Brazilian coins, struck in copper-nickel alloy, of the 100, 200, 300 and 400 reis may be expected shortly. The coinage has been authorized to replace paper currency in circulation at present. There is still a serious shortage of fractional currency in Brazil.

Panama Strikes Coins of 1¼ and 2½ Centesimo Values—According to reports received here, there have been struck Panamanian coins of the 1¼ and 2½ centesimo values, which were recently placed in circulation. The coins were authorized in 1939 and were struck at the Philadelphia Mint.

Uruguay to Issue 1,500,000 Pesos in Nickel Coins—A proposal to issue a quantity of nickel coins to alleviate the shortage of small change has just been received. The coins will be released by the Bank of the Republic. The denominations have not been stated.

Are There Any Numismatists in Honduras?—Reports from Honduras continue to report the great shortage in the capital city of foreign exchange. Apparently there are no collectors there (among the business men) to support the hobby.

Haiti Issues New Bank Notes—After a great many years, the signatures for the Haitian Bank have been changed.

ADVERTISEMENTS ACCEPTED FOR 1940 MEMBERSHIP LIST

The new A. N. A. Membership List for 1940 will be sent to press as soon as the copy for it is assembled. The booklet will be of coat-pocket size, similar to that issued two years ago, 5x7 inches, with the printed matter 3½x5½ inches. The Executive Board of the A. N. A. has decided to accept advertisements from dealers and clubs for the last few pages of the book to partly defray the cost of publication. The price of advertising has been fixed at $10 a page and $5 for half page. The price is net and check must accompany copy. On account of the small size of the booklet, a smaller space than half page will not be sold.

Dealers and clubs desiring to advertise in the booklet will please send copy promptly, with check, to F. G. Duffield, chairman of the Committee on Printing, 4215 Fernhill Avenue, Baltimore, Md.

NEW PONTIFICAL MEDAL.

Through the courtesy of an Albany collector we have received a press clipping describing the new annual Pontifical Medal, which symbolizes the glories of peace based on justice and charity. The medal, in keeping with tradition, was struck in gold, silver and bronze on Saturday, the Feast of SS. Peter and Paul, Apostles. Designs for the medal were executed by the Papal engraver, Aurelius Mistruzzi, and were shown to His Holiness Pope Pius XII on Friday by His Eminence Luigi Cardinal Maglione, Papal Secretary of State. His Holiness congratulated the artist on his design.

The principal design on the medal shows the Blessed Virgin seated on a throne. Our Lady holds in her left hand a cross to symbolize charity, and in her right hand a scale to symbolize justice. The inscription is the motto of the Sovereign Pontiff's Pontificate: OPUS JUSTITIAE PAX (Peace, the Work of Justice.)

Mistruzzi also designed the first Papal coins of Pope Pius XII, illustrated elsewhere in this issue, as well as the Pope Pius XII medal. The motto noted above appears as an edge inscription on the silver coins.

ROYAL SOCIETE LES AMIS DE LA MEDAILLE D'ART.

Following is a translation of a circular sent out to members of the Royal Society of the Friends of Medallic Art, Brussels, Belgium:

Royal Society Les Amis de la Medaille d'Art.

Brussels, March 23, 1940.

Dear Member: We beg to draw your attention to the difficult situation which the current international events and the repercussions ensuing create for our Society.

During 1939, numerous members, both Belgian and foreign, failed to pay their dues. Since our Society must, nevertheless, continue its activity, permit us to urge your co-operation in clearing up this situation, which we hope will prove only temporary. We therefore make the following requests:

First—That you voluntarily increase your dues from 50 to 60 francs minimum (foreign members from 60 to 70).

Second—That you assist us by purchasing, at the price of 35 francs each, one or more of our society's medals. (List of those still on hand on request.)

Third—That you purchase our books of postal cards (five series of 10 cards each), price 2.50 francs per book.

Payment should be made to "Les Amis de la Medaille d'Art, Brussels," by postal money order check, stating which medals or books are desired.

We are confident that you will render us the assistance and cooperation requested, and remain,

Very truly yours,

THE COMMITTEE.

A. N. A. Convention Detroit August 24-29, Detroit

Preceding issues of The Numismatist have given a somewhat brief and cursory account of entertainment features at the Detroit convention. Brevity has been necessary because of the magnitude of the subject, and new attractions are still being added.

One of the notable events that you cannot afford to miss will be Stack's great auction sale of superb numismatic material. Such a golden opportunity for floor bidding seldom comes to most of us, and new members should be especially interested. Morton and Joseph B. Stack have been in the auction game for many moons, and their sales are perfectly conducted.

This is the final pre-convention broadcast, and a few words about policy should be in order. Ample entertainment at moderate cost will be provided. Every collector will get his money's worth, whatever happens to the club treasury. We intend to make this convention a success and are willing to pay for the privilege.

Only a few weeks are left, and there is much to be done. Have you sent in your hotel reservations? You really **must** stop at the Detroit-Leland, as some other hotels are either out of the way or inferior. It is essential to be at Headquarters when every moment is occupied.

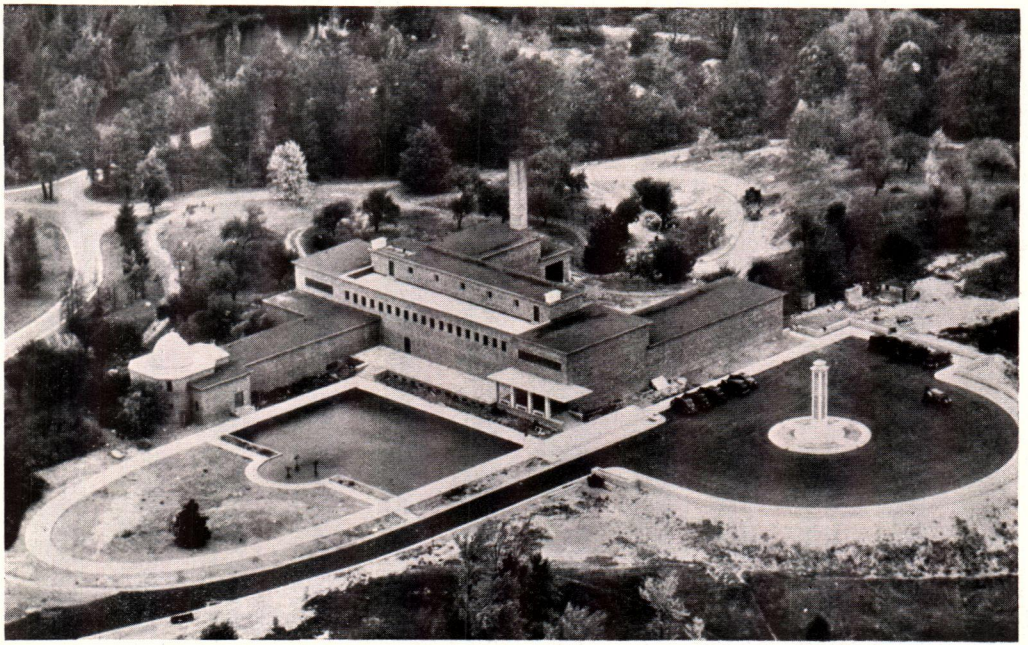
Soon collectors will be gathering from all parts of the country with coins that you have never seen and tales worth repeating. Then the "big show" will begin. Missing such a legacy of pleasure and profit would be a great misfortune and we sincerely hope that you are not "misfortunate."

Why not pack up your bags, put out the cat, and enjoy a real vacation? You are cordially invited to attend the biggest and best convention yet.

The old member leaned back and gazed about the great exhibition hall. Every gleaming case and group of collectors told him a story, while talk and laughter filled the air.

"What I like about conventions," he said reflectively, "is not only the coins but the company. You can write a man a thousand letters without knowing him, but conversation makes friends. Did you see that 1804 dollar and the gold proof sets? Just about all the great rarities seem to be here I always say, though, tnat half the fun is in finding the stuff. Last month

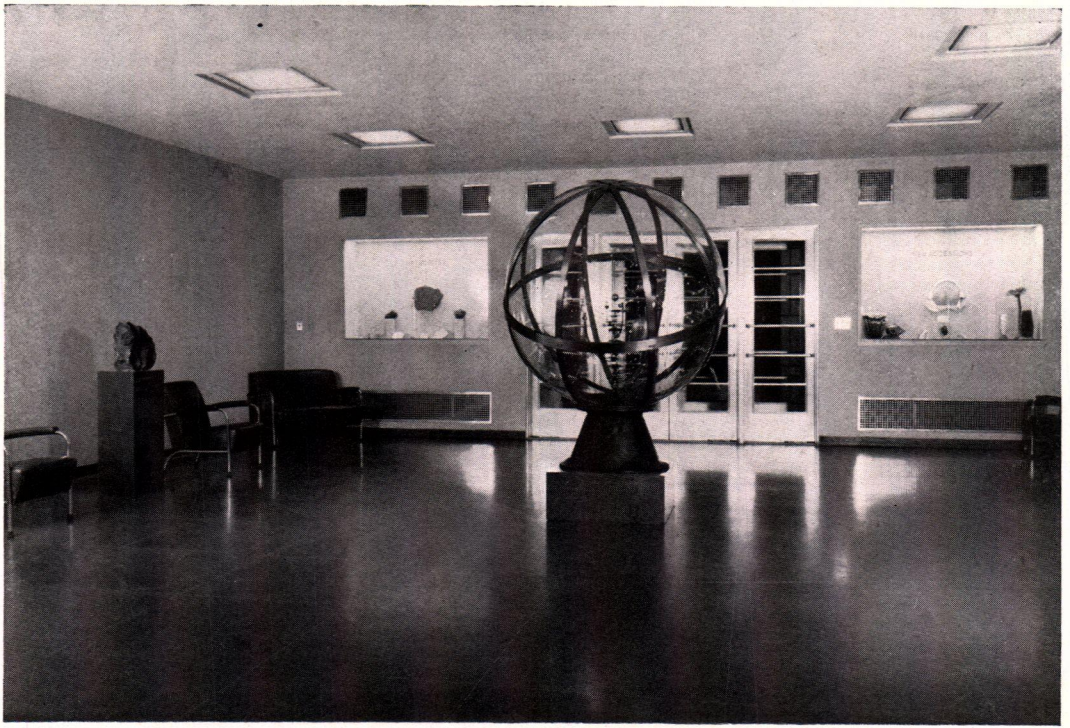
Detroit Convention of the A. N. A., August 24-29



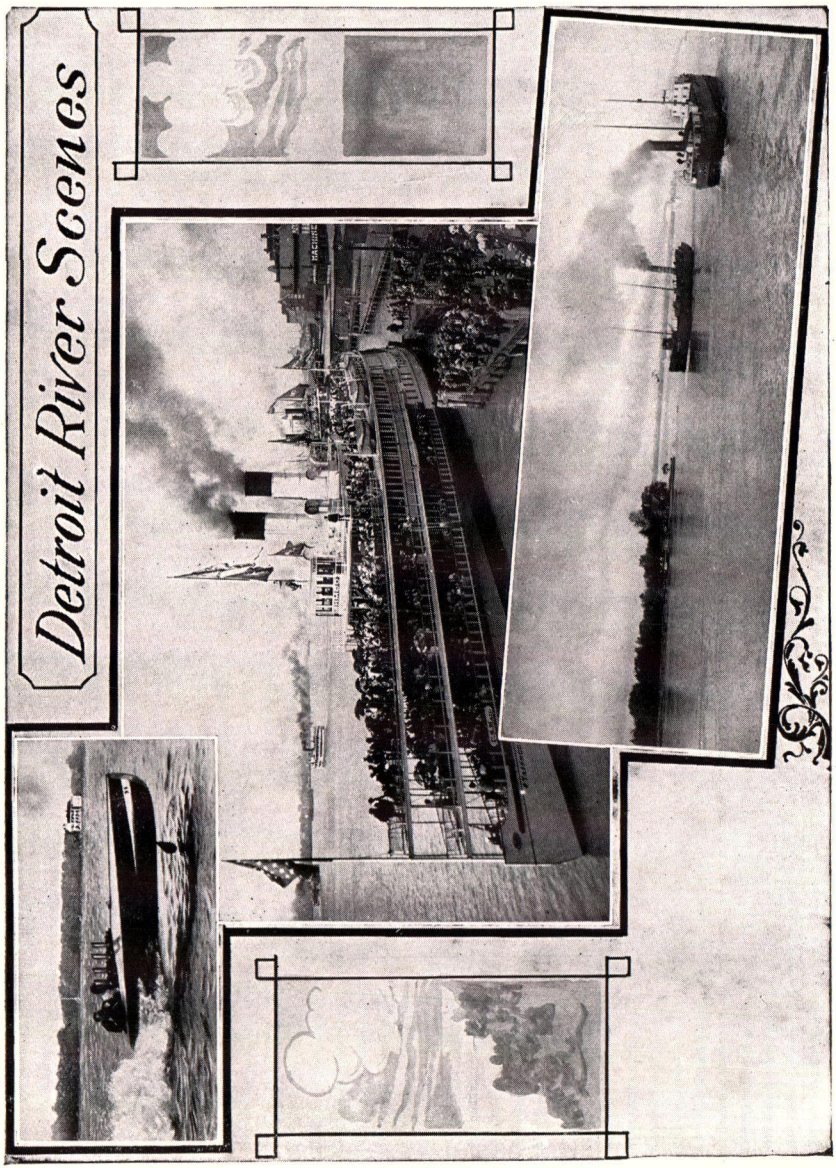
NEW BUILDING—CRANBROOK INSTITE OF SCIENCE.

The Institute of Science was established in 1930 by the Cranbrook Foundation to broaden and strengthen the educational and cultural facilities of the State of Michigan. In the short period of its existence it has contributed notably in several fields of research.

Detroit Convention of the A. N. A., August 24-29



THE PLANETARIUM—CRANBROOK INSTITUTE OF SCIENCE.


Detroit River Scenes

I had to go to New Orleans, and stopped at a second-hand store. There was a lot of foreign junk in a box on the counter, marked 5 cents each, and the second coin I picked up was a Russian 12-rouble piece! My eyes must have stuck out a foot, for the manager asked me if I felt sick. Did I tell you about the Sesqui half dollar that was returned as unsatisfactory? The man said that the bell had a bad crack in it."

A popular numismatic magazine states that the Detroit Coin Club "has put itself out on a limb" by guaranteeing the weather, and we would like to ask its editor what kind of weather. Certainly not the perfect sort, for such a thing is a question of opinion, and therefore impossible.

Since A. N. A. members who did not dissolve at Columbus were partially washed away in New York, we thought it advisable to be enigmatic on this subject, and thereby acquire a little free publicity.

We will disclose the kind of weather ordered immediately after the convention.

OFFICIAL DETROIT CONVENTION PROGRAM.

Saturday, August 24, 1940.

8.30 P. M.—Informal reception for registered members and guests.

Sunday, August 25.

Morning—Open (Churches).
Afternoon—4.30, trip to Detroit Golf Club and buffet luncheon through the courtesy of Mr. A. A. Grinnell, Detroit.

Monday, August 26.

Morning—Business session.
Noon—Convention picture.
Afternoon—Boat trip to Boblo Island down the Detroit River.

Tuesday, August 27.

Morning—Business session.
Afternoon—Trip through Ford's Rotunda and Greenfield Village.
Night—Auction by Stack's. Theater party for the ladies.

Wednesday, August 28.

Morning—Business session.
Afternoon—Sightseeing trip to Cranbrook, Shrine of the Little Flower, etc.
Night—Annual banquet, informal, in Grand Ball Room at 7.00 P. M.

Thursday, August 29.

Morning—Final business session.

Entertainment For the Convention Banquet.

The Detroit Coin Club is indeed very fortunate in securing the Ford Merry Makers and Ford's famous Italian tenor and piano accompanist for the annual banquet on Wednesday evening in the Grand Ball Room of the Detroit-Leland Hotel, Detroit, Mich.

These entertainers are very much in demand in this vicinity and only through the courtesy of the Ford Motor Company and a revision of several previous bookings was the club able to obtain their services for this event. Everyone attending this convention banquet will undoubtely approve of the fine job the entertainment committee has done for this occasion.

**HAVE YOU ORDERED YOUR COPY OF THE FIFTY-YEAR INDEX?
SEE PAGE 575, THIS ISSUE.**

DETROIT BECKONS TO YOU FOR THE LAST WEEK OF AUGUST.

The annual convention of the American Numismatic Association is scheduled for the last week in August. If there is any mode of conveyance for you to secure, by all means obtain it and plan to have the most thrilling, most numismatic and most enjoyable convention week you've ever had.

The Association is large. There will be all kinds of folks at the Convention, and we can guarantee that you'll find the majority of them pleasant and worth while meeting. It's strange that although they come from remote sections of the nation, they speak the same language you do; they even collect the coins you want. In a word, the most remarkable and the most enjoyable factor about a convention is being with people who have a common interest with you.

You can stake your life right now that the exhibits this year will be more spectacular than ever. American coins, foreign coins, paper money, curious moneys, and other allied numismatic material will be shown. Write the committee today for space for your exhibit. Don't plan to see what the other fellow has and leave all of your choice and prize items at home. Bring them. That's numismatics—showing the other fellow what you've been able to capture and thus sharing the real thrills. Don't hoard your treasures. Let them see the light of day at Detroit, and then they will delight you and your friends. All exhibits will be fully insured against loss of any kind.

AUCTION SALE AT A. N. A. CONVENTION.

On Tuesday evening of Convention week of the A. N. A. at Detroit an auction sale of coins will be held, conducted by Stack's, of New York City. The sale will take place promptly at 7 o'clock in the Colonial Room, which is on the same floor as the exhibits. There will be over 1000 lots, and every type of collector will find something of interest for his collection. The United States series will have a general representation, including Pioneer gold coins, a $4 gold piece and several $50 pieces. There will be many large cents, including the 1799 and 1804; half cents from 1793, and dollars and half dollars from 1794. The foreign section will include many dollar-size coins of the world. The sale will also include the collection of the late Dr. John Dane, which contains many ancient Greek coins in the highest state of preservation.

BUFFALO NUMISMATIC ASSOCIATION'S 1940 TOKEN.

The illustration shows the 1940 token issued by the Buffalo Numismatic Association. It is similar to those previously issued, one side bearing the names of the officers for the year in which it is issued. It is struck in goldine metal.

ITALY RECALLS SILVER COINS AND ISSUES PAPER.

Italian silver 5-lire coins have been withdrawn, and the Government is issuing new 5-lire notes to take their place. (Only a few years ago the 5-lire notes were withdrawn and silver coins issued instead.)

JUNIOR COIN COLLECTORS' EXHIBIT AT SAN FRANCISCO FAIR.

The accompanying illustration shows the coin exhibit of the Junior Coin Collectors of San Francisco at Coin City at the Golden Gate International

Exposition. It is a part of the National Hobby Show in Vacationland on Treasure Island and will be on exhibition for the duration of the Fair.

Meetings of Numismatic Societies and Clubs

(To keep the Directory up to date the editor relies upon the officials of the organizations listed to report promptly any changes in any of its features. There is no charge for listing, but new organizations must ask to be included and furnish the necessary information.)

DIRECTORY.

Akron Coin Club, Akron, Ohio—Meets third Monday of each month at the Elks' Club, 66 S. High St., Akron. V. L. Oblisk, Secretary, 874 Saxon Ave., Akron, Ohio.

Albany Numismatic Society, Albany, N. Y.—Meets second and fourth Thursdays (except during July and August), at the Albany Institute of History and Art, 125 Washington Ave. Willis J. McKinney, Secretary, 62 Sycamore St., Albany, N. Y.

American Numismatic Association—Meets annually in convention. M. Vernon Sheldon, Secretary, 451 Wrightwood Ave., Chicago, Ill.

American Numismatic Society, New York City—Meets four times annually at its building, Broadway at 156th Street. Sydney P. Noe, Secretary.

Antiquarian and Numismatic Society of Montreal—Meets monthly at Chateau de Ramezay. L. A. Renaud, Curator, Chateau de Ramezay, Montreal, Canada.

Ames Numismatic Society, Ames, Iowa—Meets first Wednesday each month in Room 223 of the Memorial Union on the Iowa State College Campus. C. B. Anderson, Secretary, 401 Clark St., Ames, Iowa.

Atlanta Coin Club, Atlanta, Ga.—Meets first and third Wednesdays at the Hotel Henry Grady. Edwin Harrison, Secretary, 1084 Deckner St. S. W., Atlanta, Ga.

Baltimore Coin Club—Meets first and third Thursdays at Peale's Municipal Museum, 225 N. Holliday street. George Requard, Secretary, 5907 Harford Road, Baltimore, Md.

Boone Numismatic Association, Boone, Iowa—Meets first Monday evening of month in City Hall Basement, Boone, Iowa. Morris Wilson, Secretary, 516 Crawford, Boone, Iowa.

Boston Numismatic Society, Boston, Mass.—Meeting, with dinner, last Monday of each month (summer excepted) at Boston City Club. Saul Steinberg, M. D., Secretary, 11 Temple St., Boston, Mass.

Brooklyn Coin Club, Brooklyn, N. Y.—Meets first Wednesday of each month at Gherry's Restaurant, 174 Montague St., Brooklyn, N. Y. Charles P. Knoth, Secretary, 115-120 226th St., St. Albans, N. Y.

Buffalo Numismatic Association, Buffalo, N. Y.—Meets second and fourth Mondays at Central Y. M. C. A. Otis C. Chapman, Secretary, 140 Woodell Ave., Cheektowaga, N. Y.

Burlington Coin Club, Burlington, Iowa—Meets first Monday night, time and place being decided at regular monthly meeting. William Hockstad, Secretary, Burlington Community Chest, Burlington, Iowa.

California Coin Club, Los Angeles, Cal.—Meets first Tuesday evening of each month at the Stowell Hotel, 416 S. Spring St., Los Angeles, Cal. Earle K. Stanton, Secretary, 205 S. Broadway, Los Angeles, Cal.

Canadian Numismatic Art Society—Meets annually in convention. C. Deane, General Secretary, 228 Monroe Ave., East Kildonan, Winnipeg, Manitoba, Canada.

Cedar City Coin Club, Lebanon, Ohio—Meets fourth Tuesday of each month at Harmon Hall, Lebanon, Ohio. Marion L. Loer, Secretary-Treasurer, Lebanon, O.

Cedar Rapids Coin Club, Cedar Rapids, Iowa—Meets second and fourth Mondays of each month, at the Montrose Hotel, Cedar Rapids. Mrs. John Culbreth, Secretary, 820 H Ave., Cedar Rapids, Iowa.

Chase Bank Coin Society, New York City—Meets third Thursday of each month. Vernon L. Brown, Secretary, Chase National Bank, New York, N. Y.

Chautauqua Coin, Stamp and Curio Club, Jamestown, N. Y.—Meets second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month at Hotel Jamestown. J. Henry Payne, Secretary, 718 Newland Ave., Jamestown, N. Y.

Chicago Coin Club, Chicago, Ill.—Meets first Wednesday of each month at the Skyline Athletic Club, 188 W. Randolph St. I. T. Kopicki, Secretary, 2114 S. St. Louis Ave., Chicago, Ill.

Cleveland Coin Club, Cleveland, Ohio—Meets fourth Wednesday of each month. Matt. J. Gazso, Secretary, 4206 W. 208th St., Cleveland, Ohio.

Cincinnati Numismatic Association—Meets second Tuesday of each month at 8 o'clock P. M., Netherland Plaza Hotel. Chas. H. Thul, Secretary, 2631 Hemlock St., Cincinnati, Ohio.

Coin Club of Rhode Island—Meets third Thursday of each month at the Old France Restaurant, unless otherwise mentioned, Providence, R. I. Kenneth A. Burke, Secretary, 12 Depew Street, Providence, R. I.

Columbus Numismatic Society, Columbus, Ohio—Meets second Monday evening of each month at the Neil House. J. C. Archer, Secretary, 914 Kelton Ave., Columbus, Ohio.

Corn Belt Corn Club, Waterloo, Iowa—Meets first Friday of each month at Cohagen Cabin at the "Y," Waterloo, Iowa. Marvin O'Connor, Secretary, 118 Sherman Ave., Waterloo, Iowa.

Cortland Coin Club, Cortland, N. Y.—Meets first Thursday of each month at Hotel Cortland. Mrs. Ruth Gumaer, Secretary, 150 S. Main St., Cortland, N. Y.

Dallas Coin Club, Dallas, Texas—Meets third Thursday night of each month in the Baker Hotel. H. D. Lawrence, Secretary, 214 N. Clinton, Dallas, Texas.

Dayton Coin Club, Dayton, Ohio—Meets last Monday of each month at the Central Y. M. C. A., 117 West Monument Ave. Clyde S. Gibbons, Secretary, R. F. D. 2, Spring Valley, Ohio.

Des Moines Coin Club, Des Moines, Iowa—Meets first Friday of each month at Y. M. C. A., 4th and Keo Way. Arnold E. Swanson, Secretary, 2100 E. 12th St., Des Moines, Iowa.

Detroit Coin Club, Detroit, Mich.—Meets first and third Thursdays at the Detroit-Leland Hotel, Detroit, Mich. Wilfred Rowe, Secretary, 3154 Second Blvd., Detroit, Mich.

Fairfield County Numismatic Association, Bridgeport, Conn.—Meets third Friday of each month at Bridgeport Art League, 528 Clinton Ave., Bridgeport, Conn. J. Norman Crosby, Secretary, P. O. Box 565, Bridgeport, Conn.

Fugio Coin Club, Shreveroprt, La.—Meets second Monday of each month in the directors' room of the Commercial National Bank. L. E. Grimes, Secretary, Box 1414, Shreveport, La.

Greenwich Stamp and Coin Club, Greenwich, Conn.—Meets first and third Fridays at the Y. M. C. A. Evelyn Chard Billings, Secretary, P. O. Box 326, Greenwich, Conn.

Hamilton Coin Club, Hamilton, Ohio—Meets third Wednesday of the month at the Y. M. C. A. King G. Earl, Secretary, 606 Haven Ave., Hamilton, Ohio.

Hartford Numismatic Society, Hartford, Conn.—Meets third Wednesday of each month at Chamber of Commerce Rooms, 805 Main St., Hartford, Conn. Chas. B. Miller, Secretary, care the Connecticut River Banking Company, Hartford, Conn.

Heart of America Numismatic Association, Kansas City, Mo.—Meets second Monday of each month at Pickwick Hotel, Kansas City. Perry Swofford, Secretary, 1963 N. Fifth St., Kansas City, Kan.

International Emergency Money Club, New York City—Meets second Wednesday of each month in New York City. Emil Di Bella, Secretary, 1352 University Ave., Bronx, New York.

Jersey City Coin Club, Jersey City, N. J.—Meets first Thursday of the month at Hotel Plaza. James W. Herwig, Secretary, 164 Forest Ave., Lyndhurst, N. J.

Junior Coin Collectors of San Francisco, Cal.—Meets third Friday of each month at San Francisco Museum of Art, Civic Center, 7.30 P. M. Roy Hill, Counselor, 569 Mission St., San Francisco, Cal. Robert Pokorny, Secretary, 2462 Nineteenth Ave., San Francisco, Cal.

Lehigh Valley Coin Club, Palmerton, Pa.—Meets third Thursday of the month, the meetings rotating between Palmerton, Bethlehem and Allentown, Pa. John M. Gallagher, Secretary, 232 N. Front St., Allentown, Pa.

Madison Coin Club, Madison, Wis.—Meets second Monday at the Dane County Courthouse. Vincent I. Hack, Secretary, 1811 University Ave., Madison, Wis.

Manhattan Coin Club, Manhattan, Kan.—Meets second Wednesday in each month, the place being decided at regular monthly meetings. Herbert L. Gaede, President, 322 Poyntz Ave., Manhattan, Kan.

Memphis Coin Club, Memphis, Tenn.—Meets second Wednesday of each month at 826 Dermon Bldg., corner of Third and Court Streets. W. C. Wilburn, Secretary, 695 Landis, Memphis, Tenn.

Milwaukee Numismatic Society, Milwaukee, Wis.—Meets last Friday in each month at the Pfister Hotel. N. J. Hoffman, Secretary, Thiensville, Wis.

Missouri Numismatic Society, St. Louis, Mo.—Meets second Monday of each month at Melbourne Hotel, Grand and Lindell Blvds., St. Louis, Mo. J. S. Stevenson, Secretary, 212 Edwin Ave., Kirkwood, Mo.

Muscatine Coin Club, Muscatine, Iowa—Meets second Tuesday of each month at the Y. M. C. A., Muscatine. George E. Moore, Secretary, P. O. Box 355, Muscatine, Iowa.

New Bedford Coin Club, New Bedford, Mass.—Meets last Thursday of each month in the New Bedford Postoffice Building. Margaret C. Dunlap, Secretary, 237 Court St., New Bedford, Mass.

New Castle Coin Club, New Castle, Pa.—Meets third Monday of each month in the Pennsylvania Power Company Bldg., 19 East Washington St. J. L. Gibson, Secretary, 414 Neshannock Ave., New Castle, Pa.

New Haven Numismatic Society, New Haven, Conn.—Meets second Thursday of each month at the Chamber of Commerce, 152 Temple street, New Haven. J. U. Sweeney, Secretary, P. O. Box 1596, New Haven, Conn.

New Jersey Numismatic Society—Meets second Thursday of each month at Downtown Club, 744 Broad St., Newark, N. J. Richard D. Nelson, Secretary, Taylor Road, Short Hills, N. J.

New York Numismatic Club, New York City—Meets second Friday of each month. F. C. C. Boyd, Secretary, 59 W. Twelfth St., New York City.

Northampton Numismatic Society, Northampton, Mass.—Meets fourth Wednesday of each month at Y. M. C. A. Building. Myron J. Parsons, Secretary, 270 Pleasant St., Northampton, Mass.

Northwest Coin Club—Meets first Thursday of each month at the Curtis Hotel in Minneapolis, and the third Thursday of each month at the St. Paul Hotel, St. Paul, Minn. Paul Olson, Secretary, 616 S. Third St., Minneapolis, Minn.

Northwest Iowa Coin Club, Fort Dodge, Iowa—Meets third Monday of each month at Fort Dodge Y. M. C. A. P. H. Loomer, Secretary, 913 Third Ave., N., Fort Dodge, Iowa.

Numismatic Society of Frederick, Md.—Meets the second Monday of the month from September to June, inclusive, at the Potomac Edison Building, East Patrick St. Mrs. Louise S. Rhoads, Secretary, 127 E. Patrick St., Frederick, Md.

Oklahoma City Coin Club, Oklahoma City, Okla.—Meets third Monday of the month at the Y. M. C. A. Louis H. Smith, Secretary, 2511 West Park Place, Oklahoma City, Okla.

Omaha Coin Club, Omaha, Neb.—Meets first Friday evening of each month at Omaha City Hall. Addison W. Wilson, Secretary, 600 Insurance Bldg., Omaha, Neb.

Oneonta Coin Club, Oneonta, N. Y.—Meets first Friday in the month, place being decided at regular meetings. Mrs. Howard Wilson, Secretary, Oneonta, N. Y.

Orange County Coin Club, Santa Ana, Cal.—Meets third Tuesday of each month at homes of members. Robert G. Efker, Secretary, 1029 W. Camille St., Santa Ana, Cal.

Oregon Numismatic Society, Portland, Ore.—Meets second Monday night of the month at Benson Hotel. John R. Townsley, Secretary, Milwaukie, Ore.

Pacific Coast Numismatic Society, San Francisco, Cal.—Meets last Wednesday of each month at Hotel Whitcomb, San Francisco. Harvey L. Hansen, Secretary, 1187 Kotenberg Ave., San Jose, Cal.

Philadelphia Coin Club, Philadelphia, Pa.—Meets second Thursday of each month at the Hotel Belgravia, 1811 Chestnut St. George J. Patterson, Secretary, P. O. Box 4856, Philadelphia, Pa.

Pittsburgh Coin Club—Meets third Thursday of each month in the Downtown Y. M. C. A. Building, Third Ave. and Wood St. D. A. Edwards, Secretary, 4029 Brandon Road, N. S., Pittsburgh, Pa.

Quad-City Coin Club, Davenport, Iowa—Meets every second Thursday of the month at the Y. M. C. A. in Davenport. Marjorie L. Ankeny, Secretary, 218 Essex Lane, Davenport, Iowa.

Racine Numismatic Society, Racine, Wis.—Meets second Friday of each month. Arthur E. Jones, Secretary, 1203 S. Main St., Racine, Wis.

Rochester Numismatic Society, Rochester, Minn.—Meets first Monday of each month in Chamber of Commerce Building. S. W. Anderson, Secretary, 305½ S. Broadway, Rochester, Minn.

Rochester Numismatic Association, Rochester, N. Y.—Meets first and third Tuesday at Municipal Museum. Thomas Kline, Secretary, 1545 St. Paul St., Rochester, N. Y.

Rocky Mountain Numismatic Society, Denver, Col.—Meets second Thursday of each month, unless otherwise ordered, at homes and offices of individual members as selected. Jacob G. Willson, Secretary-Treasurer, Room 15, State Capitol, Denver, Col.

San Diego Numismatic Society, San Diego, Cal.—Meets first Thursday of each month in the Assembly Hall of the Electric Building. Thomas W. Voetter, Secretary, 1819 Sheridan Ave., San Diego, Cal.

St. Louis Numismatic Society, St. Louis, Mo.—Meets monthly at Washington University. T. E. Duncan, Secretary, Washington University, St. Louis, Mo.

Seattle Coin Club, Seattle, Wash.—Meets last Thursday of the month at Hearthstone Tea Room, Fifth and Union Sts., Seattle. C. C. Saeman, Secretary, 11515 Sand Point Way, Seattle, Wash. Mail to 403 Crary Bldg., Seattle.

Sioux City Coin Club, Sioux City, Iowa—Meets the third Monday evening of each month at a place to be selected. W. S. Snyder, Secretary-Treasurer, 432 Commerce Building, Sioux City, Iowa.

Springfield Coin Club, Springfield, Mass.—Meets second Wednesday of each month at the Museum of Fine Arts, Springfield. William W. Willard, Secretary, 94 Warren Terrace, Longmeadow, Mass.

Stark Coin Club, Canton, Ohio—Meets first Monday at the Courtland Hotel. William G. Bruce, Secretary, 2816 Second St., N. W., Canton, Ohio.

Sterling Coin Club, Sterling, Ill.—Meets second Wednesday each month at the Y. M. C. A., Sterling, Ill. Wm. H. Jamison, Secretary, 401 West Tenth St., Sterling, Ill.

Syracuse Numismatic Association, Syracuse, N. Y.—Meets first Friday of each month at the Onondaga Hotel. Frank O. Webster, 338 W. Onondaga St., Syracuse, N. Y.

Tacoma Coin Club, Tacoma, Wash.—Meets first Friday of each month. Louis K. Woodford, Secretary, P. O. Box 1642, Tacoma, Wash.

The Bronx (N. Y.) Coin Club—Meets fourth Wednesday of each month at East 148th Street Restaurant, just west of Third Ave., The Bronx, New York City. David M. Bullowa, Secretary, 95 Fifth Ave., New York City.

The Numismatic and Antiquarian Society of Philadelphia, Pa.—Meets six times a year. January, February, March, April, November and December. Henry Paul Busch, Secretary, 1006 Spruce St., Philadelphia, Pa.

Toledo Coin Club, Toledo, Ohio—Meets second and fourth Mondays of each month. S. L. Szyperski, Secretary, 222 Austin St., Toledo, Ohio.

Topeka Coin Club, Topeka, Kan.—Meets last Thursday of month at the Chamber of Commerce. Homer F. Wright, Secretary, 134 N. Western Ave., Topeka, Kan.

Toronto Coin Club, Toronto, Canada—Meets second and fourth Friday each month at Apartment 2, 592 Church St., Toronto. J. Bruce Parker, Secretary, 105 Buckingham Ave., Toronto, Canada.

Triple-Cities Coin Club, Binghamton, N. Y.—Meets first Monday of each month. H. M. Christman, Secretary, 274 Conklin Ave., Binghamton, N. Y.

Trumbull Coin, Stamp and Curio Club, Warren, Ohio—Meets first and third Wednesdays at the Y. M. C. A. (except in June, July and August). Clyde Stillinger, Secretary, 534 North St., N. W., Warren, Ohio.

Utica Coin Club, Utica, N. Y.—Meets first and third Tuesdays of each month at 249 Genesee St. F. Harrington, Secretary, 249 Genesee St., Utica, N. Y.

Washington Numismatic Society, Washington, D. C.—Meets first Monday of each month at Hotel Washington. Mrs. Edness Kimball Wilkins, Secretary, The Fairfax, 2100 Massachusetts Ave., Washington, D. C.

Waterbury Numismatic Society, Waterbury, Conn.—Meets third Friday of the month at the Mattatuck Historical Society Bldg. Arnold B. Grasso, Secretary, 81 Charles St., Waterbury, Conn.

Waukesha Coin Club, Waukesha, Wis.—Meets third Wednesday of each month at 309 South St., Waukesha. Ralph Wright, Secretary, 501 S. Grand Ave., Waukesha, Wis.

Westchester County (N. Y.) Coin Club—Meets third Tuesday of each month at the Y. M. C. A. in New Rochelle, N. Y. Saul Bellus, Secretary, 559 S. Tenth Ave., Mount Vernon, N. Y.

Western Maryland Coin Club—Meets third Wednesday of each month at the Central Y. M. C. A., Cumberland, Md. Martin L. Johnson, Secretary, P. O. Box 145, Cumberland, Md.

Western Pennsylvania Numismatic Society—Meets the first Tuesday of every month at the Carnegie Institute of Pittsburgh. Earl Coatsworth, Secretary, 914 Broadway, East McKeesport, Pa.

Western Reserve Numismatic Club, Cleveland, Ohio—Meets second Wednesday of each month at the Allerton Hotel. John W. Gregor, Secretary, 15221 St. Clair Ave., Cleveland, Ohio.

Youngstown Numismatic Club, Youngstown, Ohio—Meets first Thursday of each month at Ohio Hotel, W. Boardman St. A. F. Smith, Secretary, 57 Brooklyn Ave., Youngstown, Ohio.

NEW YORK NUMISMATIC CLUB—379th regular meeting, July 12, 1940, Arthur W. Deas, president, presiding. Fifteen members were present.

The topics for the evening were: Coins, Medals and Paper Money Relating to France and her possessions; French War Medals and Decorations; Negotiable Instruments bearing signatures of Presidents and prominent Americans; Coins of South Africa.

Exhibits were made by the following:

W. R. Carpenter: Medal of the Croix de Guerre, with Palm. Medal of the S. S. Pilsudski, issued by the Polish Government. World's Fair medal of the Pennsylvania Oil Company. World's Fair medals of 1940, Metropolitan Life Insurance Company; the 1940 World's Fair medal, and the Polish World's Fair medal showing Paderewski, the famous Polish pianist on the obverse.

D. M. Bullowa: 1 pound note, 1938, of the Isle of Man. 1 pound and 10 shillings of England, surcharged by the Dardanelles. 41 miscellaneous French and French Colonial bank notes from 5 francs to 100 francs, including Reunion, Madagascar, New Caledonia and Tahiti.

L. E. Cox: Medal issued by the City of Verdun to soldiers whose names are inscribed in the "Golden Book of the Soldiers of Verdun Meuse-Argonne 1918," together with certificate. 5 francs, silver, 1875, with lettered edge. 2 francs, silver, 1918, with ring made from similar coin.

V. L. Brown: Albania, 5/100th, 10/100th lek. bronze; 20/100th, 2 lek, acmonital, 1939. Ireland (Eire), ¼d, ½d, 1939, bronze. Rumania, 20, 100 lei, Galbeni, ornamental Jubilee coin, 1939, gold. Complete set, 6 pieces, as each denomination has two different reverse designs.

M. B. Schumacher: Ecu, 1782, Louis XVI; 5 francs, 1801, First Republic; 5 francs, 1811, French Empire, Napoleon; 5 francs, 1824, Louis XVIII; 5 francs, 1831, Louis Phillippe; 5 francs, 1849, Second Republic; 5 francs, 1856, French Empire, Napoleon III; 5 francs, 1877, Third Republic; 100 francs, 1935. Third Republic; 100 francs, 1936, Third Republic.

A. W. Deas: Set of Greenwich Tercentenary wooden nickels and medal authorized by Congress May 13, 1940.

C. M. Wormser: Vatican State, 1939, complete set Pius XII.

H. J. Erlanger: Satirical medal of 1674 on the excessiveness of France under Louis XIV.

W. H. Arthur: Proof set of South Africa, dated 1937, ¼d., ½d., 1d., 3d., 6d., one

shilling, two shillings and two-and-one-half shillings. 50 centimes or one-half franc of France, dated 1932, struck at the Paris Mint.

O. T. Sghia: French crowns, Louis XVI, 1785; First Republic, 1803; Napoleon, Emperor of the French Republic, 1807; French Empire, 1811; Louis XVIII, 1814; Charles X, 1828; Louis Phillippe, 1841; Second Republic, 1848; Napoleon III, 1870; Third Republic, 1873; Third Republic, 20 francs, 1934.

F. C. C. Boyd: Gold commemorative coins of Rumania, dated 1939, 20 and 100 lei, and a Galbeni, two varieties of each of the 20 and 100 lei. 1939 Pius XII Vatican set, including gold, silver, copper and nickel.

The secretary reported the death of Mrs. George H. Blake and informed the club that a floral piece had been sent to the funeral, and that several members of the club attended the funeral services.

The executive committee suggested as the topic for the August meeting: Platinum Coins; Cardboard Currency; Envelopes used for money; Odd denominations in notes, such as quarter-dollar, three-eighths dollar, seven-eighths dollar, etc.; Original designs, bonds and paper money. This was adopted.

It was decided that in commemoration and in honor of the numismatic activities of the late Moritz Wormser, each year the June meeting be set aside as a "Wormser" meeting of the club.

THE BRONX COIN CLUB—Eighty-second regular meeting, June 26. Nineteen members and six guests were present.

President Stein said that the members of the board of governors would serve as a committee to present revised by-laws of the club's constitution. President Stein said that since our corporate charter had become effective the previous by-laws were null.

It was announced that the September meeting would be a Memorial Meeting in memory of Mr. Hentgen. All members will bring mementoes that evening.

The exhibits of the evening were as follows:

Mr. Arthur: A representative collection of U. S. half dimes, 1794, 1795, 1829, 1837 and 1860, uncirculated. 1901-S Barber half dollar and 1901-S Barber quarter.

Mr. Blake: Satirical coins of France issued during the Franco-Prussian war. Collection of half dimes.

Mr. Bullowa: Malta, 1939 half-crown note just issued, and 1908 Honduras 50 centavos, very rare.

Mr. Clark: Eleven miscellaneous coins, all recent acquisitions.

Mr. Dewey: Set of five wooden nickels of Greenwich, Conn.; Greenwich, Connecticut, copper commemorative medal.

Mr. Friedman: Postoffice Department Safe Driving Award, with bar indicating six years' safe driving in the Postoffice Department.

Dr. Feith: Beautiful Roman sestertii of Augustus, Agrippina, Nero, Galba, Trajan, Hadrian and Antoninus Pius.

Dr. Herzfelder: Tiberius aureus with Pontifex Maxim.

Mr. Kortjohn: Various half dimes, 1794 to 1873.

Mr. Knoth: Denarius of Julian the Apostate (bearded bust).

Mr. Kosoff: The rare 1802 half dime; 1852 U. S. Assay Office $50 slug.

Mr. Morley: Gold coins of Chile, Costa Rica, and Cuba. Roman portrait coins selected for their exceptional state of preservation.

Mr. Morgenthau: Wooden nickel, Greenwich, Conn., Tercentenary; milk money, San Francisco, 1939. 4 etchings of San Francisco on brass plates. 1849, 1902, 1875 horse-drawn street car, and 1885 Ferry Building.

Mr. Rippner: Cent of 1793, half dimes 1833, 1804 (plain 4) half cent, and silver stater of Nerva.

Mr. Stein: Roman and Greek coins with musical instruments.

Mr. Schulman: Burma, 1850 pattern rupee. Siam, aluminum satung without puncture in center. Platinum 5 and 10 escudos of Spain, Isabella II. Cambodia, pattern 4 tical in white metal. Cuba, 1870, pattern peso in bronze. Cambrai, 20 patards, siege issue of 1595. Canada, bouquet sou on square planchet, Breton 689. Cilicia, Tarsus, Datames, stater, B. M. C. 30. Egypt, Arsinoe dekadrachm; Phoenicia, Sidon, double stater, B. M. C. 69. Roma, denarius of Manlia Scantilla, Rev. Juno standing, C. 3.

Mr. Sghia: 1792 disme. Half dimes, 1795, 1796, 1800, 1864, 1872-S; crowns of Cambodia, Casale, Cartagena, Campen, Chile, Cisalpine Republic, Colombia, Constance, Copiago and Coquimbo, Cuba and Cuzco.

Mr. Stack: Gold coins of Brazil, Bolivia, Baden, Bavaria, Brandenburg, and Brunswick-Luneberg. 3 pence, broad ax, Connecticut; Washington, New York and Connecticut cents. Russian musical medal, 4 thaler of Brunswick with lute. Fenian Raid medal.

Mr. Wagner: 8 different military and naval medals of the Chinese Expeditions from 1842 to 1901.

Topics for the July meeting were selected as follows: U. S. types of dimes; Castorland token, by Mr. Zweier (paper); Washington Pieces, by Mr. Arthur (paper); Coins of twentieth century from countries beginning with the letter C. Paper on Costa Rica, Mr. Silverman. Coins of the era of conflict between Greece and Rome, paper by Dr. Zygman.

WASHINGTON NUMISMATIC SOCIETY—July 1. Swedish coins received the attention of the society when Mr. Vanderwende displayed his collection and discussed the history that paralleled them; Sweden's relations with Norway and Denmark; her church and commercial history; the lineage of her kings, and her present situation due to the war. The oldest coin in the display was of 1521. Mr. Vanderwende showed what is believed to be the only complete proof set in this country of the commemorative coins of Carl XV, 1862.

A piece of the famous "wife money" or lunkana of Africa was displayed by Mr. Permoda. It was a copper salteld, in the shape of a cross, used by the

Baluba tribe in the Congo Region, centuries ago, in the purchase of a wife. The coin was found in the Great Simbabwe ruins of Southern Rhodesia.

The "Bank Note and Commercial Reporter Magazine," published in 1852, was exhibited by Mr. Weikert. The issue discussed counterfeiting, the standing of various banks, the change in the amount of silver in our coins, and other items of interest to bankers and business men.

Mr. Zigler displayed a collection of Civil War tokens and discussed the various types of cannon, ships and other implements of war used in the Civil War, as shown on the tokens.

PITTSBURGH COIN CLUB—June 20, President Hepting in the chair. There were eleven members present.

The forthcoming annual picnic of the Northeastern Ohio and Western Pennsylvania Coin Club Association was discussed and arrangements made for transportation.

The following exhibits were on display:

Mr. Drew: Silk money, 25 to 1000 marks.
Mr. Hepner: 1836 silver dollar, proof; 1797 half dollar.
Dr. Hepting: 1857 large cent, large date, unc.
Mr. Keitzer: 1884-CC dollar.
Mr. Kerr: 6 English tokens.
Mr. Layton: Belgium gold, 20 francs; Denmark gold, 10 kroner.
Mr. Lucky: 1908-S and 1909-S Indian cents, unc.
Mr. Rehula: Cents 1857-1939, unc. and proof.

WESTERN RESERVE NUMISMATIC CLUB—231st meeting, June 12, 1940. Twenty-five members and three guests were present. Judge Sawicki presided.

We were glad to have Mr. Walker, of Warren, back with us. He is now well on the road to recovery.

During a part of this meeting Mrs. Odilia Windau presided, since this was ladies' night. Mrs. Windau is the only lady member of our club.

Exhibits were as follows:

Odilia Windau: Maria Theresa crown; medals of Marie Antoinette [a daughter of Maria Theresa], and of Maximilian and Carlotta of Mexico.

Ambrose P. Spencer: Eighteen Greek and Roman portrait coins of empresses, representing the various styles of hair-dressing in vogue during the 500 years from 80 B. C. to 400 A. D.

Samuel J. Kabealo: Quarter dollars; set of 20c. pieces in proof; an assayer's bar of silver, value $5.62.

Fred Hahlen: Medals and coins portraying famous women—Queens Elizabeth, Victoria, Isabella, Wilhelmina, Empress Maria Theresa, Lady Godiva, Amelia Earhart, Julia Domna, and the Madonna and Child; 1810 quarta of Gibraltar.

Harley L. Freeman: 1857, 100 reales of Isabella II of Spain struck in platinum.

Edgar G. Bell: 24 dollar-size coins showing the portraits of famous women rulers of European nations.

John W. Gregor: Coins of famous women in history—Victoria of England, Wilhelmina of the Netherlands, Anne of England, Charlotte, Grand Duchess of Luxembourg; Augusta, Kaiserin of Germany; Annette von Droste of Westphalia, Empress Elizabeth of Austria, Maria Luigia of Parma, Maria Theresa of Austria and as Empress of the Holy Roman Empire.

Joseph F. Sawicki: Tetradrachms of Phoenicia, Syracuse, Cleopatra, Macedonia under Rome; denarii of Faustina, Julia Domna, Otacilla, Julia Maesa; a gold stater of Alexander, and a gold aureus of Faustina.

An auction was held.

JERSEY CITY COIN CLUB—June 6, after dinner in the Plaza Hotel dining room. President L. H. Zepfler presided. Eight members and one guest were present.

Mr. Zepfler suggested that we hold our annual picnic on June 23. This date was unanimously agreed upon. Mr. Simms was appointed chairman of the picnic committee.

Exhibits were as follows:

Mr. Arthur: A nickel 25 centimos of the Spanish Nationalist Government of the Franco Rebels with a pierced center. Also one-peseta piece struck in brass of the Loyalist Government.

Mr. Blake: Two old French scales, one for weighing gems and stones and one for gold.

Mrs. Zepfler: Switzerland, 20 francs, uncirculated, 1812.

Mr. Brookes: Coins from Switzerland. 2 Confederate registered bond notes. Script from various States. Medal issued by American Numismatic Society for Hudson-Fulton celebration. Metal scrip for $1 and $5.

Mr. Herwig: Four 1928 silver dollars, P mint. These silver dollars were used to pay admission to a bingo game on different nights. A 1935 P mint U. S. quarter with a swastika cut on the breast of the eagle. This was received in change from a cigar store.

Mr. Pukall: Silver coins and medals of Sweden, South Africa, St. Gall, Freiburg, Insbruck and Basel.

Mr. Zepfler: Coins from Salvador, Straits Settlements, Siam, South African Republic, South Africa, Servia, Scotland, Southern Rhodesia, Spain and Sweden.

Mr. Nettleship: Coins of Syracuse, Saxony, Siam, Sinope, Spain, Sweden, Salvador. $5 National Gold Bank notes of Stockton, San Francisco. Emergency note signed by General Charles George "Chinese" Gordon during siege of Khartoum, April 25, 1884, 20 piastres. Also a medal issued to a soldier involved in the Egyptian campaign, with ribbon and bar, The Nile, 1884-85.

Mr. Blake suggested that, inasmuch as Mrs. Zepfler was interested in numis-

matics, she be elected to membership. Mrs. Zepfler was unanimously elected to membership.

June 23—Members and their families began arriving at the Simms Cottage at Greenwood Lake at 11.30 A. M. Lunch was served from 12 to 1. Games were played, contests run and swimming was enjoyed the balance of the afternoon. The meeting was called to order at 6 P. M., at which time the prizes were distributed and interesting remarks were made by those present. Mrs. Frank Brookes was unanimously elected to membership of the club.

MILWAUKEE NUMISMATIC SOCIETY—69th meeting, June 28, with 26 members and three guests in attendance. President Culver presided.

B. L. Hagensick was accepted as a club member.

Mr. Zerr, chairman of the emblem committee, reported on the work of his committee and recommended deferring final action, which was done.

President Culver reported that the time selected for the 1941 Central States Numismatic Association Convention here in Milwaukee is the last week-end in April and that all meetings will be held in the Pfister Hotel. Mr. Culver was elected chairman of the convention committee. He is to select the other members of this committee. Various ways and means for raising money for defraying necessary convention expenses were then discussed, but no final action was taken.

It was announced that member John Stewart is ill at a local hospital. It was decided to send him flowers.

Exhibits were as follows:

Mr. Gaulke: 15 silver dollars from various countries.

Mr. Schilz: Two small gold coins.

Mr. Rosholm: About a hundred pieces of German and Austrian necessity money, and also a number of odd pieces of money.

LEHIGH VALLEY COIN CLUB—28th regular meeting, May 16. H. N. Shepherd presided. A. J. Smith acted as secretary. Fourteen members and guests were present.

Three new applications were received for club membership.

Mr. Ziegler made a report of the badge committee, submitting samples and prices. Action on this matter was deferred until the next meeting.

Hr. Smith read a very interesting article on the history of early coinage.

The Stroudsburg group had a very nice display of coins arranged on tables. The exhibition was one of the finest at any of our meetings.

At the close of the meeting an auction was held.

LEHIGH VALLEY COIN CLUB—29th meeting, June 20. President R. S. Taylor, Jr., presided, with twenty-one members in attendance.

Three new members were elected and one application received.

The secretary was instructed to purchase identification badges to be worn by members at all future meetings.

A program committee was appointed to arrange for the entertainment at all future meetings for the remainder of the year.

A banquet committee was also appointed to arrange for the coming annual banquet in October.

As is the usual custom the July and August meetings have been suspended.

A very lively auction was held.

ATLANTA COIN CLUB—June 19, President G. M. Todd presiding and 15 members present.

A talk by Geo. O. Walton was postponed until the August 7 meeting.

It was announced that the next meeting of the club on July 17 would be held on the fifteenth floor of the Hurt Building, where pictures of the 1939 A. N. A. convention in New York City would be shown. Every member was urged to bring as many visitors to see the picture as possible.

Considerable discussion was held on individual window displays by the members, and although quite a few of these were already placed and receiving favorable comment, others were promised.

The club learned that its secretary, Truitt Harper, is being transferred to Corpus Christi, Texas. Edwin Harrison will become Secretary for the remainder of the year.

A committee was appointed to draw up a resolution on the death of Mr. Moritz Wormser, in whose passing we feel a very deep loss.

Exhibits were as follows:

Harry Moses: Uncirculated commemoratives.

M. C. Kiser: 1884-CC and 1799 silver dollars.

G. O. Walton: 1802 gold $10, a number of dollars and half dollars and bills.

J. J. Gonzales: Numerous gold dollars, $2½ and $5 pieces.

CALIFORNIA COIN CLUB—149th regular meeting, July 2, was attended by some twenty-five members and guests, among the guests being several from Kansas City, Chicago and other places. President Larson presided. A motion was carried that no meeting of the club be held in August, but that Mr. L. Danz, who recently addressed the Orange County Coin Club, be invited to speak at the September meeting.

There was discussion as to the advisability of selling certain gold medals belonging to the club collection and the treasurer was directed to place these medals and the other items of the collection on display at the next meeting so that the members may become more familiar with the matter under discussion.

The principal speaker of the evening was S. M. Koeppel, a national authority on United States coins, who gave a most instructive outline of our numismatic history, illustrating his talk with many excellent exhibits from his collections.

Paper money, Hard Times tokens and other items of interest were also displayed.
An auction was held.

SEATTLE COIN CLUB—52nd meeting, June 27, with President Paul Fouts presiding.

Mr. Maine read an article from the February, 1907, issue of The Numismatist, describing the 15 most valuable American coins, their value being placed at $16,000.

President Fouts also read from the June, 1907, issue of The Numismatist the article by Mr. Zerbe describing the Stickney auction. This proved very interesting and gave an idea of the many rarities that had been acquired by this outstanding collector.

It was decided, on account of the vacation period, to have no meeting during July and August.

The main speaker of the evening was Ralph Hoover, who gave the club a very interesting talk on modern economics and reviewed the financial situation of the present time. His talk was enjoyed by every one.

Mr. Maine exhibited a set of 12 proof U. S. dollars. Mr. Fouts, a collection of coins representing the countries recently conquered by Hitler. Mr. Saeman, a very fine denarius of Julius Caesar with the emperor's portrait, also a fine sestertius of Lucius Verus, a specimen of ancient Chinese fish money, leaf money of Siam and shell money of South Africa and the Solomon Islands.

Mr. Dermond displayed an Oak Tree shilling; Dr. Moon, 34 half cents of different dates, as well as some wooden money.

CHICAGO COIN CLUB—257th meeting, July 3, 58 members and 2 visitors being present. President R. L. McBrien presided.

Applications of Albert J. Frendahl and Chas. E. McPhee were approved by the membership committee.

The resignation of Wm. C. Taft was read and accepted.

The editor of the club's Bulletin, Wm. G. Rayson, reported that the next issue of the Bulletin will be published in September and he requests that items of numismatic interest be forwarded to him for publication.

An acknowledgement of thanks was read from Mrs. Moritz Wormser and family.

Correspondence from the Detroit Coin Club relative to exhibits at this years A. N. A. convention was read.

Exhibits were as follows:

D. C. Keefer: 8 copper ¼, ½ and 1 shekel of Judaea; 3 Bryan dimes in type metal and white metal, 1897, and some Republican German proofs.

R. Cederlund: 32 satirical medals of the Franco-Prussian War of 1870.

R. W. Smith: Uniface siege coin of Braunau (Saxony), 1/32 taler, 1743, struck when besieged by the Austrians.

L. F. Hewitt: Haiti pattern rouble gourde of King Henry Christophe, 1820. A very interesting historical talk was given on this exhibit.

Paul Pennington: Coins from 300 B. C. to 408 A. D., illustrating the development of portraits of real men on coinage.

Wm. G. Rayson: Silver set of Edward VI, 1551 crown, half-crown, shilling, sixpence and threepence; Edward VI shilling dated 1549; Augustus Humbert gold $10, 1852, uncirculated.

Harry Boosel: 1940 uncirculated coins of various mints.

R. L. McBrien: Uniface piece of Middleburg, field crown, 1574; quarter eagle of 1807, proof.

STARK COIN CLUB—July 7, 60th meeting, at the home of Eugene Sellers, with eight members and twelve guests present. George Caster presided.

The main topic for discussion during the business section of the meeting was the first annual Northeastern Ohio and Western Pennsylvania Coin Clubs Association dinner. The Stark Coin Club, of Canton, Ohio, will sponsor this affair. The program will start early in the afternoon of Saturday, October 5, 1940, followed by a dinner at 6.30 P. M. at the Belden Hotel, Canton, Ohio. Guests are most welcome and reservations may be secured through the Stark Coin Club Secretary, Wm. G. Bruce, 2816 Second Street N. W., Canton, Ohio. Phone 3-1950.

Mr. Sellers displayed a large portion of his collection, which includes many legal-tender bills, coins, and rare mint-marked gold pieces.

Mr. Kabealo displayed some very fine quarters, including an about uncirculated 1796.

QUAD CITY COIN CLUB—June 13. There were 20 members and 1 guest present.

Mr. Baker read the correspondence, which consisted of a letter from the Tatham Stamp and Coin Company giving the dates on which the A. N. A. films were available. It was decided to engage the films and establish the date of the fall dinner.

Mr. Wright reported on the Library display. It is not possible to put a permanent display at the Library without having it passed by the Library board. This is to be taken up at the next meeting of the board and will very likely be passed. Mr. Baker volunteered to make one of his famous cases for this display and his offer was accepted.

It was decided to omit meetings during July and August.

There was a discussion on the expense of striking the I. N. A. medals, and the club expressed its willingness to underwrite a portion of the expense as soon as the actual cost is known.

Mr. Baker introduced Mr. Loyd Gettys, the principal speaker of the evening. Mr. Gettys' talk on "Paper Money" and his extensive display illustrating this talk was exceptionally instructive and interesting.

DES MOINES COIN CLUB—July 5, 52nd meeting, Dr. Hansen presiding. Ten members and one visitor were present.

The application of C. W. Roberts was accepted.

The program for the evening was furnished by Leon Smith. Mr. Smith, besides being a collector of coins, is also an accomplished magician. He demonstrated some of his feats of magic for us and one of them, the making of dimes out of pennies, would appeal to any collector.

The usual auction followed.

SIOUX CITY COIN CLUB—An exhibit of large cents was the highlight of the June meeting of the Sioux City Coin Club. This display was prepared and presented by H. N. Labbitt, one of the members of the group. A constitution was drawn up and adopted by the Club at this meeting and four new members were added to the group.

A coin auction was held.

WESTERN RESERVE NUMISMATIC CLUB—230th meeting, May 8. There were 35 members and 9 guests present. Judge Sawicki presided.

The evening was devoted to the main exhibit—the large paper-money collection, which was so ably described by our Chicago representative, George A. Borchik.

Mr. A. J. Wisner was elected to membership.

Exhibits were as follows:

Howard D. Gibbs: Foreign crowns; ancient dekadrachms and tetradrachms; odd and curious coins.

Ambrose P. Spencer: Solidus of Theodosius II; triens of Zeno; Roman emperors of the East during the fifth century A. D.

Combined exhibit of Harley L. Freeman and George A. Borchik: Approximately 500 notes described as follows: Demand notes, interest-bearing notes, compound-interest notes, refunding notes, all seals and signatures of legal-tender notes and silver certificates from $1 to $20; all seals and signatures of the $10 and $20 gold certificates; all signatures of all 12 Federal Reserve Banks in the $1 and $2 series; most of the $5 in same category; types of $5, $10, $20 Federal Reserve notes; types of National Bank notes of all charter periods and of all denominations; all known types and signatures of the small-size currency (1928 to date) from $1 to $20; freak notes; inverted reverses, misprints, odd numbers, cut sheets, and low-numbered notes.

After an auction the meeting was adjourned.

AMES NUMISMATIC SOCIETY—July 10, with Walter P. Bohler acting as president in the absence of the president.

Plans for the I. N. A. convention to be held in Ames October 19 and 20th at the Sheldon-Munn Hotel were discussed.

Four new members were admitted to the club. They are G. V. Lake, Clifford Underwood, Fred Huntley and D. A. Dunlap.

WESTERN RESERVE NUMISMATIC CLUB—232nd meeting, July 10. There were 27 members and 7 guests present. Judge Sawicki presided.

Rollin D. Schreffler, of Cleveland, made application for membership. He was also signed up for membership in the A. N. A.

Mr. Gibbs, of Pittsburgh, invited all members to the July meeting of the Pittsburgh Coin Club, which will be held in Mr. Gibbs' home.

The discourse of the evening was presented by Otto C. Budde. His discourse outlined the early struggles of our forefathers in the shaping of our great nation.

Fred T. Joers informed us that he has not missed a meeting in over thirteen years. He is a charter member of the club.

Exhibits were as follows:

Ambrose P. Spencer: A series of nine coins and medals representing characters and events from American history, 1587 to 1800.

Howard D. Gibbs: Oldest coin mould for six round coins of the period from 770-250 B. C.; Chinese jade; Spanish pieces-of-eight of Colombia (1680 and 1668); Mexican "cobs" of 1733, 1790; Peru, 1754, 1768, 1791; Spain, 1588, 1682.

Fred Roth: Fractional currency; currency of the Confederacy and currency of the Second Continental Congress.

Charles Kabealo: 119 silver dollars of the United States.

John W. Gregor: Fac-simile copy of the Declaration of Independence on parchment paper; early U. S. half dollars; rare proof sets of coins of Portugal and its colonies inscribed "PROVA," meaning proof.

Joseph F. Sawicki: Centennial set of medals of 1876 in original velvet case.

Otto C. Budde: Continental Currency, as follows: 12 shillings of New Jersey, dated Dec. 31, 1763; 1 shilling note raised to 12 shillings; Hessian "eine mark" money of 1766; complete set of Yorktown notes, 8 bills in all, dated April 11, 1778; 2 bills of Pennsylvania signed by John Morton, April 3, 1772 and 2 signed by Francis Hopkinson, March 20, 1771; 3 bills of New Jersey signed by John Hart, March 25, 1776; 30-day sight draft signed by Francis Hopkinson, March 10, 1779.

After an auction of 40 lots the meeting was adjourned.

RACINE NUMISMATIC SOCIETY—28th meeting, July 12th, President John M. Carls presiding. Fourteen members and four guests were present.

Exhibits at this meeting were as follows:

Louis Wilczynski: Set Vatican City 1940 coins, Unc.

Karl Borseth: 1879 gold dollar, proof. 1906 Mexican 5 pesos, gold, Unc. 1794 spade guinea, George III, England, Ex. Fine.

John M. Carls: 1858 Flying Eagle cent, large letters, Unc. 1858 Flying Eagle cent, small letters, Unc.

PHILADELPHIA COIN CLUB—July 11. The sixty-first meeting was called to order by President Leatherman, with twenty-three members and guests present.

Because this meeting started our sixth year, Mr. Faucett, our first president; Mr. Logan, Mr. Davidson and Mr. Enburg, those members who were present at the first meeting, were called on for a few remarks. All present agreed that progress has been made in building one of the most active clubs in the country and that we surely are doing our part to promote the hobby.

Ira Reed, in charge of entertainment, gave us an interesting talk on his collecting experiences and included a number of beautiful examples of rare Stegal glass from his large collection.

Hans Schulman, of New York, displayed a number of beautiful European items.

The door prize, a 1939 Canadian dollar, was won by Mr. Patterson, and the chance prize, an 1899 series dollar note, was won by Mr. McDevitt.

An auction followed adjournment.

BROOKLYN COIN CLUB—86th meeting, July 3, President Kosoff in the chair. There were 17 members present. Mr. Reagan acted as secretary in the absence of the secretary.

Joseph Barnet read an excellent paper on Civil War Tokens and illustrated it with an exhibit of the types of tokens mentioned in the paper.

The following exhibits were made:

Mr. Blake. Ten early half dollars. 1858-S half dollar with five chopmarks.

Mr. Bullowa: French medal of 1854, on union of France and England to assure peace of the world.

Mr. Eill: U. S. half dollars, proofs of 1884, 1879, 1913, 1914.

Mr. Heft: Irish token of 1816.

Mr. Kortjohn: Scott's Copper Coins, 1890; five half-dollar patterns.

Mr. Kraus: Recent issues of Ireland, Iraq, and Dominican Republic.

Mr. Schwartz: 12 British halfpenny tokens; New York World's Fair tokens.

Mr. Shanahan: Coins of Constantinople, and miniature British war medals.

Mr. Silverman: Recent issues of Vatican State and Albania.

Mr. Reagan: Printer's proof of Fifty-Year Index of The Numismatist.

HEART OF AMERICA NUMISMATIC ASSOCIATION—June 10. There were 34 members and visitors present.

The film that we have been waiting for since March was here. It was the A. N. A. Convention film for 1939. Mr. Janda also brought a talking picture of the sports of the world. Both films were very interesting.

A motion was made and carried that we appropriate the manager of the Pickwick Hotel some commemorative half dollars. Mr. Rowold was appointed as a committee to see that this is carried out.

Plans are being shaped for the coming of the St. Louis Club, probably some time in October or November. Messrs. Rowold, Stump and Keith are the committee on entertainment.

A. C. Haskin and John C. Carr were admitted to membership.

Mr. Janda had on display sets of proof coins. Mr. Paris had on display a coin with the portrait of the first King of Ireland.

BALTIMORE COIN CLUB—June 20. Fourteen members and one guest were present.

Application for membership was received from Dr. John C. Heck.

We had considerable discussion for improvement of our meetings, etc., and especially our auction nights. It was suggested that members having desirable entries for the auctions exhibit them at a previous meeting and put a price upon them at which the opening bid must start. It was agreed to give this idea a tryout.

This was a program night and the rest of the evening was devoted to an exhibition of early American silver dollars by Messrs. Cockey, Duffield, Brogden and Straus. Mr. Cockey read a paper he had prepared on the subject which was so interesting that Mr. Stewart offered to have mimeographed copies made for all the members.

WESTERN MARYLAND COIN CLUB—June 19. It was decided to set Sunday, June 30th, for the picnic of the club members and their families to be held at the Savage River.

A very instructive talk was given by William Wilson about the different types of the 1804 large cent, and also how to distinguish the genuine 1804 cent from imitations.

The 1939 A. N. A. Convention movie was shown and very much appreciated by our club.

Fred P. Keyser was declared the winner for having displayed what was considered the finest and largest collection of freak coins. A prize donated by President Cessna was awarded him.

Chas. E. Morris won the door prize, which was donated by member Chas. Hyde.

Our next regular meeting will be held in September and Mr. Korns will display at this meeting his excellent collection of Spanish coins.

Fred Keyser offered a prize to the member displaying the best set of buffalo nickels. If the set is not complete the condition of the coins will count in the judging.

Mr. Chas. Hyde displayed a complete and beautiful set of large cents.

An auction was held.

ORANGE COUNTY COIN CLUB—The club held its first anniversary dinner on June 18 at Daniger's Cafe, Santa Ana, Cal. Fifty members, their wives and guests were present.

Guest speaker for the occasion was Louis Danz, nationally known art critic and composer, who spoke on the influence of art from different parts of the world on the designing of coins. While Mr. Danz himself is not a coin collector, his talk was both interesting and instructive and was well received.

Miss Maurie Hamil, one of our lady members, was in charge of the dinner, and her clever ideas and table setting did much to add to the successs of the banquet.

The secretary reported the acceptance of three new members by the membership committee—W. R. Fanning, of Los Angeles; L. W. Kreimeyer and Oscar Spears, of Huntington Park.

An auction followed the meeting with Adolph Larson, Jr., president of the California Coin Club and honorary member of our club, acting as auctioneer. Many interesting pieces were sold, among them a pair of cuff links made of U. S. silver dollars and which had belonged to P. T. Barnum of circus fame.

NORTHWEST COIN CLUB—June 20. Twelve members and guests were present. Mr. and Mrs. Chester R. McCracken were visitors.

Donald Watts, one of our members, wished to dispose of a collection valued at about $300, and after a discussion it was decided to hold an auction on July 18 at the Curtis Hotel in Minneapolis. Members volunteered to help in valuing coins and setting up reserves and in doing the necessary paper work.

The Minnesota State Fair has kindly given us a 22-foot booth for an educational exhibit of coins, which will be shared by the Twin City Philatelic Society, which will exhibit stamps. Our association with the stamp clubs has been of mutual benefit. A joint exhibit seems to be more interesting to the general public. Fair dates are August 23 to September 2, inclusive.

The Northwest Coin Club's policy is to stress exhibits and auctions. The secretary gives notice of mail auctions and distributes catalogues to interested members. Dealers and auctioneers are invited to send literature and catalogues to Paul E. Olson, secretary, 616 S. Third St., Minneapolis, Minn. These will be brought to the attention of the club members.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY COIN CLUB—74th meeting, June 18. President Jacob presided over a gathering of 24 members.

The secretary announced the death of Mr. Moritz Wormser, past President of the A. N. A. A floral wreath was sent to his late home. The club members spoke with respect and feeling for a much-beloved man. His loss was a sincere blow and greatly felt by his many acquaintances in the numismatic fraternities.

A very interesting paper was read by Major William Root on medals. Mrs. Root expressed her appreciation to President Jacob for his talk to the members of the Pelham Memorial Junior High School during Coin Week.

Topics of the evening: Copper coins of Connecticut, Lincoln cents, coins of England, early Roman coins and items of your own interest.

Exhibits were as follows:

Mr. Dewey: Type collection of English farthings, halfpennies and pennies from George II to date.

Mrs. Dewey: Collection of Lincoln cents, 1909 to 1934.

Mr. Bellus: Coronation set of King George VI of England.

Mr. Skipton: Six $20 national currency notes, Martha Washington dollar and sets of English coins of George I, II, III, IV and Victoria.

Mr. Rippner: Set of small cents, proof and uncirculated, 1856 to 1932; 1-cent pattern, A.-W. 186, and 10 cents, pattern, A.-W. 1006.

Mr. Kortjohn: 6 sets of Maundy money.

Mr. Massey: English halfpennies, 1915-1924; pennies, 1844-1905; 3 pence, 1916, and eight eighteenth century tokens of London buildings.

Mr. Brooke: 160 types of English silver coins from 800 to date.

Mr. Lighte: $5 silver certificate of series 1886 and $5 national currency of Hartsdale National Bank.

Mr. Guttag: Leather scrip of 1933 from Albany Tanning Co., $1, 25 and 10 cents; Heppner sheepskin scrip, 1934, $5, $1, 50 and 25 cents; Wallowa County, Oregon, 1 buck buckskin currency; Riverton Lions Club, Wyoming, 50 cents.

DETROIT COIN CLUB—388th meeting was called to order by President Needels with 32 members and 3 visitors present.

Mr. Temple read a letter from Stack's outlining the plans for an elaborate auction to be held during the convention in Detroit.

Mr. Rapp stated that convention medals were being struck.

Dr. Russell Renz attended this meeting, he being greatly improved in health and recovering nicely from his accident.

A paper prepared by John G. Watson on early English coins was read. Mr. Watson also exhibited a superb collection of these early coins, several members seeing them for the first time. Many rare specimens were among the exhibits.

Mr. Fulton conducted the usual auction of exceptionally fine pieces of proof and uncirculated.

All of the various committees of the club are functioning 100 per cent. toward their goal of giving members and friends of the A. N. A. the greatest convention ever held. If you have not planned to come to Detroit you had better change your mind immediately, for you are going to miss the time of your life. Don't forget the dates, August 24 to 29, inclusive.

Be sure to visit the home of the automobiles.

CLEVELAND COIN CLUB—Sixth meeting, June 26. There were fifty-seven members and friends present.

Among speakers to address the club were Anthony L. Maresh, in "Bits of Linconiana"; Peter Witt, in "The Man of Sorrow"; Dr. Y. A. Sargis, in "The Zodiac"; C. W. McKinney, in "American Colonials"; Howard D. Gibbs, in "The Science of Numismatics"; Dr. Eugene Mankovich, "A Voice From the Northland."

The club conducts no business at the regular meetings, the entire time being devoted to the various phases of numismatics.

The business session precedes the regular meeting, and is restricted to members only. In this way the dispensing of routine business at the regular meetings makes these meetings more enjoyable and interesting to visitors.

It is the custom of the club to award a door prize at each meeting.

Friends and collectors in Northeast Ohio are invited to attend the club meetings held in the Hotel Carter the fourth Wednesday of each month.

WAUKESHA COIN CLUB—June 19. Eight members were present.

Mr. Jenkins gave a very interesting true and false questionnaire.

After adjournment an auction was held.

NEW JERSEY NUMISMATIC SOCIETY—82nd meeting, July 11. Eleven members and one guest were present. President Brown was in the chair.

Mr. Wade read several numismatic articles which had appeared in various publications.

It was regularly moved and approved that the secretary write a letter of sympathy to Mr. George H. Blake.

Mrs. Brookes brought greetings from the Albany Numismatic Society.

Mr. Nettleship read a carefully prepared paper on communion tokens.

The exhibits were as follows:

Mr. Beach: Collection of still valid but mostly discontinued issues of U. S. notes 1862 to date.

Mr. Brown: Eire, ¼d., ½d., 1939, bronze. Albania, 5/100, 1/10 lek, bronze; 1/5, 2 lek, acmonital, 1939. Rumania, 20, 100 lei, Galbani, gold, 1939, King Carol II.

Mr. Brookes: Counterfeit Jefferson nickel.

Mrs. Brookes: Denmark 8 marks, Christian V, 1675.

Mr. Husker: Middle bronzes of Rome.

Mr. May: Medal of the Seventh Regiment, N. Y. N. G., of 1906, on the 100th anniversary of founding.

Mr. Nettleship: Set of Vatican coinages: Pius XI, 1929 and 1936 and Pius XII, 1939. Various specimens of Scotch, Canadian and American communion tokens.

WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA NUMISMATIC SOCIETY—July 2, President Woodside was in the chair. Seventeen members and one guest were present.

The society unanimously elected to membership Ralph Buterbaugh, 612 Lamar St., Wilkinsburg, Pa., and George C. Kiefer, 951 Penn St., Brackenridge, Pa.

President Woodside appointed various committees to serve the society during the coming year.

This meeting was held at the University Club at the request of Dr. George J. Kastlin, who proved to be a very gracious host.

Exhibits for the evening were as follows:

Mr. Woodside: English pattern coins: Elizabeth, silver groat, 1601; Charles I, silver shilling and ½-groat by Briot; Charles, silver Petition Crown, 1663, 3 Broads of 1660, farthing of 1665, and copper farthing of 1662; William and Mary, silver and copper farthings; George III, silver halfpenny and sixpence by Droz; George IV, silver crown by Wyon and Merlin, Fullerton's Scotch patterns, half crown, shilling, sixpence, halfpenny; Victoria, Wyon's half crown, 1876, half shilling, 1856, one-tenth pound, 1848, and bronze halfpenny by Wilner, 1860.

Mr. Buterbaugh: Freak dimes, nickels and cents; Panama-Pacific gold dollar.

Mr. Eastwood: Set of types of Jersey; nineteenth century silver tokens of England and Wales.

Mr. Hall: Civil War tokens bearing portraits of Lincoln in silver, copper, white metal and brass.

Mr. Reynolds: Tray of thalers, including double thalers; Henry V, French Pretender, 5 francs, 1871, in proof.

Mr. O. W. Bullions: U. S. freak half dollar, 1940.

Mr. Locker: U. S. half dimes (Valentine numbers): Half disme, 1792, 1794, 1 to 4, inc.; 1795, 1 to 8, inc.; 1796 over '95, not in Valentine, and Nos. 1 and 1A; 1797, 1 to 4, inc.; 1800, 1, 1A and 2; 1801, 1, 1A and 2; 1902, No. 1; 1803, No. 1, and 1805, No. 1.

COLUMBUS NUMISMATIC SOCIETY—July 8, presided over by President Randolph. Eighteen members and five visitors from Portsmouth, Ohio, were present. The latter are planning a numismatic club for that city.

A discussion on Ironton iron dollars was had by the club.

There were 20 different displays of numismatic items and each sponsor gave a short talk on his display.

Vic Chambers gave a short talk on the A. N. A. convention, urging all members to attend.

Dr. Henderson boosted the A. N. A., urging members to join, and secured several applications.

The 1940 proof sets secured by the members through Treasurer Henderson were distributed.

An auction was held.

After the auction there was a lengthy informal discussion on the coming convention at Detroit, and it looks as if Columbus will be well represented.

AKRON COIN CLUB—22nd meeting, June 17, President F. Hammett presiding. Twenty-two members and guests were present.

A. C. Crayfoot was admitted to membership.

C. W. McKinney gave a report as to the disposition of the Dell Trophy Cup, and will submit a definite plan at the July meeting.

It voted that the club would continue to have regular meetings during the summer months.

S. J. Kabealo gave a report on the progress of the Northeastern Ohio and Western Pennsylvania Coin Association picnic.

Ambrose P. Spencer, of Cleveland, gave a very interesting talk on "The Early Dictators of Rome." In addition, he displayed coins with the portraits of the famous women of Rome, showing the many styles of hair-dress popular in their time.

The displays were as follows:

Ambrose P. Spencer: Coins of Sulla, Marc Antony, Julius Caesar, Augustus, Nero and other dictators of Rome; portrait coins of famous women of Rome.

V. L. Oblisk: Coins of Augustus, Nero and Antoninus Pius. Greek coins from the different cities, including coins of Philip II and Alexander the Great.

An auction was held.

NEWS FROM OTHER NATIONS.

GREECE—Greece has reported that a new issue of bank notes of the 50 drachma, 100 drachma, 500 drachma and 1,000 drachma values will be placed in circulation shortly. The present issues now used in Greece are of French manufacture, but the new notes are to be prepared in Great Britain.

ST. THOMAS AND PRINCIPE ISLAND—The Governor of these Islands, owned by Portugal, has reported that the 2½, 5 and 10 escudo notes now in circulation must be exchanged within the next six months for 1 escudo nickel coins, and 2½, 5 and 10 escudo silver coins. At present the coins in circulation are nickel 10, 20 and 50 centavos pieces.

YUGOSLAVIA—It has been reported that Yugoslavia has a new issue of nickel 10-dinar coins, placed in circulation instead of the silver 10-dinar pieces. Silver 10-dinar coins have been minted with the head of King Alexander, and also with the head of the boy King Peter II.

NORWAY—The city of Bergen, in Norway, issued municipal emergency currency in the course of the war. These notes are now being retired in exchange for Bank of Norway notes.

MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS.

France has issued a new Croix de Guerre. The new issue for the present World War has the date 1939 on the reverse.

Germany is substituting her present nickel 50-pfennig coins with an aluminum issue, which will be 22.5 millimeters in diameter.

Bank notes issued by the Bank of Danzig have been canceled in red with the word "Wertlos" to prevent further circulation.

The one-rupee notes of India show the value on the reverse in eight different languages.

The earliest notes for the Yugoslavian kingdom were printed by the American Bank Note Company. Subsequently issued notes are of French manufacture.

A hippopotamus is shown upon the reverse of the florin note of East Africa, issued in 1920.

The Greek notes issued in 1926, show upon the reverse representations of classical coins.

The Bank of England one-pound notes show in the watermark a classical head, similar to that on Corinthian coins.

Current Brazilian notes carry hand autographs in ink to attest the genuineness of the issue.

Lithuania issued a commemorative 20-litu note in 1936 to commemorate the anniversary of Vytautes the Great. A special 10-litu coin was also struck in silver.

Notes of the Belgian Congo show a tribal scene on the obverse and a veldt scene on the reverse.

When The Numismatist was issued for $1 annually, Dr. Heath, of Monroe, Mich., sent subscribers' receipts printed on the reverse of the Kossuth Hungarian 2-florin notes.

The signature of Frank Murphy, now Associate Justice of the Supreme Court, appears on the Philippine Islands currency.

Contrary to most note and coin issues, the bank notes of British Guiana show upon the obverse a waterfall, and upon the reverse the portrait of the sovereign, George VI.

It has been reported that the Nanking regime of Central China will eventually issue a new currency. At present all currencies are circulating and causing much confusion. The new currency may be linked to the Japanese yen.

Foreign exchange in Iran (Persia) varies in value by several hundred per cent. according to its use. Under certain conditions it may be obtained at the rate of 47 rials to the dollar. The official rate has been established at about 17 rials to the dollar.

The coinage of Thibet at one time consisted of a single coin, which was divided into several pieces, in order to serve as fractional money.

Thailand (or Siam as it was formerly called) has as its unit of coinage the baht. It has been stabilized at 1/11th of the pound sterling (or $0.32 U. S.).

Iran has valued its rial at 40 per cent. less than the gold value, in terms of foreign currencies, in order to encourage commerce.

The Royal Asiatic Society of London has recently issued a "Bibliography of Moslem Numismatics, India Excepted," by L. A. Mayer. The bibliography is arranged by authors, and cites about 1100 references. It should be of value to those interested in the series.

Chinese brick tea, when used as money, varies in value according to the label which denotes the quality of the tea.

The Turkish Government profited to the extent of 2½ million Turkish pounds by the recent issue of silver coins. The difference is created by the spread between the cost of silver, and the face value which the Government receives for it.

The "Bulletin" of the Business Historical Society, affiliated with the Graduate School of Business Administration of Harvard University, recently carried a very interesting article on the "Ducat," by Shepard Pond, F. R. N. S., and a former president of the Boston Numismatic Society, who is a well-known authority on points of numismatic history.

The coat-of-arms of Haiti, which appears on her coins, was established in 1843. It shows a palm tree and a cap of Liberty, with the trophy of arms at the sides. Emperor Faustin I of Haiti, who had previously been President of the republic, modified the arms, but in 1861 they were restored, and since have been unchanged.

The oldest arms appearing upon any European coinage are those of San Marino, which shows the three hills, each bearing a castle surmounted by a plume. The three hills are Monte Guiato, Monte Cucco and Monte Gista. A gold crown appears above, with the word "Liberty" below.

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All the Great Rarities of the Philadelphia Mint, among which is the only pedigreed and universally recognized genuine

1822 HALF EAGLE

Outside the U. S. Mint Collection, and one of six known original

1804 DOLLAR

(SEE NEXT PAGE).

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William F. Dunham

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Has been in formation for well over half a century. It is one of the best known Collections of U. S. Coins ever formed.

Besides the 1804 Dollar and 1822 Half Eagle, it includes all other great rarities, such as a COMPLETE BRILLIANT PROOF GOLD SET OF 1875; Half Eagles of 1819, 1828, 1829 small date; one of the finest, if not the finest known. 1802 HALF DIMES; one of only two known proof HALF CENTS OF 1852, LARGE BERRIES.

Largest Collection of Encased Postage Stamps, including one of only two known 2c.!

The Sale will be held in the Fall. The Catalog, fully illsutrated, will be the MOST ELABORATE EVER ISSUED. Further announcement of Sale, Price of Catalog, etc., will be made later.

Advance information gladly furnished serious collectors.

B. MAX MEHL

Numismatist

Mehl Building, Fort Worth, Texas

Greetings to the A. N. A. Detroit Convention

We look forward to meeting you there—renewing old friendships and making many new friends. You owe it to yourself numismatically to get acquainted with us.

FOR THE CONVENTION MONTH

WE OFFER THE FOLLOWING:

Briesach, 1633, 48 Kreuzer, square siege piece. Crudely struck, historically interesting $7.50

Modena, Tallero, 1796, Hercules III. Bust left, Rev. Elaborate arms draped by flags. X. F. 2.25

Venice, 1797, 10 Lire. Liberty standing, Rev. Value within wreath. Fine.... 2.50

Germany, 1927, 5 Marks, University of Tubingen. Bust left, Rev. Eagle. Perfect Brilliant Proof 4.75

Switzerland, 1934, 5 Francs, Freybourg Shooting Match. Crowned arms, Rev. Standing Grenadier. Brilliant Uncirculated 2.50

Salvador, 1925, 1 Colon, rare commemorative issue. Accolated busts left. Rev. Arms and flags within wreath. Perfect Uncirculated 17.50

Rome, GOLD Aureus, Faustina Jr. Bust right, Rev. Peacock, VENERI FELICI. Very Fine condition and in attractive style 22.50

SELECTION OF GOLD COINS OF PARTICULAR INTEREST.

Czecho-Slovakia, 1935, 2 Ducats. Brilliant Uncirculated $15.00

Czecho-Slovakia, 1935, 1 Ducat. Uncirculated 7.50

Czecho-Slovakia, 1932, 1 Ducat. Bust of Dr. Miroslav Tyrs, 1832-1884. Commemorates his activities in connection with Czecho-Slovakian athletics. Rare Commemorative. Uncirculated 10.00

Hungary, 1730, Ducat, Charles VI. Emperor standing, Rev. Madonna and Child in half moon. About Uncirculated 7.25

Hungary, 1889, 20 Francs, Francis Joseph. Head right. Rev. Arms with St. Stephen's crown above. About Uncirculated 7.75

Lorraine, Ducat, 1749, Francis I. Bust right, Rev. Imperial Eagle. Very fine 7.00

Portugal, John III, St. Vincent. Saint standing holding ship, Rev. Crowned shield of Portugal. Very Fine. Scarce 14.00

Tuscany, 1729, Ducat. John Gaston. Fleur-de-lys, Rev. St. John the Baptist, seated. V. F. 5.50

Transylvania, 1708, Ducat, Joseph I. Short figure of standing emperor. Rev. Imperial eagle. About Uncirculated 8.00

Transylvania, 1750, Maria Theresa. Bust right, Rev. Eagle with Transylvanian shield. X. F. 8.00

Yugoslavia, Ducat, 1933, Alexander (assassinated king). Head left above counterstamp, Rev. Eagle. Brilliant Proof. Rare date 12.50

THE CZECHO-SLOVAKIAN MEDAL.

Struck in bronze, gilt finish, March 15th, 1939. Obv. Natives subjected to persecution; Rev. National arms. Issued to provide funds for maintenance of Czecho-Slovakian Pavilion at World's Fair. Limited number struck, boxed. Perfect $1.10

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FIRST CHARTER PERIOD $5.00 Note, CRISP UNCIRCULATED. Of the Bank of New York National Banking Association. Views of Columbus Sighting Land and the Landing of Columbus. Each $12.50

NEW ISSUES.

Dominican Republic, 1939. First dollar-sized 20th century coinage of the Dominican Republic. Uncirculated . . . . . Plus Postage..$2.00

Nicaragua, 1939-40, 1 and 5 Centavos, 10, 25 and 50 Centavos. Set of 5, Unc. Plus Postage.. .75

INTERESTING MEDALS ENHANCE YOUR COLLECTION.

1876, Silver Medal on the Centennial of the Declaration of Independence, by Charles Barber. Obv. Seated Indian receiving cornucopia from Commerce and Industry. At top TO PEACE AND COMMERCE. Original design by Dupre. Rev. Obverse of the Great Seal of the United States of America. 68mm., Brilliant Proof. Superb $10.00

1905, Presidential medal of Theodore Roosevelt's Second Inauguration. Obv. by Barber, Rev. by Morgan. Excellent likeness. Bronze, 76mm. Unc.. 2.50

1917, Woodrow Wilson's Second Inaugural Medal. Obv. and Rev. by Morgan. Unc. Bronze. 76mm. 2.25

1923, Warren G. Harding. Issued upon his death. Obv. and Rev. by Morgan. Bronze. 76mm., Unc. 2.25

1923, Calvin Coolidge, Inaugural Medal. Rev. has figures representing Constitution, Law and Order. Designed by Morgan. Bronze, 76mm. Perfect, uncirculated 2.50

1929, Herbert Hoover. Inaugural Medal. Rev.: ENGINEER, SCHOLAR, STATESMAN, HUMANIST. Design by Sinnock. Bronze, 76mm. Unc.. 2.50

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Mr. J. B. Stack, of our firm, will be present during the entire Convention and will be pleased to become acquainted with our many new friends. Certainly happy to greet the "old-timers," some who we see but once a year and usually it's at the A. N. A. Convention.

We will be interested to purchase for cash Collections in every branch, be they large or small, in all metals. It will pay you to consult us before selling. Highest prices have always been paid by us.

Arrangements can also be made at that time, if you wish to sell your collection in one of our successful Auction Sales this fall or winter.

Hope to See You in Detroit

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Morton Stack Jos. B. Stack

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We are always ready to purchase large collections, and accumulations of both United States and Foreign coins, for which we pay spot cash, at highest market prices. If your collection, or duplicates, are for sale, it will pay you to get in touch with us.

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Pittsfield, Mass.

Gentlemen:

I wish to express my thanks and appreciation for your $370.00 check in payment of my coins.

It pleased me to receive your check in payment so promptly and I can assure you that your policy of "Highest Prices Paid" and "Prompt Payment on all Transactions" has been fulfilled exactly as represented.

Cordially yours,
HARRY B. JONES.

Ludlow, Mass.

Gentlemen:

Thank you for your check for $295.50 in payment of my deceased husband's collection. When I liquidated my husband's estate it was necessary for me to sell his collection.

You were highly recommended by a local bank executive who has been collecting stamps and coins for many years, and I concur in his opinion that you pay highest cash prices for such material.

It is indeed a pleasure to do business with an organization that handles their business transactions in such a prompt and efficient manner.

Very truly yours,
SYBIL WRIGHT.

P. O. Box 155,
Fort Collins, Colo.

Gentlemen:

I wish to acknowledge receipt of your remittance of $1120.00 in payment of my collection of United States coins recently submitted.

Permit me to express my thanks and appreciation for your prompt and satisfactory settlement.

Yours very truly,
RALPH F. TIDRICK.
83 Eastern Avenue,

St. Johnsbury, Vt.

Gentlemen:

Thank you for your remittance of $1696.00 in payment of my coin collection.

You may be interested in knowing that when I decided to sell my collection, I thoroughly investigated the auction method of disposal, and felt that your appraisal and cash offer gave me the best advantages. Incidentally, your offer was substantially more than I was offered elsewhere, and within 5 per cent. of what I actually expected to receive.

In the past, I have purchased many of my coins from the Tatham Stamp & Coin Company, and find that whether the collector wishes to buy or sell, you offer the same fair and courteous treatment.

Very truly yours,
E. R. ROSSELOT.

Our reputation for fair dealing is world-wide. The testimonials we list above are only a few of many on file. We have testimonials from collectors, retired dealers, executors of estates, etc., all of whom appreciate our fair prices and prompt payments. If you do not know us, and desire references, refer to Dun and Bradstreet, or to the editor of any Numismatic or Philatelic magazine in America.

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This phenomenon is no doubt accounted for by the desire most people have to put at any rate a certain proportion of their money into something safe, tangible and portable. We can therefore strongly **recommend Coin Collecting as a Fascinating Hobby and as a Sound Investment** and American Collectors are in a specially favorable position on account of **the Rise in the Value of the Dollar.**

Here are a few excerpts from our Monthly Coin List for May:

ROMAN SERIES—GOLD COINS.

		£.	S.	D.
856	**Julius Caesar** (+ B. C. 44. AV. C. CAESAR. COS. TER. Elderly head head of Pietas, veiled, to r. Rx., A. HIRTIVS PR. Lituus, simpulum and axe. Cohen, 3 . . . . . V.F.	6	—	—
857	**Tiberius** (A. D. 14-37). AV. Laur. head r. Rx., PONTIF. MAXIM. Livia seated r. holding flower. Coh., 15 . . . . . F. D. C.	7	10	—
858	AV. Similar . . . . . V. F.	4	10	—
859	**Claudius** (41-54). AV. TI. CLAVD. CAESAR AVG. P. M. TR. P. VI. IMP. XI. Laur. head r. Rx., DE BRITANN on triumphal arch surmounted by equestrian statue between two trophies. Coh., 17. V. F.	10	—	—
860	**Nero** (54-68). AV. NERO CAESAR AVGVSTVS Laur. head r. Rx., IVPPITER CVSTOS. Jupiter seated l. holding fulmen and sceptre. Coh., 118 . . . . . V. F.	8	—	—

CONTINENTAL SERIES—MISCELLANEOUS GOLD COINS.

951	**Albania.** Amet Zogu. 20 ari fr., 1927 . . . . . F. D. C.	2	10	—
952	**Albania.** Amet Zogu. 20 francs, 1926. Bust of Skanderbeg. . F. D. C.	3	10	—
953	**Albania.** Zog. Marriage, 20 francs, 1938 . . . . . F. D. C.	3	—	—
954	**Annam.** Tu Duc (1847-83). AV. 37 mill. 26 grammes. Cf. Schroeder, 371. (AR.) RR. . . . . F. D. C.	28	—	—
955	**Annam.** Thieu Tri (1841-47). AV. 25 mill. 4gr. Schr., 250. (AR) E. F.	4	10	—
956	**Austria.** Republic. 100 kronen, 1923. Crowned eagle . . . . . F. D. C.	12	10	—
957	**Austria.** Republic. 25 shillings, 1935. St. Leopold . . . . . F. D. C.	2	5	—
958	**Austria.** Republic. 25 shillings, 1936. Similar type . . . . . F. D. C.	2	10	—
959	**Bavaria.** Louis II. 20 marks, 1872 . . . . . F. D. C.	3	10	—

MILLED GOLD SERIES.

1145	**Charles II. Five Guineas. 1684** . . . . . V. F.	14	—	—
1146	**Charles II. Two Guineas. 1681.** Last bust. Extremely fine. . E. F.	9	—	—
1147	**Charles II. Guinea. 1678.** E. and C. under bust. R. . . . . V. F.-E. F.	4	—	—
1148	**James II. Five Guineas 1687.** The obverse of this coin is in brilliant condition and as fine as could be desired, the reverse however is a little blurred . . . . . F. D. C.-E. F.	20	—	—
1149	**James II. Guinea. 1687.** Brilliant . . . . . F. D. C.	5	10	—
1150	**William and Mary. Five Guineas. 1692.** R. . . . . E. F.	17	—	—
1151	**William and Mary. Guinea. 1694.** R. . . . . E. F.	4	10	—
1152	**William III. Guinea. 1700.** R. . . . . E. F.	4	10	—
1153	**William III. Half Guinea. 1701.** R. . . . . V. F.-E. F.	2	10	—
1154	**Anne. Guinea. 1714.** Brilliant . . . . . F. D. C.	4	15	—
1155	**Anne. Half Guinea. 1711.** Brilliant . . . . . F. D. C.	2	5	—

A SHORT LIST OF ENGLISH SILVER COINS.

1201	**George I. Crown. 1720.** Rx. Roses and Plumes. Toned. R. . . F. D. C.	4	—	—
1202	**George I. Crown. 1726.** Rx. Roses and Plumes. R. . . . . F. D. C.	4	—	—
1203	**George I. Halfcrown. 1715.** Rx. Roses and Plumes. A perfect specimen, finely toned . . . . . F. D. C.	2	15	—
1204	**George I. Halfcrown. 1720.** Rx. R. and P. Another excellent coin in similar condition. R. . . . . F. D. C.	2	10	—
1222	**George II. Sixpence. 1728.** Young head. Roses and Plumes. . F. D. C.	—	8	6
1223	**George II. Sixpence. 1739.** Young head. Rx. Roses . . . . . E. F.	—	4	6
1224	**George III. Crown. 1818.** Edge LIX. Brilliant . . . . . F. D. C.	—	10	6
1225	**George III. Halfcrown. 1816.** 1st issue . . . . . F. D. C.	—	6	—
1226	**George III. Halfcrown. 1819.** 2nd issue . . . . . F. D. C.	—	6	—
1227	**George III. Northumberland Shilling. 1763.** Brilliant . . . . . F. D. C.	—	15	—

WHY NOT WRITE FOR OUR FREE MONTHLY LIST?

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1875 Brilliant proof 1.45
1876 Brilliant proof 1.25
1877 Brilliant proof 1.25
1878 Brilliant proof 1.25
1879 Brilliant proof 1.25
1880 Brilliant proof 1.25
1885 Brilliant proof 1.45
1886 Brilliant proof 1.25
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1927 Brilliant unc. ..... .95
1928 Brilliant unc. ..... .95
1929 Brilliant unc. ..... .50
1929-D Brilliant unc. ..... .75
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1934-D Brilliant unc. ..... .30
1935 Brilliant unc. ..... .20
1935-D Brilliant unc. ..... .30
1935-S Brilliant unc. ..... .25
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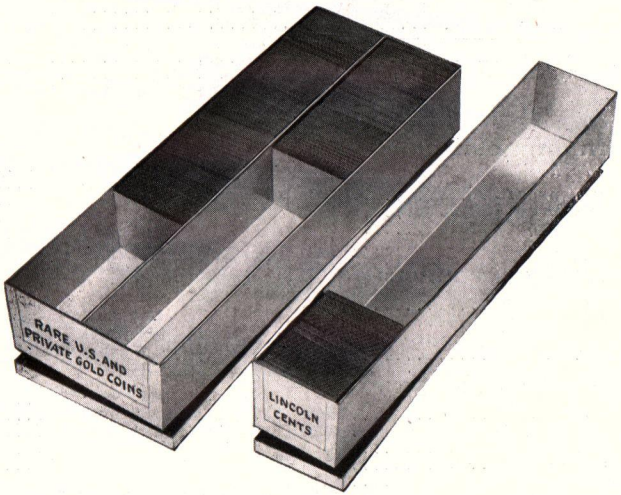

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1939 Oregon PDS—Rare
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Four Sets $70.00

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Albany
Roanoke
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Bennington
Lynchburg
Norfolk
The three for $5.00

Panama-Pacific
Alabama with star
Hawaii
1933 Oregon
1921 Pilgrim
The five for $40.00

1935 Texas PSD
1936 Texas PSD
1937 Texas PSD
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1921 Alabama 2x2..10.00
1922 Grant 1.50
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1936 Cincinnati PDS 15.75
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1936 Bridgeport ... 1.50
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1934 Oregon 2.85
1938 Oregon PSD .. 6.00
1939 Oregon PDS ..15.00
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1935 Ark. S or D .. 3.35
1936 Arkansas 4.50
1937 Arkansas 12.00
1939 Arkansas ...22.00

1921 Mo. plain
1921 Pilgrim
1928 Hawaii
1936 Oregon S
All four for $30.00

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1936 Boone PDS
1938 Oregon PDS
Three sets for $20.00

Rhode Island PDS
Columbia, S. C. PDS
1938 Oregon PDS
Three sets for $15.00

1935 Boone
1935 Boone small '34
1936 Boone
1937 Boone
Four for $5.50

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1926 Oregon S
1936 Oregon P
1937 Oregon D
Four for $5.00

1928 Oregon
1934 Oregon
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1939 Oregon PDS
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I have also a few 1936s at $10.00 per set.

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1824 over 22, Very good	1.50
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1835 Very fine	1.00
1837 Extra fine	1.25
1840 Extra fine	1.25
1840-O, small o, Fine	1.00
1847 Very good	.50
1892 Unc.	.50
1899-S Good	.30
1903-O Very good	.30
1908 Unc.	.45
1910-D Very good	.25
1911-D Very good	.45
1913 Unc.	.45
1914 Fine	.25
1914-D Fine	.45
1915 Unc.	.45
1916 Unc.	.45
1916-S Unc.	1.00

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1917 Unc.	.65
1917-S About Unc.	.45
1918-S Very good	.20
1918-D Very good	.20
1919 Unc.	1.50
1919-S Very good	.20
1920 Very good	.20
1920-S Very good	.25
1920-D Very good	.20
1923 Unc.	1.25
1925 Unc.	.90
1926-D Fine	.45
1927 Unc.	.90
1927-D Fine	.25
1928 Unc.	.90
1929 Unc.	.55
1935-S About Unc.	.30
1936 Unc.	.15
1936-D Unc.	.25
1938 Unc.	.15
1939 Unc.	.15
1939-D Unc.	.20
1939-S Unc.	.20

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1897 1c., Nickel, Dime, ¼ Dol., ½ Dol., Dollar—6 Pieces	12.00
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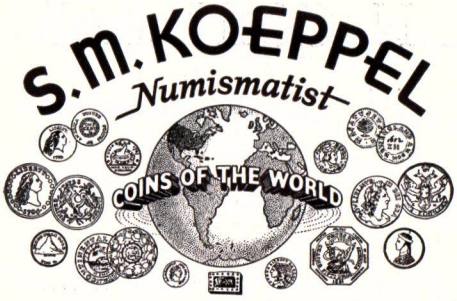

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JULIUS GUTTAG NUMISMATIC LIBRARY

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Our July Auction Sale
At the Hotel New Yorker,
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Numismatist

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$20.00—1878-CC, Fine	47.00
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California Gold Quarters, Halves and Dollars, by Ed M. Lee, a book listing over 400 varieties, leather bound, sent prepaid for **$3.00.**

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U. S. Eagle Cents—1857, v. fine 35c.
1858 Large letters, Unc. br. $2.85. Ex. fine 65c. V. fine 45c.
1858 Small letters, Ex. fine, scarce, 90c. V. fine 55c.
Indian Head—1859, Unc. br. $1.85. Abt. Unc. 75c.
1860 Extremely fine 50c. V. fine 35c.
1861 Unc. br., rare, $3.75. Abt. Unc., sharp, $1.75.
1862 Unc., very brilliant with Proof surface 60c. Ex. fine 25c. Fine 15c. V. good 10c.
1863 Unc. v. brilliant 45c. Fine 10c.
1864 Last year Copper-Nickel, Unc. v. br., scarce, $1.00.
1905, 06, Unc., each 30c. 1906-07, v. fine, each 5c.
1909 Last year, Unc. 30c.
Lincoln—1909-S, no V. D. B., Ex. fine 40c. V. fine 25c.
1910, 11-P Unc. red, each 25c.
1911-D Unc. red 95c. Ex. fine 15c.
1916-D Unc. red $1.05. Ex. fine 15c.
1925-P Unc. 20c. 1926-P Unc. 30c.
1929-P-S-D Unc. set of 3—65c. (Sold in Sets only).
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1934, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39 P-S-D Unc. Set of 17—50c. (Sold in Sets only).
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1869 Unc. bright red, $1.35.
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1882-83 Unc. v. brilliant, equal to a Br. Proof, each 75c.
Jeff. Nickels—1940-S-D Unc. br., ea. 10c.
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1853 Unc. br. $1.00. Ex. fine 30c.
1858 Abt. Unc., sharp, 90c. Ex. fine 50c. Fine 35c.
U. S. ½ Dimes—1829 Unc. br. $1.35.
1830 Unc. br. $1.00.
1831-32-33-34 Unc. br., each 85c. Abt. Unc., each 45c.
U. S. Dimes—1836 Unc. br. $1.35.
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1919-20-D Mint, Abt. Unc., each 75c.
1929-D Unc. 65c. 1931-S Abt. Unc. 25c.
1931-D Abt. Unc. 20c.
U. S. ¼ Dollars—1937-D Unc. 50c.
U. S. ½ Dollars—1937-S-D Unc., ea. 85c.
U. S. ¼ Dollars—1930-S Unc. 95c.
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U. S. 5c. Nickels—3 scarce dates S Mint —1923, 25 and 1927, Fine, each 15c.
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Illinois, Long Island, Stone Mountain, Cleveland Half Dollars, $1.00 each.
1908-S Indian Head Cent, V. F. 75c. Ex. Fine $1.00 each.
1909-S Indian Head, Fine $2.50 each.
1910-S Unc. 40c.
1919-S or D Unc., 75c. each.
1923, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28-S Mint Dollars, Unc. $1.50 each.
1874-5-6-7-8 Trade Dollars, about Unc. $1.25 each. Mostly S mints.

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1879 . . . . . $1.25
1880 . . . . . 1.00
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1885 . . . . . 2.00
1886 . . . . . 1.50
1887 . . . . . 1.00
1888 . . . . . 1.00
1889 . . . . . 1.00
1890 . . . . . 1.00
1892 . . . . . 1.00
1893 . . . . . 1.00

PROOF 3c. PIECES, NICKEL

1868 . . . . . $2.75
1873 . . . . . 1.00
1874 . . . . . 2.75
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1819 Unc., Large date, over 1818. . $2.00
1819 Very Fine, Small Date 1.50
1820 Unc., Large Date, Mint Lustre 4.50
1820 Unc., Large Date, Uniform Red 3.00
1823 Fine, Perfect Date, RARE . . 10.00
1824 Fine, Compact Date, D. Olive 3.00

Robert K. Botsford ★ Coin Dealer ★ Nescopeck, Penna.

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1917-D Type 1 . . . . . $6.50
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1924-D 2.00
1926-D, 1928-D, Ea. 80c. The pair. 1.50
1927-D 3.25
1928-S 1.50
1924-D, 1926-D, 1927-D, 1928-D, 4 coins, **Special** 6.00

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1858 Flying Eagle Cents, L. L. Brilliant Proofs $17.50
1909-S Lincoln Cents, brilliant . . . 1.75
1909-S VDB Lincoln Cents, brill. . . 2.25
1912-S Lincoln Cents, red 1.25
1917-S Lincoln Cents, red 1.00
1919-S Lincoln Cents, red 50
1927-D Lincoln Cents, brilliant . . . 1.25
1929-PDS Lincoln Cents, brill., set .75
1930-PDS Lincoln Cents, brill., set .50
1931 Lincoln Cents, brilliant 35
1932-D Lincoln Cents, brilliant 35
1912-D Nickels, brilliant 7.00
1926-D Nickels, brilliant 1.50
1892 Dimes, blue 50
1924-D Dimes, brilliant 2.00
1929 Dimes, brilliant 50
1929-D Dimes, brilliant 65

See last month's ad. for Brill. Unc. I. H. Cents.

Circulated Specials

Indian Head Cents, 1880 to 1909, V. G. to V. F., no S mints $1.50
Indian Head Cents, 40 dates my selection 4.00
Lincoln Cents, 1909 to 1939, incl. all dates and mints, V. G.-Unc. . . 3.50
Lincoln Cents, 1909 to 1939, incl., all dates and mints, fine to uncirculated, 40 or more uncirculated, two that cat. $2. **Special**. 7.00

Your want list will be appreciated. Postage and insurance extra on orders less than $5.00. Add 10 per cent. if stamps are sent as payment. Satisfaction or purchase price cheerfully refunded.

JOHN L. DOOLEY
A. N. A. 7540
213 East 11th St., Topeka, Kansas.

1940 P Mint Cents
$1.45 per 100 Postpaid.

It will pay you to get my up-to-the-minute list in all series of U. S. coins.

DENNIS W. SIBERT
17 Middagh St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

1909-S Cents, Br. unc. $1.50
1931-S Cents, Br. unc. 40
1940-D Cents, Br. unc., 5c. ea.; 10. .35
1794 Half Dime, Ab. F., rare 11.50
1805 Dime, Fine, scarce 4.25
1824 Quarter, V. G.-F., rare 5.00
1823 Half Dollar, double profile, Ex. F., scarce 2.50
Gold $1.00—A few lots, dates of my selection, F.-V. F. and V. F. $2.15 ea., 5 for 10.50
V. F.-Ex. F., $2.50 ea., 5 for . . 12.00
1 lot to customer.
$2.50—1843-O, S. D., V. F.-Ex. F... 5.50
1900 Ex. F. 5.00
1902 Unc. 4.50
$5.00—1838-C, Ab. F. 9.50
1841-C, Edge dent, cross, scratched in field rev., Ex. F. 10.25
1845 Ex. F. 10.50
1848-C, V. F.-Ex. F. 10.50
$10.00—1894 Unc. 17.00
$20.00—1911 Ab. unc., almost perfect 35.00

A nice selection of most denominations in stock. Send your want list with stamp for prices. Postage and insurance extra on all orders under $5.00.

C. L. NICKELS,
Wellsville, Ohio.

FOR SALE

GOLD $5.00 1812, X fine . . . $15.00
GOLD $2.50 1852, X fine . . . $ 5.00
GOLD $1.00 1852, X fine . . . $ 2.25

Collection—3000 Lincoln cents, all dates and all mints, averaging V. F., 1909-1937 . . . . . $60.00

Collection — 100 Liberty Standing Quarters, 1917-1930, all dates except 1921, nearly all mints, averaging Very Fine $30.00

EDWIN F. SAWICKI
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1938 Texas Commemorative PSD set for $12.00

Send 3 cent stamp for list of coins I have for sale, also Hard Times Tokens.

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(For Gold, Silver, and Nickel Coins)

Cleaning coins to perfection can only be accomplished by experts who have had many years of experience in this line. A scientifically cleaned coin appreciates in value, and with this thought in mind, we have had a preparation made, which will restore the original brilliant mint luster to your nickel and silver coins. This preparation is so highly specialized that by following directions carefully, one may clean his PROOF coins to perfection without any injury to the coin. We know that if you give this preparation a trial, you will not be without it. Results and Satisfaction Guaranteed.

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"It is, without exaggeration, the best I ever tried!"—A. B. S., N. Y. C.
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Large Size 35c. Postpaid Trial Size 10c.

TATHAM COIN CO., Springfield-45, Mass.
H. E. MacIntosh, Mgr.

SCARCE LINCOLN CENTS

	V.G. to V.F.
1909-S Fine, ea., .20, 10 for	$1.75
1910-S Fine, ea., .05, 10 for	.35
1911-S Fine, ea., .05, 10 for	.40
1912-S Fine, ea., .05, 10 for	.35
1913-S Fine, ea., .05, 10 for	.35
1914-S Fine, ea., .05, 10 for	.45
1915-S Fine, ea., .05, 10 for	.40
1922-D Fine, ea., .10, 10 for	.75
1923-S Fine, ea., .05, 10 for	.40
1924-S Fine, ea., .05, 10 for	.40
1924-D Fine, ea., .20, 10 for	1.75
1926-S Fine, ea., .05, 10 for	.40
1931-S Fine, ea., .20, 10 for	1.50
1932-D Fine, ea., .05, 10 for	.40
1933-D Fine, ea., .05, 10 for	.40

In lots of 100 or more of the above assorted, I will allow a 10% discount.

COMPLETE SET OF LINCOLN CENTS

Including 1909-S V.D.B. and 1914-D, on Board. Cents running from good to uncirculated.

Postage Extra $3.95.

DAVID BILLETER

A. N. A. 5991.
3905 N. E. Davis St., Portland, Ore.

Our Third Auction

The Latter Part of September.

Consignments Solicited.

A card places your name on our mailing list. What do you need in U. S. Copper?

Nathan Hale Coin Co.

Box 123, Willimantic, Conn.

By C. A. Reynolds.

STOP—READ THIS.

A REAL BARGAIN AT $15.00.

1936 Vatican City Papal Sets, Pope Pius IX.

100 Lire Gold.

10 and 5 Lire Silver.

2 and 1 Lire Nickel.

50 and 20 Cent Nickel.

10 and 5 Cent Copper.

Nine coins in original blue plush-lined box. Uncirculated. Sent Postpaid and insured for $15.00.

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729 Bergen Ave.,

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Care of Bank.

A. N. A. 4824.

1926-D DOLLARS

Die Break on Obverse.

Brill. Unc. .....$1.50 each.

1937-D 3-legged Buffalo Nickel, Very fine, Rare, each .....$ .85

Limited supply. Order early. Please add 10c. postage and insurance.

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.

A. C. OVERTON

1507 E. 5th St., Pueblo, Colo.

MEXICAN PESOS

8 Reales, 1824, Crooked Neck Eagle, Fine $3.00
Many other dates and mints, Fine to V. F. 1.00
Un Peso, Maximilian, 1866, Fine, $1.25. V. F. 1.75
Un Peso with scales and Liberty Cap, 1870, 1871, 1872, 1873. Fine, $1.00. V. F. 1.50
Un Peso, Lady on Horse, 1910, 1911, 1912. Fine, $1.00. V. F. 1.50
2 Pesos, 1921, Commemorative issue. Fine, $1.00. V. F. 1.50
Pesos, 1896 to 1909, nearly all the dates and many different mints. Fine 90c. V. F. 1.25
1904, 1908, 1909. Unc. 1.50
Pesos, reduced size, 1923, 1924, 1925, 1926, 1932, 1933, 1934, 1938. V. F. 40c. Unc. 65

Better select alternate dates in case we are sold out on your first choice.

Postage and insurance extra on orders under $10.00.

WATKINS COIN CO.

S. J. Watkins. **M. H. Vail.**

Box 553, El Paso, Texas

BROCK'S RETIRING

Yes, I'm selling out my entire stock of coins and stamps. Monthly list of bargains free. Have sold my retail store and will now devote my entire time to liquidating my stock by mail. Not much quality, but some in enormous quantity. I took my loss of over $13,000.00 in Commemorative Half Dollars and, though I should have learned my lesson, I'm in the market to buy some more in quantity if your price is right. I haven't lost faith in the Commemorative coins—they didn't cause themselves to drop—it was some who sold them.

I Offer—Postpaid & Insured. Unc.

	Single.	Roll 50.	100
1929-D Dime	....25c.	$7.50	$14.00
1934-D Dime	....20c.	6.50	12.50

1937-D Nickel—10c. (10, 90c.) (40, $3.00)
1936 Norfolk Comm., Sing., $1.25 (10—$10.00).
1914-D Cent, Good 30c.; Fine 50c.; V. F. 70c.
1931-S Cent, $12.50 per 100, Fine.
1908-S Indian Head, Fine 50c.
1909-S Indian Head, Fine $2.25.
1909-S Lincoln Cent, Fine 20c.
1909-S V. D. B., V. G. $1.00; Fine $1.35.

Are you interested in Liberty Standing Quarters? I have nearly all dates in every condition. Write for latest list, close-out prices.

NORMAN H. BROCK

1814 W. Kings Hwy., San Antonio, Tex.

RARE STANDING LIBERTY QUARTERS

1918-S Struck over 1917 Abt. Unc. $59.50
1918-S Struck over 1917 Good 12.50
1918-D Die Break across date, V. F. 19.50
1919-S Abt. Unc. 9.90
1921 Brill. Unc. 14.50
1923-S V. Fine 5.50

We also have all other dates, mints, and types in stock. Write for prices. All coins sold on a money-back guarantee basis.

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956 Nottingham Rd., Detroit, Mich.

Jay Lennon.

LARGE CENTS

1793 Wreath Type, Very good . . . $18.50
1794 About fine, light brown 3.95
1795 Plain edge, "One Cent" centered. Very good, dark steel. 3.75
1796 Liberty cap, about fine 7.25
1797 Crude milling, Very good 5.00
1799 Perfect date, a beauty. Coin shows very little wear. Boldest date I have ever owned. Worth $100. A bargain 67.50
1800 Perfect date, Very fine 5.00
1801 Fraction 1/000, Very fine. Pitted a little on Obv. 5.50
1802 Perfect dies, Fine 2.00
1804 Perfect dies, Bold date, even wear, Very good 35.00
1804 Broken dies both Obv. and Rev. Very good. A buy at . . 32.50
1805 Large 1 in 1805, Ex. fine 12.50
1806 Fine. A hard date to find in this condition 7.50
1808 13 Stars, About fine 6.00
1809 Scarce, About fine 7.50
1810 Perfect date, Fine 2.50
1811 over 10, Very good 7.50
1811 Perfect date, Very good 6.00

All other dates in stock from good to uncirculated condition. Write your wants. Inquiries and orders answered the same day as received. Satisfaction guaranteed.

WANTED: Proof Liberty Head Nickels.

REYNOLDS COIN SHOP

108 E. Kearsley St., Flint, Michigan

James S. Reynolds.

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TO

THE NUMISMATIST

Price $1.00

(Cash with order)

THE NUMISMATIST

4215 Fernhill Ave., Baltimore, Md.

COIN ENVELOPES
SIZE OF DIAGRAM BELOW

DENOMINATION

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DATE AND DESCRIPTION

DATE PURCHASED_____

FROM WHOM PURCH'D_____

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PRICE PAID_____

	PER 1000
BOND, PRINTED LIKE ABOVE	$3.50
KRAFT, PRINTED LIKE ABOVE	3.25
MANILA, PRINTED LIKE ABOVE	3.00
BOND, PLAIN, NOT PRINTED	2.00
KRAFT, PLAIN, NOT PRINTED	1.75
MANILA, PLAIN, NOT PRINTED	1.50

J. W. STOWELL PTG. CO.
FEDERALSBURG, MARYLAND

1940 UNC. SPECIALS.

1940-S-D-P Cents, $1.50 per 100; 500 for $6.75; 1000 for $12.50.
1940-S-D-P Nickels, $2.50 per roll of 40; 5 rolls, assorted, $12.25.
1940-S Half Dol., 75c. each; $12.00 per roll. Looks good. Order now.
1924-D S. L. Quarters, Unc., each $1.75.
1926-D and 1928-D S. L. Quarters, Unc., each $1.00; per roll $30.00.
1927-D S. L. Quarter, Unc., each $3.50.

Wanted—Unc. coins in rolls.

Orders of $5.00 or more prepaid.

GEO. B. ROGERS,
4728 York Blvd., Los Angeles, Calif.

Uncirculated Quarters

1925	$2.00	1938-S	$ .45
1928-D	.85	1939	.35
1932	.40	1939-D	.40
1934	.40	10 1939	3.30
1934-D	.75	10 1940	3.20
1937-D or S.	.45		

Special—8 different Liberty Standing Quarters, good to fine $3.00

Satisfaction guaranteed.
Orders $3.00 or over Postpaid.

HENRY B. CARY
921 Kentucky Home Life Bldg., Louisville, Ky.

American Numismatic Association

Convention

Detroit, Mich., August 24-29, 1940

You Are Cordially Invited To Attend the Biggest and Best Convention Yet.

COIN ENVELOPES

LOWEST PRICES IN AMERICA

Description.	Per 100.	1000.
Kraft 2x2 round flap	$ .18	$1.10
Kraft 2x2 square flap	.18	1.10
Kraft 2x2 (Cellophane window)	.50	3.50
ditto, Printed, regulation copy	.75	4.50
Glassine 2x2	.25	1.50
Cellophane 2x2	.45	3.00
ditto, 2x2 heavy weight	2.00	15.00
Manila 2¼x3½	.25	1.50

Send 10c. for samples of each.
All prices postpaid. Fresh Stock!

TATHAM COIN COMPANY
Springfield-45, Mass.
H. E. MacIntosh, Mgr.

Medals — Medals

Fine Bronze, Copper, Silver, Historical, Caricaturistic, Early American and European Collections bought.

H. A. ROSENKRANZ, Medalist,
835 S. Kenmore,
Los Angeles, Calif.

Will accept the highest bid on these Unc. Commemoratives. Prefer to sell as a lot.

4 Sets of Texas, 1937.
2 Sets of Texas, 1938.
1 Set of Arkansas, 1937.
1 Set of Arkansas, 1938.

D. B. PERKINS
3616 Pine Grove, Chicago, Ill.

LINCOLN CENTS PER 10.

'09-S..	$1.35	'26-S..	$ .35	'24-D..	$1.15
'10-S..	.25	'31-S..	1.25	'31-D..	.44
'11-S..	.25	'11-D..	.24	'32-D..	.32
'12-S..	.25	'12-D..	.21	'33-D..	.35
'13-S..	.25	'13-D..	.21	'31-P..	.35
'14-S..	.25	'15-D..	.21	'32-P..	.32
'15-S..	.25	'22-D..	.38	'33-P..	.35

Good to Very Fine. Postage Extra.

AL. J. JOHNSON
727 North Foote Ave.
Colorado Springs, Colorado.

SURFACE

Commemorative ½ Dollars. All dates and issues, in sets or single pieces. Reasonable prices. Get my list.

W. E. SURFACE
R. R. 6, Decatur, Ill.

SPECIAL SALE
ON CIRCULATED COINS.

I have a large selection of **Liberty Head Nickels, Morgan Dimes,** (Barber) **Morgan Quarters,** (Barber) **Washington Quarters, Standing Liberty Quarters** and **Morgan Halves.** Send me your list of specific needs. I positively guarantee **Satisfaction at Lowest Prices.**

HARRY W. BASON
252 East 9th St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

LINCOLN CENTS, UNC.
$1.95 PER 100

1935-P,D. 1937-P,D,S. 1939-P,D,S.
1936-P,D,S. 1938-P,D,S. 1940-D.

Denver V. G. to F., $1.95 per 100.
1915, 16, 18, 19, 20, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 32, 33, 34.

MAURICE D. SCHARLACK
Numismatist
Corpus Christi, Texas.

1917—A. E. F.—1940

This Month's Special—1879 3c. Nickel, Brill. Proof, 75c. 1883, same, 75c. 1916-1917-P Dimes, Strictly Unc., 35c. each. 1894-95-96-97-98-99 Morgan type Quarters, about Unc., 65c. each. And thousands of other coins circulated and uncirculated.

JAMES IANNARELLA
133 S. 10th St., Philadelphia, Pa.

A. N. A. Lapel Buttons For Sale

The General Secretary of the A. N. A. has in stock

Bronze Lapel Buttons . . . . . 50c. ea.

Gold Plated Lapel Buttons . . 85c. ea.

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